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\$4 A YEAR TO INDIVIDUAL SERVICE MEMBERS
OTHERS \$6; TWO YRS. \$9; SINGLE COPIES 15 CENTSBILL UP TO REVISE
ARMY PROMOTION LISTLegislation To Aid Former
Emergency Officers Is
Introduced

HOLD CHANGE ESSENTIAL

A BILL was introduced in the House of Representatives during the past week which marks the renewal of the fight of certain Army officers, principally those officers appointed to the Regular from the emergency forces, for a revision of reorganization of the "Promotion List." Representative Royal Johnson of North Dakota introduced the House Bill (H. R. 11641). The text of the bill is as follows:

"Sec. 1. That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, directed to cause the 'Promotion List' created pursuant to the provisions of section 24a of the Army Reorganization Act of June 4, 1920, to be revised in the following respects and particulars:

"First, persons appointed as captains, first lieutenants, or second lieutenants under the provisions of section 24 of the Army Reorganization Act of June 4, 1920, shall be placed, in the respective grades to which they were originally appointed, according to commissioned service rendered prior to November 11, 1918, immediately below the captains, first lieutenants, and second lieutenants, respectively, of the Regular Army as of June 30, 1920; and where such commissioned service is, or was, equal, the officers shall be arranged, in their respective grades, according to age.

"Second, persons originally appointed to the grades of captain, or first lieutenant, under the provisions of section 24 of the Army Reorganization Act of June 4, 1920, shall upon promotion to the next respective higher grade be placed on the promotion list above any officers then in such grade who were originally appointed, under said section 24, to a grade lower than that to which the promoted officer was originally appointed."

PUT ALL IN ONE GRADE

In the formation of the original promotion list the War Department construed section 24a of the Reorganization Act as placing captains and lieutenants hodgepodge in one grade. Accordingly emergency officers appointed to these grades were placed on the promotion list in accordance with the length of their commissioned service and without regard to the grade to which they were originally appointed in the Regular Army.

Thus, an officer selected by the Pershing Boards for appointment as second lieutenant took rank ahead of an officer selected by the same Boards for appointment to the grade of captain provided he had the longer commissioned service. This construction of the Act by the Department and the practice subsequently followed has resulted in this situation:

Many officers appointed to the grade of second lieutenant on July 1, 1920, under section 24 of the Reorganization Act, are today away up on the list of captains, whereas hundreds of officers who were on the same day appointed to the grade of captain are still in that grade, and in fact a number of them who were reduced to the next lower grade under the Acts of

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THREE C. A. COMMANDERS RETIRE;
VACANCIES HAVE BEEN FILLED

FOR the first time in the history of the Army, three general officers, who were Corps Area commanders, retired in the same week. Maj. Gen. Robert L. Bullard, 2d Corps Area; Maj. Gen. David C. Shanks, 4th Corps Area, and Maj. Gen. Charles G. Morton, 9th Corps Area, were placed on inactive status. Generals Bullard and Morton, retired for age on January 15 and General Shanks retires today on his own application.

As announced in last week's issue of THE ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, Brig. Gen. Douglas MacArthur, who becomes a Major General today, succeeds General Shanks in command of the 4th Corps Area; Maj. Gen. Charles P. Summerall relieved General Bullard and Maj. Gen. Charles T. Menoher became 9th Corps Area commander, vice General Morton.

Maj. Gen. Edward M. Lewis, who has been in command of the Hawaiian Division, succeeded General Menoher as Hawaiian Department commander. The vacant major generalship caused by the retirement of General Bullard was filled yesterday by former Brig. Gen. Charles H. Martin, now a Major General.

GENERAL BULLARD'S RECORD

General Bullard, who was born in Yonkers, N. Y., January 15, 1861, was appointed to the Military Academy from that State. Upon graduating from West Point in 1885 he was assigned to the 10th Infantry with which he served in New Mexico, Texas; Fort Leavenworth, Kansas; Fort Reno, Oklahoma; Fort Stanton, New Mexico; Fort Sill, Oklahoma, up until 1895.

From this time up to the outbreak of the Spanish War, General Bullard served at various stations and in the Fall of 1899 he organized and commanded a regiment at Fort Crook, Nebraska, which he took to the Philippines. He later was Governor of Lanao District and was on duty with the Provisional Government in Cuba.

General Bullard is a War College graduate, class of 1912, and from 1913 to April, 1917, was in Texas with his regiment on the Border Patrol, commanding the Provisional Brigade. He was made a Brigadier General on June 16, 1917. After commanding the Officers Training Camp at Fort Logan H. Roots, Arkansas, to July, 1917, he was ordered to France with the American Expeditionary Forces and placed in command of the 2d Infantry Brigade, to which he was assigned until September 4, 1917.

From September 5 to December 13, 1917, General Bullard commanded the Infantry Officers School, A.E.F.; from December 14, 1917, to July 14, 1918, he commanded the First Division; commanded the Third Army Corps to October 13, 1918; was made a lieutenant general (emerg.) Oct. 16, 1918, and commanded the Second Army to April 15, 1919. Upon his arrival in the United States on May 23, 1919, he was assigned to temporary duty in the office of the Chief of Staff, Washington, D. C., and on October 28, 1919, was ordered to the command of the Eastern Department and the 2d Corps Area, with headquarters at Governors Island, N. Y., where he has continuously served to date.

He participated in operations in the reduction of the Marne salient and in the Meuse-Argonne offensive, and he was in command of the 2d Army when the German resistance west of the Meuse was shattered.

For his distinguished war services, General Bullard has been awarded the following decorations: Distinguished Service Medal (United States); Ordre de Leopold

(grand officer) (Belgium); Legion D'Honneur (Commandeur) (France); Croix de Guerre with palm (France); Italian Order of St. Maurice and St. Lazarus (grand officer).

General Bullard was relieved by Maj. Gen. Charles P. Summerall on January 16, who has been in command of the 8th Corps Area. Maj. Gen. Ernest Hinds, who has been in command of the 2d Division, has succeeded General Summerall.

On the occasion of General Bullard's retirement, Secretary of War Weeks in speaking for the entire Army, wrote a commendatory letter. After citing General Bullard's record, he stated:

"Since the World War you have handled the very important assignment of commander of the Second Corps Area, most worthily representing the United States Army in the Metropolitan district, and at the chief gateway of the country. On the night of September 12 of last year, when I heard General Pershing talking over the telephone and conversing simultaneously with his Corps Area Commanders with regard to the results of the Defense Test, most of whom are leaving the active list this year, I understood more clearly than I ever had before what the Army and the country owe to the able efforts and hearty co-operation of such officers as yourself.

"Your constant endeavors, your demonstrated ability, your brilliant accomplishments, and your sincere interest in national welfare merit the approbation of all men, and set high standards of service to the members of your honorable profession.

"I feel that I speak for the entire Army in expressing their pride in your noteworthy accomplishments and in wishing you a happy rest from your labors."

GENERAL MORTON'S RECORD

General Morton, who was born at Cumberland, Maine, January 15, 1861, was appointed to the Military Academy from Massachusetts July 1, 1879; was appointed a 2d lieutenant of Infantry June 13, 1883; was promoted through the various grades and made a brigadier general July 14, 1916; and received his promotion to a major general May 15, 1917.

In the Spanish-American War General Morton served as a lieutenant colonel of the 1st Maine Volunteers Infantry, from May 14 to October 30, 1898.

He was on active duty in the Philippines against the Insurgents of Negroes and Panay Islands, 1900-1902, and practically all of this time he was in command of this sub-district. Returning to the United States in June of 1902, he was again ordered to the Philippines in 1905, where he participated in operations against the Pulajanes in Samar Island, and was later attached to the Inspector General's Office, of the Philippine Division. From 1914-1916 he served in the Canal Zone, and from August 22, 1916, to March 21, 1917, he commanded the 10th Division, which was engaged in border duty at El Paso, Texas.

COMMANDED 29TH DIVISION

During the World War, General Morton assumed command of the 29th Division (National Guard) upon its organization at Camp McClellan, Ala., on July 6, 1917. He sailed for France first as Military Observer September 26, 1917, and later commanded the division in June of 1918. He saw active service in the trenches east of Belfort and later led his division in the Meuse-Argonne offensive from September 26 to November 11, 1918. He retained

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LAUDERDALE BRIEF IS
SUBMITTED TO COURTHolds Comptroller Rulings
On Army Instructors
Untenable

QUESTION IS REVIEWED

THE Brief in the Lauderdale case, which was filed this week in the Court of Claims, by Ansell and Bailey, gives an exposition of the National Defense Act, as a pleading in a Court. In order to show that Captain Clarence B. Lauderdale, U.S.A., retired, is rendering active service while on duty as professor of military science and tactics at the St. Louis University, the attorneys give a history of the reorganization of the Army and the development of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps. It is contended in the Brief:

"The sole question presented in this case is this: Is active duty as Professor of Military Science and Tactics, performed by a retired officer under detail by authority of the President under said Section 40b, active duty which entitles the retired officer to count it for increased rank, pay and allowances under said Par. 9, Section 127a? Or, to use the common parlance, 'Does active R.O.T.C. duty entitle a retired officer to advancement like all other active help?'

"The Comptroller General says, 'No.' He holds (2 Comp. Gen. 107) that R.O.T.C. duty is only 'a special form of duty, semi-military in character,' and is not what he calls 'active duty proper' or 'military duty generally.' We answer the question, 'Yes.' It is military duty like all other military duty, and there is no justification in law or fact for the distinction which the Comptroller General attempts to draw.

"Claimant served as contact dental surgeon (counted as commissioned service, Act of March 3, 1911, 36 Stat. 1054) April 15, 1901, to June 19, 1911; was appointed dental surgeon with rank of first lieutenant April 16, 1911, accepted June 20, 1911, and served as such on the active list until retired with the rank of captain May 27, 1917, to date from June 3, 1916, for disability incident to the service. On June 1, 1921, while on the retired list, he was duly detailed, by direction of the President, to active duty as a professor of Military Science and Tactics at St. Louis University Dental School, in obedience to which order he immediately entered upon the active duty specified therein, proceeded to Carlisle Barracks, Pennsylvania, for temporary duty, as directed, and upon completion thereof, to St. Louis, Mo., in the performance of the active duty as Professor of Military Science and Tactics in said University, reporting for said duty in said University July 22, 1922, since which time he has continuously been, and still is, performing said active duty.

ASKS COLONEL'S PAY

"Claimant would have attained the grade of colonel in the Dental Corps in due course of promotion if he had remained on the active list for the period of six months and nine days beyond the date of his retirement. He completed the said period of six months and nine days' active service on December 10, 1921. He contends that since said date he has been entitled to receive the rank, pay and allowances of the grade of colonel.

"Since the said December 10, 1921, he has received the pay and allowances only of a captain on the active list with seventeen years' active service, and has been refused by the accounting officers, on the theory that such duty is not active military duty in the proper or general sense, the pay and allowances of a colonel of like service. Accordingly, this claim is for \$3831.46 for the period from December 10, 1921, to March 31, 1924, when the petition was prepared, this sum representing the difference between the amount of pay and allowances which he received during the said period as a captain and the amount which we claim he ought to receive as an officer entitled to the rank, pay and allowances of a colonel with seventeen years' active service.

"The view that R.O.T.C. duty is not military duty in the fullest and most complete sense of (Continued on Page 1769)

MARINE CORPS OFFICERS QUALIFY FOR PROMOTION

WITH Colonel William C. Harlee at the head, a list of 28 Marine Corps Officers, who took the recent examination, have qualified for promotion, according to the announcement of the Navy Department. The Marine Corps Central Examining Board still has 15 or 16 cases before it upon which action has not yet been taken. As fast as the recommendations of the Board are approved by the Secretary, the announcement of the names of successful candidates are made.

The following is the list of officers who have qualified for promotion to the next grade.

Lt. Col. William C. Harlee Major Edward W. Banker; Capt. Lowry B. Stephenson, Archibald Young; 1st Lts. Alton A. Gladden, Joseph W. Knighton, James A. Mixson, Lades R. Warriner, Gus L. Gloeckner, Leo F. S. Horan, Thomas A. Tighe, Chaplain G. Hicks.

2d Lts. Otto B. Osmondson, Joseph L. Moody, William A. Maxwell, Clarence R. Wallace, Charles S. Finch, Paul B. Watson and William B. Onley.

2d Lts. James H. Strother, Ivan W. Miller, Joe N. Smith, Louis E. Marie, Jr., Arthur J. Burks, James S. Monahan, John A. Bemis, Howard N. Kenyon and William N. McKelvy, jr.

THREE C.A. COMMANDERS RETIRED DURING WEEK

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command of the division until its demobilization and returned to the United States May 6, 1919.

His command of the Hawaiian Department dates from July 13, 1919, to August 7, 1921; and from August 31, 1921, to January 25, 1922. General Morton served on the General Staff in Washington. Since this date he has commanded the 9th Corps Area, San Francisco, Calif.

He has been awarded the following decorations for his distinguished war services: Distinguished Service Medal (United States); French Legion of Honor (Commandeur); and the French Croix de Guerre with two palms.

General Shanks, who was born in Virginia, April 6, 1861, was appointed to the military academy July 1, 1880, from that State, and upon his graduation in June, 1884, was commissioned a 2d lieutenant in the 18th Infantry. From this date up until the Spanish-American War, he served at Fort Gibson, I. T., Fort Clark, Texas, on college duty at Virginia Polytechnic Institute and Richmond, Va.

He went to the Philippines with the 18th Infantry in 1899 and remained there until October, 1901. He then returned to the United States and in April, 1903, was ordered to the Islands again. On the completion of this tour, General Shanks returned to the United States, where he was stationed at various posts in this country up to January, 1913. He was detailed in the Inspector General's Department and served in this detail at headquarters, Western Department, and Washington, D. C., to August, 1915; duty as Inspector, Philippine Department, to July, 1917; and commanded the port of embarkation, Hoboken, N. J., to September 9, 1918.

From this date until November 30, 1918, he commanded the 16th Division at Camp Kearny, California, and after this he was again assigned to the command of the port of embarkation at Hoboken, where he remained until April 24, 1920.

His commands after this were that of the 5th Division and camp at Camp Gordon, Georgia, to September, 1920; and the 1st Corps Area, Boston, Mass. He was then assigned to the 1st Division, but on October 25, 1921, General Shanks was relieved from this assignment at Camp Dix, N. J., and ordered to the command of the 4th Corps Area, with headquarters at Atlanta, Ga.

For his conspicuous service in the administration of the port of embarkation at Hoboken in connection with the shipment of troops overseas, he was awarded the Distinguished Service Medal. General Shanks retires at his own request after more than 44 years service. He is the author of "Management of The American Soldier," which was widely distributed during the war.

Comparative Strength of United States and British Navies In Regard to Tonnage, Range, Elevation and Speed

The wide discussion concerning the comparative ranges of the American, British and Japanese Fleets has caused a great many statements to be made, based on partial or incorrect information. The ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL is, therefore, publishing the following authoritative table, showing ranges and speeds:

UNITED STATES				
Name	Tonnage	Maximum Range yds.	Maximum El. degrees	Speed
1. West Virginia	32,600	34,500	30	21
2. Colorado	32,600	34,500	30	21
3. Maryland	32,600	34,500	30	21.7
4. California	32,300	30,500	30	21.4
5. Tennessee	32,300	30,700	30	21
6. Idaho	32,000	24,000	15	21.2
7. New Mexico	32,000	24,000	15	21
8. Mississippi	32,000	24,000	15	21
9. Arizona	31,400	21,000	15	21
10. Pennsylvania	31,400	21,000	15	21
11. Oklahoma	27,500	21,000	15	20.5
12. Nevada	27,500	21,000	15	20.5
13. New York	27,000	21,000	15	21.4
14. Texas	27,000	21,000	15	21
15. Arkansas	26,000	24,350	15	21
16. Wyoming	26,000	23,500	15	21
17. Florida	21,800	22,000	15	12
18. Utah	21,800	21,600	15	21
Total tonnage	525,800			
GREAT BRITAIN				
†1. Hood	41,200	30,300	30	31
†2. Nelson	35,000	30,000	30	31.5
†3. Rodney	35,000	30,000	30	31.5
4. Ramillies	25,750	24,300	20	23
5. Royal Sovereign	25,750	24,300	20	23
6. Royal Oak	25,750	24,300	20	23
7. Resolution	25,750	24,300	20	23
8. Revenge	25,750	24,300	20	23
9. Valiant	27,500	24,300	20	25
10. Malaya	27,500	24,300	20	25
11. Queen Elizabeth	27,500	24,300	20	25
12. Warspite	27,500	24,300	20	25
13. Barham	27,500	24,300	20	25
14. Benbow	27,500	24,300	20	25
15. Empress of India	25,000	23,800	20	21
16. Iron Duke	25,000	23,800	20	21
17. Marlborough	25,000	23,800	20	21
†18. Renown	26,500	24,300	20	31.5
†19. Repulse	26,500	24,300	20	31.5
†20. Tiger	28,500	23,800	20	29
21. Thunderer	22,500	23,800	20	21
22. King George V.	23,000	23,800	20	21
23. Ajax	23,000	23,800	20	21
24. Centurion	23,000	23,800	20	21
Total tonnage	650,450			

*The Nelson and Rodney are not yet in commission. When they are placed in commission the British will scrap the Thunderer, King George V, Ajax and Centurion.

†Battle cruisers.

Figures as to the Japanese naval strength, ship for ship, are not available. Fleet-fire figures are given below:

Effective Fleet Fire at 23-24,000 Yards			
	United States	Great Britain	Japan
Number effective ships.....	10	20	10
Number 16-inch guns.....	24	18	16
Number 15-inch guns.....	0	100	0
Number 14-inch guns.....	60	0	80
Number 13.5-inch guns.....	0	48	0
Number 12-inch guns.....	24	0	0
Total number guns.....	108	166	96

REPORTS ON LT. BERRY

THE Senate Committee on Naval Affairs, on January 14, reported favorably on a bill (H. R. 7167), which authorizes George A. Berry, ex-lieutenant commander of the United States Naval Reserve Force, to appear before the Naval Retiring Board, for the purpose of determining whether or not the disability complained of in his case originated in the line of duty during the war. If he is retired under the bill, he will receive three-fourths pay of his grade, but no back pay.

GUARDSMEN ACT AS HOSTS

ON December 22d, 1924 Col. Humphries and the 102d Engineers, New York National Guard, were the hosts of the R.O. T.C. Unit of New York University at a Regimental Review held at their armory at 168th street and Broadway, New York city. In addition to the regular review the regiment demonstrated the construction and erection of several types of bridges. Following the review and demonstrations, Company D entertained the University boys at a very pretty dance held in its clubroom.

COL. BJORNSTAD HEARINGS

THE hearings on the case of Colonel Bjornstad closed January 14, but no action will be taken by the Committee, until they are printed. It is the policy of the Military Affairs Committee to give its members, who did not attend all of the sessions of the hearings, an opportunity to review the testimony before a vote is taken. It may be a week, or even two weeks, before the committee is ready to act.

NAVY NOMINATIONS HELD UP

THE nominations of Rear Admiral John K. Robison, Chief of the Bureau of Engineering, to be rear admiral of the line, and Capt. T. J. Senn, have been held up for some time at the White House. Both of the nominations in accordance with the recommendation of the Selection Board, were sent to the President at the same time the other nominations which were forwarded to the Senate promptly by the President.

It is assumed that the President is hesitating in forwarding Rear Admiral Robison's nomination on account of the controversy over the Naval oil reserves, which took place in the Senate last session. As the Democratic and Progressive parties made an issue out of the oil investigation and were defeated at the polls, surprise is being expressed at the holdup, as Admiral Robison was regarded as vindicated with the administration at the election.

The objections to the nomination of Capt. Senn is said to grow out of the grounding of his ship the West Virginia in the Channel at Norfolk. Capt. Senn was completely vindicated by a Court of Inquiry, and there appears to be no reason in the mind of Naval authorities why he should not be promoted.

ADMIRAL DAYTON SELECTED

SELECTION of Rear Admiral John H. Dayton to be commandant of the 12th Naval District (San Francisco) and of Mare Island Navy Yard, was announced. Admiral Dayton now commands the special service squadron. He will relieve Rear Admiral J. S. McKean, who goes to command of the Scouting Fleet on the Atlantic coast.

NAVAL RESERVE BILL REPORTED TO SENATE

A FAVORABLE report on the Naval Reserve bill (H. R. 9634) was made by the Senate Committee on Naval Affairs on January 14. While the Senate attached 31 amendments to the bill, none of them are of a very radical character. Most of them were to clarify the language of the bill as passed the House. Perhaps the most important amendment relates to Fleet Naval Reserves who are transferred from the Regular Navy.

"Under the present law, men transferred to the Fleet Naval Reserves after 20 years of service, receive one-half of base pay, plus all permanent additions thereto," said the report. "Under this bill, as amended, they would receive one-half the base pay of the rating at the time of transfer, with no permanent additions thereto. The Committee feels that any further reduction in the pay of this class of men would adversely affect recruiting for the Navy in the future, particularly with regard to reenlistment, which are so desirable and necessary."

Another amendment as explained by the report, "Is to provide for men serving in the Regular Navy at the time of the passage of this bill, who have enlisted or have re-enlisted under the guarantee contained in the act of August 29, 1916, which is repealed by this bill."

An amendment was attached to the bill which would give retired lieutenants of the Navy with World War service, who have been doing active duty, the rank pay and allowances of lieutenant commander.

NAVY BILL MAY RE-OPEN GUN ELEVATION FIGHT

WHILE the elevation of the guns of the older battleships appears to be a closed incident at least for the moment, in the House, there are quiet discussions of the subject in the cloak rooms of the Senate, which will probably come out in the open when the Naval appropriation bill comes up. The Naval appropriation bill was due on the floor of the Senate January 15, but, owing to a small filibuster conducted by the Senators from Arizona, the deficiency appropriation bill, the Naval budget was cut out for the day, as the Isle of Pine treaties debate was on the schedule on the latter part of the day's session.

An adjustment of the differences on the deficiency bill will bring the Naval appropriation bill up at any moment, as it has a right of way over the Isle of Pine treaty. The administration leaders have been able to block the consideration of an amendment to the appropriation bill for the elevation of guns in the Committee of both Houses. However, it is not believed that it will be as successful when the Naval appropriation bill is before the Senate. The discussion will be opened by a proposal of an amendment re-appropriating \$6,500,000 for the elevation of guns. A speech in support of this amendment will open the discussion, which will be difficult to smother, even with all of the power of the administration Senators. The Senate simply will discuss this subject, and it is not believed any effort to stop it will be successful.

Several Senators have studied the hearings on the subject, before the House Committee, and have analyzed carefully the statement given out by Secretary Hughes, in reply to the Britten resolution passed by the House Committee on Naval Affairs. They cannot see any logic in the contention that the elevation of the guns of the American ships will start a new Naval competition. As far as battleships are concerned, competition is stopped by the Naval Treaty. They refuse to believe that Great Britain, or any other power, will enter into a building competition contrary to the Treaty. Also, they do not see why there should be any opposition on the part of Great Britain to the elevation of the guns of the American fleet, so as it, as a whole, will have the same range as the British fleet.

The Senators who have studied the entire subject believe that the administration representatives in the upper house will be hard pressed for argument to defend the White House position on the subject of the elevation of guns. The debate may prove to be one of the most important as far as National Defense is concerned in this session.

DISCUSS AIR SERVICE AS SEPARATE BRANCH

Secretary Weeks Is Against And Congressman Curry For New Arm

LETTERS DECLARE STAND

FUNDAMENTAL questions in the hearing before the House Committee on Military Affairs on the Curry Bill (H.R. 10147) to create a Department of Aeronautics are dealt with in letters by Secretary of War Weeks and Representative C. F. Curry.

Secretary Weeks gives the views of the Army and also is thought to express the views of the Navy on the bill. Representative Curry summarizes the claims of the advocates of a separate Air Service.

The following are extracts from the letter of Secretary Weeks:

"My letter of January 29, 1924, to the Chairman of the House Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce, reporting favorably on H.R. 3243, 68th Congress, 1st Session 'To create a Bureau of Civil Aeronautics in the Department of Commerce, encourage and regulate the navigation of civil aircraft, and for other purposes,' shows clearly the views of the War Department in regard to the proper method of securing desirable regulation of aerial navigation by civil aircraft.

"In laying our plans for the development and encouragement of this comparatively new element of national defense, it is essential to keep in mind its primary objective—that is, to augment our defensive forces. Consequently, an organization having in view the promotion of its rapid development and efficient operation in time of peace, should be based primarily upon its efficient functioning in war.

"In warfare 'unity of command' is essential. Lack of such 'unity of command' has probably been the cause of more defeats and disasters in military history than any other one contributing cause. It nearly caused defeat in, and undoubtedly prolonged the two greatest wars in our history—the Civil War and the World War. After such experiences, it is unthinkable that any nation could deliberately prepare its forces for national defense so as to insure divided responsibilities and divided command in every possible theatre of operations. Yet, that is just what is proposed in the bill under consideration.

"If, then, there has been some difficulty in the past in coordinating the actions of the Army and the Navy along our coasts, imagine what difficulties would exist in the future with an independent Air Force continually operating in the zones of action of either the Army or the Navy; while all three independent agencies—Army, Navy, and Air Force—would have to be co-ordinated along the coast. Such a condition of affairs could end only in disaster in time of war, and should not be tolerated in time of peace.

"On the other hand, do not think from the above remarks that the War Department does not recognize the value of aviation as a combatant branch of the Army in national defense. The experiences of the World War demonstrated conclusively the combat value of aviation. Such developments in aviation as have been made since the World War have not been necessary to establish this conclusion. While certain developments have increased efficiency in operation, they have in no way introduced any mission not already recognized by our World War experience.

With this in mind, the War Department realizes the necessity for aviation as a combatant branch of the Army, and, therefore, cannot acquiesce in any proposal which contemplates making the Army Air Service anything other than a permanent and integral part of the Army, the same as is the Field Artillery, Infantry, Coast Artillery and other combatant arms.

UNITY ESSENTIAL

"It is a fundamental principle of military organization that arms which are habitually to function together in battle must, so far as practicable, train together and live together, absorbing the same tactical doctrines, and learning each other's powers and limitations. It is only in this way that team-play and co-operation, so essential to success in the complications of modern warfare, can be developed.

"Aside from the inherent value of each of the various arms in combat, their relative importance in war will always depend

upon the situation, and it is only through the medium of a supreme commander that they can each be utilized most effectively in order to meet the varying situation.

"Summarizing the above remarks, I consider as the fundamental defects of H.R. 10147:

"1st. The proposed organization creates a trinity of command for our defense forces, with divided control in every possible theatre of operations, instead of that 'unity of command' which is the foundation for success in warfare.

"2nd. It proposes an Air Service for the Army which is not a permanent and integral part of the Army, thus violating the second great principle of military organization,—that arms which are habitually to function together in battle must form permanent parts of the same organization."

Extracts from Representative Curry's letter are as follows:

"It is my purpose in this letter, if I may be privileged to do so, to submit a reply to the report of the Secretary of War, which report was unfavorable to H.R. 10147, for the consideration of your committee.

"The Secretary's report throws no new light on this important subject. It contains only the old familiar arguments of the officers of the older Services, who are unfamiliar with aeronautics, which we have heard often and with which gentlemen of the committee are well acquainted. It appears to be a special pleading designed to obscure the main issue.

"This issue is that the War and Navy Departments have completely failed to recognize aviation as an independent instrument of war, a developer of commerce, and the greatest agency in the furtherance of our civilization. Instead of trying to simplify our aeronautical organization, these departments attempt to complicate the problem. Their recommendation to form yet another aviation agency in the Department of Commerce is a case in point.

CENTRALIZE AERONAUTICS

"All aeronautical effort should be centralized under a Cabinet officer co-equal with the Secretary of War and for the Navy. Either this must be done or we must have a Department of National Defense, with one Cabinet officer and assistant secretaries for the Army, Navy and Air force. Not only is this necessary to avoid the expense and useless duplication that now exists, but, at present, no one department in the Government can be held responsible for the complete development of aviation.

"United command over military aviation, while it is separated between the Army and Navy, will always be impossible and our Air forces will be dissipated. The Army and Navy have not yet come to a realization that the air is a medium entirely separate from either the land or the water.

"More important than anything else, however, is that Congress obtain accurate evidence on aviation from those conversant with the subject and not from those who are without accurate information on the subject and without experience in this important development who are sent before us to testify. In the Navy this is particularly the case, where it has been attempted to make Congress believe that aircraft cannot sink all classes of seacraft. They can do so, and any statement to the contrary is a most dangerous contravention of fact. Junior officers of the Services, and particularly of the Navy, have been intimidated to such extent that they fear to come before a committee of the Congress and express their honest views and convictions.

"An air force is designed to combat a hostile air force and to attack and destroy an enemy's land and sea establishments. It bears no proportion, no relation and no similarity of organization to either armies or navies. It is indissolubly connected and joined with civil and commercial aviation, while its personnel are airmen instead of landmen or seamen. All other great nations have recognized this.

IS SEPARATE ARM

"Aviation is an arm of the national defense in itself; it is not merely a service, a part of an arm.

"No great general has ever been a great naval officer, and no great admiral has ever been a great general. Likewise no soldier or sailor is competent to serve in charge of an air force. It takes an airman.

"Every advance in the art of war has been accepted reluctantly and only after its superiority over old and wornout methods have been proven on the field of battle, frequently at the cost of empire, often to the retardation of civilization.

"A nation today that aspires to rank among the great nations of the earth must take its proper place in the development of aeronautics or be superseded in present day civilization."

SERVICES WORK FOR D. C. COUNTRY CLUB

Committee Has Practically Completed Its Initial Set Of Plans

HAVE OPTIONS ON SITES

PLANS for a final crystallization of sentiment in regard to the proposed Army, Navy and Marine Corps Country Club are in hand by the committee of officers in charge of the work and will be pushed through to a vigorous conclusion, the committee states. The prospectus prepared by the committee and the plans contained therein have met with widespread approval among officers stationed in the District of Columbia. A meeting of those officers who have signified their interest was held on January 14 in the Navy Building Conference Room where plans were made for the further prosecution of the work.

The report of the committee charged with the preliminary negotiation has created much interest. The lack of a country club where officers stationed here can become members at a moderate cost and without the necessity of a long delay on the waiting list is very generally felt.

Practically all of the work for which the original committee was appointed has been accomplished. Options have been secured on several possible sites within a radius of less than three miles of the White House, where land can be secured at an extremely reasonable figure. The site most favored by the committee is located in the hills of the Virginia side of the Potomac in the neighborhood of Arlington. It consists of 224 acres of meadow. A rough survey has indicated that it will be possible to lay out two very fine golf courses, and in addition have abundant room for a dozen tennis courts, ample grounds surrounding the clubhouse, a swimming pool and such other features as may be found desirable.

COLONIAL TYPE HOUSE

On the land is a large Colonial type house which may be made suitable for a club house in the beginning at slight cost, and to which suitable wings and a terrace may be added at a reasonable cost without demolition of the main building.

The plan of organization tentatively advanced by the committee is that a limited number of active members be procured by personal solicitation from among the officers of the Service stationed in Washington, and that these form the basis of the organization. Of the necessary number about half have already sent their names to the committee with the request that they be enrolled. Committees will be formed in each department of the Army and Marine Corps and in each bureau of the Navy, for the purpose of bringing the project of the club to the attention of each officer stationed here, so that he may have an opportunity of securing the advantages of original membership.

When the necessary number of original active members are secured, the committee plans to throw open the lists for life members. Membership will be limited to one thousand life members, only ten per cent of whom may be residents of Washington, together with one thousand active members. Dues for active members will be \$100 initiation and \$50 per year, while the fee for life members will be \$1000.

It is estimated that according to present plans, the club will be able to accommodate 1500 members in view of the experience of other clubs in this vicinity. By a close limitation of membership as outlined, the maximum number likely to desire the use of the club at any one time will be in the neighborhood of eleven hundred.

DEMONSTRATE ECONOMY OF MOTOR TRANSPORT

ECONOMY in the use of motor transportation, in lieu of rail, for comparatively long hauls under favorable weather and fair road conditions was conclusively demonstrated recently in the Eighth Corps Area when approximately 1736 recruits arriving at Galveston, Texas, on transports St. Mihiel and Chateau Thierry, were transported by motor trucks to Fort Sam Houston, Texas, a distance of 300 miles.

Two convoys of 50 Liberty trucks each and necessary auxiliary vehicles, completed the movement in the shortest possible time, averaging three days for one way trips. Rations, fuel, tentage, etc., were

carried by the convoy for the two camp sites established en route. The saving made over cost by rail transportation is estimated at \$7500. The cost by truck included expenditures for gasoline, lubricants, repair of vehicles, and for camp sites. A further saving, not included above, was made through transporting 30 recruits from Fort Sam Houston to Galveston where they took transport en route to Fort McDowell, California. The shipment by motor convoy of 40,000 pounds of freight as cargo for the transport effected a further saving.

Both convoys were made without unusual difficulties and the personnel reached Fort Sam Houston in excellent spirits. The completion of the movement in an entirely satisfactory manner reflects most creditably upon the commissioned and enlisted personnel who were identified with the convoys.

As a continuation of the movement, 149 recruits assigned to the 4th Cavalry, Fort McIntosh, Texas, were transported to that station from Fort Sam Houston by truck, the opportunity being taken to use cargo space available on the one way trip for shipment of excess supplies from Fort McIntosh to Fort Sam Houston, with a material saving over cost by rail transportation.

ARTILLERY ELEVEN IS VICTOR AT FT. BENNING

THE Cannoneers of the 83d Field Artillery beat the Special Units, 29th Infantry, in the first meeting of the two elevens in the Ft. Benning football loop recently by a score of 14-0.

Two touchdowns were made by the Artillerymen in the second period. The first came as the result of a long forward pass and the second when the Cannoneers, using straight plunging tactics, shoved the oval past the white line.

The Special Units tossed away several scoring opportunities.

Offensively and defensively the Cannoneers outshaded their opponents. The score represents about the correct margin between the two teams, according to spectators.

BILL UP TO REVISE ARMY PROMOTION LIST

(Continued from page 1749)

1922 have not yet regained their captaincies.

The officers who are seeking the enactment of the legislation now proposed contend that the Reorganization Act never contemplated the scrambling of the three grades of captain, first lieutenant and second lieutenant; but that it was the plain intent of Congress that captains should be arranged in their grade, first lieutenants next in their grade, and so on. They further contend that the Act contemplated the placing of emergency captains and lieutenants, in their respective grades, among officers of the Regular Army who were appointed subsequent to April 6, 1917. It will be noted that the bills now pending in Congress do not provide for this, but only for the placing of the emergency captains and lieutenants, in their respective grades, next below the captains and lieutenants, respectively, who were already in the Regular Army on July 1, 1920.

It is understood that the decision not to ask to be placed among the captains and lieutenants of the Regular Army as of July 1920, was reached after numerous conferences among the officers who are seeking this legislative relief, and that the bills as finally introduced are in the nature of a compromise measure. It was felt, say the officers interested, that while the bills do not give them the relief or place them on the promotion list where they believe they properly and rightfully belong, to attempt at this late date to have them arranged among Regular Army officers appointed after April 6, 1917, would probably be impracticable from an administrative viewpoint, and even if not, would hardly be fair to such Regular Army officers. These officers state that they will be satisfied if they may be placed on the list, in the grades to which originally appointed, immediately below all officers, in corresponding grades, of the Regular Army on July 1, 1920.

CHANGE OVERHAUL PERIODS

THE overhauled period of ships at the Puget Sound Navy Yard is being revised, on account of the dropping out of the Oklahoma, which will probably go to the yard in the middle of August. The other ships with homes at Puget Sound will be moved up in their overhaul period.

SECRETARY WILBUR ASKS OCEAN RESEARCH FUNDS

IN A letter addressed to the Director of the Budget, Secretary of the Navy Wilbur asks for an appropriation for special scientific investigation in the waters of the ocean.

The Secretary requests that this item be added to the 1926 appropriation bill or to the next deficiency bill.

"The proposed researches," the Secretary stated in his letter, "have been recommended by the conference on oceanography composed of representatives of the various Government departments and agencies as well as representatives from various outside sources."

"This Department is convinced," the letter states, "that such research will be productive of great benefits both to the Navy Department and to the country at large. The following definite objects to be attained by the proposed research were laid down in the report of the conference on oceanography:

"1. Discovering, developing and utilizing the resources of the sea.

"2. Facilitating navigation of the sea and of the air and improving communication by radio and by submarine cable.

"3. Promoting the welfare of mankind through scientific discovery and the progress of knowledge; and

"4. Safeguarding human life."

The name recommended by the Conference on Oceanography and approved by the Secretary of the Navy, is the Maury U. S. Naval Oceanographic Research.

It is expected that the first work will be done in the waters of the Gulf of Mexico, Caribbean region, subsequent work to be done in the North Pacific and North Atlantic Oceans.

The U.S.S. Rainbow has been selected to carry out the research. The Rainbow has returned home from the Asiatic Station and is now at the Navy Yard, Mare Island. Orders have been issued to the Board of Inspection and Survey to examine the Rainbow and report her fitness for oceanographic research work. It is expected that the Rainbow will be assigned to the Navy Yard, Philadelphia, to be fitted out as a research vessel as soon as the appropriation is passed by Congress and the funds become available.

Detailed plans are being developed in the Hydrographic Office by representatives of all the departments and scientific institutions of the Government composing the advisory committee on oceanography, of which Captain F. B. Bassett, U. S. Navy, is chairman.

165TH INFANTRY N.Y.N.G. HONORS SGT. MURPHY

A REVIEW and parade of the 165th Infantry (old 69th), N.Y.N.G., in its armory in New York city on the night of January 7, 1925, in honor of Staff Sgt. Michael J. Murphy, of the Service Company of the regiment, was unique in the history of National Guard reviews in the Empire State. The event celebrated the completion of fifty years of service in the Regular Army and National Guard. Sergeant Murphy first enlisted in Co. D, 15th Infantry of the Regular Army, December 12, 1874, and remained with it until November 15, 1898, when he was appointed Ordnance Sergeant, after passing through all non-commissioned grades. He was retired at Governors Island October 24, 1904. During his service in the Regular Army he served mostly at posts on the frontier and was in Indian campaigns against Geronimo, Victoria, Billy the Kid, and the Apache affair. He participated in the campaign in Cuba, in 1898, and was decorated by Act of Congress with the distinguished service medal.

He enlisted in the old 69th Infantry, N.Y.N.G., then in command of Col. Edwin Duffy, November 14, 1904, and was as faithful and efficient in his duties with that command as he was in the Regular Army. At the time he enlisted he was appointed an employe in the armory. Col. Duffy had previously asked the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL if it knew of a good Regular Army sergeant who could help instruct the men in rifle practice and become an employe in addition. This paper recommended Sergeant Murphy.

Among the many guests were: Brevet Brig. Gen. Edwin Duffy, retired; Col. Edward Olmstead, N.J.N.G.; Col. Rhineland Waldo, O.R.C.; Col. Louis D. Conly, Lt. Col. T. J. Moynahan, and Lt. Col. E. A. Anderson, ex 69th; Col. W. N. Haskell, of the Regular Army, and Lt. Col. J. A. S. Monday, representing Gen. Berry, commanding the N.Y.N.G. At 10:45 there was a grand march in honor of Sergeant Murphy, in which the officers of the regiment led, dancing following.

NOTES FROM THE BATTLE FLEET

[By Air Mail]

THE U.S.S. RAINBOW, which returned to the United States on December 31 from the Asiatic Station with Submarine Divisions 12 and 18, has been ordered retained in commission by the Navy Department. The U.S.S. Rainbow will transfer to the U.S.S. Argonne all submarine personnel and submarine tender equipment as soon as practicable, and on January 27 will sail from Mare Island for Corinto, Nicaragua.

Upon arrival at Corinto the U.S.S. Rainbow will embark the Marine Corps detachment now stationed at Managua and will transport them to the East Coast via the Panama Canal. Upon completion of this duty the U.S.S. Rainbow will be placed out of commission at one of the East Coast Navy Yards instead of at the Navy Yard, Mare Island, as originally contemplated.

ON January 5 the Battle Fleet commenced the 1925 gunnery exercises. Due to comparatively low visibility it is questionable whether or not all the ships will be able to fire on the dates scheduled, but as the Fleet schedule for the next three months permits of very little extension in the dates for gunnery exercises, every effort is being made to carry out the firings of individual ships on the dates set and unless exceptionally bad weather comes up this will be done.

THE U.S.S. TENNESSEE has been ordered to San Francisco upon the completion of her long range battle practice about January 10 to drydock at Hunter's Point. It was originally intended to have the Tennessee dock at San Francisco in April, but it was found necessary to dock the Tennessee at this time in order to take no chances on her not sailing with the Fleet for Honolulu on April 15.

The Tennessee will probably remain in dock about four days and will then return to San Pedro, where she will anchor inside the breakwater and undergo a six weeks' overhaul. During this overhaul the Fleet Repair Ship, the U.S.S. Medusa, will secure alongside the Tennessee and assist in making these repairs.

The overhaul of the Tennessee at San Pedro instead of at the Navy Yard, Puget Sound, was found necessary due to the shortage of funds and pressure of work at the Navy Yard.

THE U.S.S. MARYLAND, originally scheduled for overhaul at the Navy Yard, Puget Sound, from July 7 to August 26 will not undergo the regular six weeks' overhaul until her return from the Australian Cruise. The U.S.S. Maryland will go to the Navy Yard, Puget Sound, from April 6 to April 20 for docking and minor repairs and will then rejoin the Fleet on its way to the Hawaiian Islands.

D. O. BILL PENDING

BEFORE Congress adjourns, Chairman Johnson of the Veterans' Committee expects to extricate the Lineberger bill (H. R. 6484), providing for retirement of disabled emergency officers, from the legislative jam which is now accumulating in the House. As was previously stated in the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, the bill has been reported favorably from the Veterans' Committee and Captain Johnson has been authorized to apply to the Committee on Rules for a special rule, under which the bill can be brought up at this session.

At a recent meeting of the Committee on Rules, of which Captain Johnson is a member, he discussed the bill with the committee. The committee decided not to report out any special rule until after the large appropriation bills were disposed of by the House. This is under an agreement with the leaders of the House, as the consideration of new legislation at the present time might block the appropriation bills. Captain Johnson is very hopeful of the passage of the bill at this session.

TRANSFER PHARMACISTS

THE transfer of seven chief pharmacists has been announced. They are: R. C. Rowe to Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, Navy Department, Washington, D. C.; L. Rowe to Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, Navy Department, Washington, D. C.; N. L. Saunders to Pharmacist's Mates' School, Portsmouth, Va.; W. S. Burr to Naval Hospital, Great Lakes, Ill.; G. L. Crain to Naval Medical Supply Depot, Brooklyn, N. Y.; E. E. Heun to Naval Medical Supply Depot, Mare Island, Calif.; W. W. McKee to Naval Hospital, Puget Sound, Wash.

THE U.S.S. RELIEF, Battle Fleet Hospital Ship, returned to San Pedro on January 4 after completing her annual overhaul and docking at the Navy Yard, Mare Island. Capt. Z. H. Madison, U.S. N., formerly in command of the U.S.S. Relief, was detached while the ship was at the Navy Yard and relieved by the Executive Officer, Comdr. W. H. Toaz, U.S. N. Captain Madison was ordered home to await orders and will be placed on the retired list.

THE U.S.S. CUYAMA sailed from San Pedro on January 4 for the Canal Zone with a cargo of fuel oil. Immediately upon discharging this cargo the U.S.S. Cuyama will return to San Pedro for duty with the Battle Fleet during the Tactical Exercises in March.

DURING the gunnery exercises arrangements have been made to base V.S. Squadron 2 of the Aircraft Squadrons, Battle Fleet, at San Pedro. This Squadron, consisting of H-16 seaplanes, will have the U.S.S. Gannet as tender and the personnel will be taken care of on the U.S.S. Procyon, Medusa and Relief.

The H.S. seaplanes attached to this squadron will operate from San Diego in connection with the target practices of the Destroyer Squadrons. During the period of gunnery exercises the Air Mail service between San Pedro and San Diego will again be maintained by V.S. Squadron 2.

UPON the departure of the Battle Fleet from the West Coast for Honolulu in April, it is probable that all of the Aircraft Squadrons, Battle Fleet, except V.F. 1, will be carried with the Fleet. The two Observation Squadrons will be attached to the battleships and the other squadrons to the U.S.S. Langley and Aroostook.

ORDERS have been received transferring Lt. R. W. Cary, U.S.N., from the U.S.S. Farquhar to Battleship Division 3 for duty as Aide and Flag Lieutenant to Rear Admiral H. J. Ziegemeier, U.S.N. Lt. George F. Hussey, U.S.N., now Aide and Flag Lieutenant to Rear Adm. I. M. Nulton, U.S.N., will be detached and relieve Lieutenant Cary as Executive Officer of the U.S.S. Farquhar.

ARRANGEMENTS have been made for holding an informal dance at the Hotel Virginia, Long Beach, every other Saturday afternoon from 4 to 6 P. M. During these dances the orchestra of the Commander-in-Chief, Battle Fleet, and a band from one of the battleships will play. These dances are greatly enjoyed by the officers of the Fleet based in San Pedro and their wives.

DISCUSS WORLD FLYER REWARDS

AN effort to secure a favorable report on Hill's bill (H. R. 10562), providing for the reward of the world fliers, only provoked a controversy in the House Committee on Military Affairs on January 14. As indicated by the debates on the floor of the House, there is considerable opposition in the committee to the bill in the form in which it was introduced by Representative John Philip Hill of Maryland.

The committee is divided into about as many factions on the bill as it has members. Every member appears to have a different idea as to what should be done for the world fliers. Colonel Hill thinks his bill, which was recommended by the War Department, is too conservative, while there are members of the committee who think that a vote of thanks from Congress would be sufficient recognition of the heroic conduct of the world fliers.

The committee, after discussing the bill for about an hour and a half, adjourned until Friday, when it will come up again. The long-drawn-out discussion of the Fliers' bill prevented the committee from taking up a number of other measures that were pending before it.

TEST ESCORT WAGONS

THE Infantry Board has submitted a report of a test of an experimental escort wagon manufactured by the Quartermaster Corps at Jeffersonville Depot, Indiana. The Board found that this wagon did not contain very many advantages over the present type of wagon, and recommended that certain defective features be corrected and a further test made.

U.S. NAVAL OBSERVATORY HEAD EXPLAINS ECLIPSE

IN REFERENCE to the total solar eclipse of January 24, 1925, Capt. Edwin F. Pollock, U.S.N., Superintendent of the U. S. Naval Observatory has issued the following statement:

"The present eclipse occurs early in the day in the United States, the sun rises particularly eclipsed from the Rocky Mountains to just east of the Dakotas, when it is total at sunrise, while on the eastern shore of Lake Huron the eclipse begins at sunrise. There the totality lasts but 1 min. 42 sec., while as one moves to the E. S. E., the length of totality increases, so that at New Haven, Conn., the length is 2 minutes. Further to the eastward the time length of totality increases slightly and then decreases as the path of the eclipse curves to the northeast and ends north of Scotland.

Many American observatories are preparing to make observations in New York and Connecticut, while the United States Naval Observatory is preparing to use the U.S.S. Los Angeles (formerly the ZR-3), to go to sea to the eastward of Montauk Point and south of Nantucket to take photographs of the various phases, and including movies of the corona and shadow, photographs of the "shadow bands," the "flash spectrum," etc.

"By going over the ocean the Los Angeles will be where the totality of the eclipse is longer than over the land, and with a possible altitude of 6,000 feet will be well clear of earth haze and morning mist, and probably will find less interference from clouds, certainly she can get above the low clouds. The "long distance weather man" predicts good weather, however, on that day. Let us hope his forecast will be better than some for less time ahead.

"The principal reason for desiring photographs of this eclipse is that few have been secured heretofore at this phase of the sun spot cycle which is now on the up curve—the minimum having been last year, while the entire cycle lasts 11.1 years.

"We know that sun spots are great electrical storms, that when they occur there are electrical disturbances on the earth affecting cable and telegraph communications, sometimes even burning out cables if precautions are not taken. We know that during a total solar eclipse the electric streamers and flaming protuberances, from the sun extending out hundreds of thousands and perhaps millions of miles, are visible at that time only, and can be photographed with special plates. By comparing photographs taken during different eclipses, an idea can be had of the power of the electric storms (sun spots) on the sun, at different stages of the sun spot cycle.

"Anything that affects communications is vital to the Navy."

PRINCETON R. O. T. C. STRONG

PRINCETON UNIVERSITY with a net increase of 104 over the last school year leads all senior Reserve Officers' Training Corps units in the Second Corps Area, comprising the states of New York, New Jersey and Delaware, according to a statement issued early this week by Maj. Gen. Robert Lee Bullard, at Governors Island.

"Practically all of the educational institutions which maintain military units have reported increased interest in the various military courses as evidenced by the larger number of students who are now pursuing the optional or advanced course which leads to a commission in the Organized Reserves upon Graduation," said General Bullard.

ASKS HIGHWAY LICENSE

THE Commanding Officer at Fort Benning has asked the War Department to issue a revocable license to the State Highway Department of Georgia, to enable construction of a road through the reservation and the erection of a bridge over the Upatoi. This proposed road is to be built from funds appropriated by the Federal Aid Act approved in 1921. When completed, the road will be of great advantage to the military authorities in connection with the development of this post and also will be found beneficial by the Department of Agriculture who recently have had a large part of the reservation set aside for forestry purposes.

TO NAVY YARD

FROM present indications the U.S.S. Oklahoma will go to the Navy Yard, Puget Sound, from July 7 to August 26 and the U.S.S. Arizona from August 12 to October 7. These dates may be changed in order to take care of urgent repairs or unforeseen contingencies.

SPECIAL SERVICE NEWS AND COMMENT

BY E. B. JOHNS

IT HAS begun to dawn on the Congressional mind that the Regular Army and National Guard are working together. Those that have not studied the National Defense Act, and this class comprises the great majority, in fact three-fourths, cannot understand why this change in the attitude of the two older components of the Army of the United States has taken place. They cannot see why the old prejudice and antagonism has disappeared. It seems strange to many of them why the Regular Army, through the War Department, is supporting increases in the strength of the National Guard.

Under the old conditions, Congressmen who really did not want to see appropriations for either the Regular Army or the National Guard were in the habit of playing one against the other. When approached by National Guardsmen, they would say "Of course, I am for our home boys, who are in the National Guard, but the Regular Army and the War Department are against you. We cannot go too far in opposition to the War Department." On the other hand, when approached by a representative of the War Department or the Regular Army, the same class of politician would say:

"Of course, I know we must depend upon the Regular Army, but if you do not keep down the appropriations for the National Guard we cannot give the Regular Army what it ought to have. You people up in the War Department must keep your recommendations down for the National Guard."

CANNOT PLAY POLITICS

THE debate on the Army appropriation bill brought out the fact that the politicians cannot play this game under the new military policy. Representative Dickenson, of Iowa, member of the War Department sub-committee of the House Committee on Appropriations in the course of the debates, when he was opposing vigorously the Hull amendment increasing the appropriation for the National Guard, charged the War Department with the "heinous crime" of building up the National Guard so that it would demand an increase in the appropriation.

Mr. Dickenson said:

"Increasing the National Guard depends upon the energy put behind it in the War Department. You will find no new organization that cannot be traced back to the initiative in the War Department."

General Speaks, who was a veteran National Guardsman under the old policy, insisted: "That has nothing to do with it."

Mr. Dickenson replied: "I have made some study of the matter, and the results of my study are contrary to what the gentleman states."

The older officers, who served in the Regular Army and National Guard previous to the War, would scarcely believe that the time has come when those who are opposing National Guard appropriations, would criticize the Regular Army or the War Department for putting too much energy behind the National Guard.

For some reason, the friends of the National Guard in the House during the consideration of the appropriation bill did not co-operate. General Speaks had originated a plan to propose an amendment, but changed his mind at the last moment. Chairman Anthony increased the confusion by stating in the midst of the debate:

"If it would be any information to the gentleman from Iowa, I say to him that I had a communication this morning from the President of the National Guard Association, General Reckord, of Maryland, saying that any attempt made to increase the amount of these appropriations after the increases made by the committee would be made without the approval of the National Guard Association."

But all of this did not prevent Representative Hull of Iowa from proposing his amendment.

MCKENZIE STATES OPPOSITION

CHAIRMAN MCKENZIE, of the House Committee on Military Affairs, who has always been a consistent supporter of the National Guard, as well as the Regular Army, opposed an increase in the appropriation because he was under the impression that the National Guard Association did not want the item increased. Stating his position, Chairman McKenzie said:

"The gentleman is aware, as we all are aware, of the fact that the National Guard Association of the United States is a pretty wide awake up to date organization."

"When they feel that they are getting the worst of it, they are not backward in letting members of Congress know about

it. Now, I want to state frankly to the gentleman from Iowa that I have not received a single communication from any member of the National Guard Association from the state of Illinois, or any other place, complaining about this appropriation, and I would like to know if the gentleman has?"

"Certainly I have," said Mr. Hull, "and the fact of the matter is, the National Guard Association all over the country want the National Guard to grow to 250,000 men. They have, today, 10,000 men who want to come into the National Guard, but they cannot take them in."

With this confusion, it is not surprising that Mr. Hull's amendment, increasing the appropriation for the National Guard, was defeated.

SERVICE MEMBERS BACK O. R.

WHEN the Organized Reserves provisions came up, Representative Royal Johnson, an emergency officer of distinguished service, proposed an amendment increasing the appropriation for pay and allowance of members of the Officers' Reserve Corps on duty, not exceeding 15 days, from \$2,000,000 to \$2,457,000. As stated in last week's ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL all of the ex-service men, with exception of Representative Hamilton Fish, of New York, lined up solidly behind Captain Johnson.

There was not a discordant note among the advocates of this appropriation. Among those who were active in the debate were Representatives Simmons, of Nebraska; Hull of Iowa; Jeffers, of Alabama; Summers, of Washington, and Bulwinkle, of North Carolina.

Captain Johnson, in a concluding statement of a running debate, said: "The gentleman from Alabama (Mr. Jeffers), who saw such distinguished service in the 82d Division, in the Infantry, and who perhaps paid more in bodily injury than any other man in the House, has expressed what I believe is the feeling of the Service men of the Congress and of the United States. I believe in this Budget and it has been with great reluctance I have offered any amendment to increase the allowance made by it, but this question of national defense is so important and this is such a vital part of it that for the first time in the short 10 years I have been in the Congress I have tried to overturn the judgment of the committee. I hope that the members of the House will recognize that this is a vital part of the national defense, and will recognize the fact that this money is not wasted but goes to men who are making sacrifices and will vote for the adoption of this amendment and the other two amendments which I shall offer if this is accepted by this committee."

Taking advantage of the absence of ex-Service men from the floor, a little later, Chairman Anthony defeated the item for transportation and mileage for 18,000 officers which were provided for in the Johnson amendment, and demanded a roll call on the bill when it came up the following day. On a roll call, Chairman Anthony and his Committee were snowed under by a vote of 185 to 132. This will probably be corrected in the Senate. A drive by the preparedness forces will change the situation in the House as well as the Senate, it is thought.

Representative Newton, of Minnesota, proposed an amendment increasing the appropriation for the Reserve Officers' Training Camp from \$3,818,020.00 to \$4,118,020.00. It was late in the day, and a number of the advocates of preparedness had left the floor, so that Mr. Newton was compelled to make the fight alone.

Mr. Newton said that he understood that the appropriation named in the bill that the students of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps in the freshman and sophomore classes, would be deprived in the summer camps of the instruction. Chairman Anthony admitted that this was correct.

SCORES "PENNYWISE" POLICY

MR. NEWTON declared, in urging the adoption of his amendment, that: "There is not a better camp to be found anywhere. I might say also that in addition to the military training there is extensive athletic competition in sports."

"This brings out the very finest type of young men. I think it is a big mistake for this Congress to go on record in this way and to start out with a new program entirely, because that is what you are doing. Heretofore we have been training the young men in the primary classes, but now we limit it to the junior and the senior classes of the colleges, and I think it is a

mistake. I do not think this ought to be done and an addition of \$300,000 in this appropriation will prevent it."

To this, the only defense of Chairman Anthony and Mr. Dickenson, was that the Director of the Budget reduced the appropriation as a matter of economy. Again, the Chairman of the sub-committee and Mr. Dickenson took refuge behind the President. Mr. Dickenson declared: "The appropriation committee feels that it has direct representation of the President in every item of this bill, regardless of whether he made it specifically or not."

Mr. Newton came back by declaring: "The committee may feel that way, but all the House knows that the individual items do not represent the views of the President himself."

That there is an intention on the part of some members of the House, including those on the War Department sub-committee not to carry out the provisions of the National Defense Act, was brought out by a reply from Mr. Dickenson to Mr. Newton's declaration that the budget should not be allowed to interfere with a carrying out of the amended National Defense Act. Mr. Dickenson said, in this connection:

"I would like to suggest that the National Defense Act was passed soon after the war and as we gradually get away from the war, I believe we have reached the conclusion that some of the ideas carried in that Act, are unnecessary at this time. I am wondering whether or not we are bound to carry out everything required in the National Defense Act, or whether we can adjust it to the present program of the country."

UNDERMINE NATIONAL DEFENSE ACT

THUS, Mr. Dickenson frankly states his purpose and that of Chairman Anthony, whom he so loyally supported during the debate to undermine the National Defense Act. Every session under the claim of economy, the Army of the United States is falling below the requirements of the National Defense Act. The Regular Army is below its required strength, the National Guard is practically marking time, and the Organized Reserves and Citizens' Military Training Camps are being starved. Not by openly opposing the basic principle upon which they rest, but by whittling one appropriation here and reducing another one there.

Mr. Dickenson should be thanked for his frankness in stating the purpose of these reductions.

When the Military Training Camps' item came up, Mr. Newton was again on his feet with an amendment increasing the appropriation under that head from \$2,320,000.00 to \$2,650,000.00. He had scarcely started his debate, when Representative Tom Connally of Texas proposed an amendment which made an increase to \$2,807,471.00.

"What is a million dollars out of three hundred million?" said Mr. Connally in the course of his debate. "When these boys, these young men, good citizens, patriotic, anxious to learn, wanting to make themselves good citizens, apply at the door of the Government Training Camps and ask to be taken into the Training Camps, we find the Government saying, 'We are sorry, young man, but the Government is too poor to furnish you training for two weeks in a military training camp; but remember, young man, that when War comes, the United States Government is going into your home, and will lay the harsh hand of a military conscript officer on your shoulders, and take you away to the battlefield, because, although in time of peace, we have not enough money to train you for two weeks in a training camp, yet you have the strength to go out upon the battlefield.'"

Again, Chairman Anthony and Mr. Dickenson took refuge behind the President and the Budget. The same argument was made for the support of the President.

Mr. Connally met this in a very effective manner, by reading a letter from President Coolidge, which concludes by saying:

"Recognizing the great good which comes to the Government and to the people from the Citizens' Military Training Camp, I hope that each year an increasing number of young men will take advantage of the opportunity which is afforded them."

COL. BJORNSTAD'S PROMOTION

FOR over a week, behind closed doors in the Senate Military Committee, testimony is being taken in what might be termed, the case of Senator Davis Elkins of West Virginia vs. Colonel A. W. Bjornstad in regard to the latter's promotion. The "prosecution" has employed a Philadel-

phia lawyer to present its complaint, and it has been necessary for Colonel Bjornstad to employ an attorney.

The testimony is all confidential. However, there is an impression that the nomination of Colonel Bjornstad to be brigadier general will be reported out favorably and be confirmed by the Senate. This grows out of the general knowledge of Senator Elkins' complaint. It has become known that his complaint is a personal one, in that Colonel Bjornstad, as Commander of the 13th Brigade, 7th Division, recommended the relief of the then Major Elkins, as adjutant of the Brigade.

It is generally recognized that the Adjutant of the Brigade should be the personal selection of the commander. It is really no reflection upon an officer to be relieved as adjutant or a chief of staff of an organization when a new commander takes charge. A commander is usually expected to select a chief of staff or an adjutant with whom he has served previously, or with whom he is acquainted personally. Such an arrangement is generally regarded as more satisfactory to both the commander and the adjutant.

Without regard to this, however, it can be stated that Senator Elkins has not the general sympathy of his colleagues in bringing his personal grievance before the Senate Committee on Military Affairs. It is not regarded as good taste, and it will be necessary for him to make a very strong case to win in the Committee. However, according to reliable reports, Senator Elkins when he appeared before the Committee, did not create a very favorable impression.

As stated previously, more than the personal interest of Colonel Bjornstad is involved. Any yielding on the part of the Military Committee, to satisfy a personal grievance of a member of the Senate will have a disastrous effect upon the morale of the Regular Army. It is, indeed, unfortunate that an officer, whose promotion is recommended by the War Department, should be compelled to employ an attorney to defend himself against an attack by a member of the Senate. The general impression is allowing the investigation to go as far as it has is not contributing to the efficiency of the Army.

ADMIRAL COONTZ'S SCHEDULE

THE itinerary of Admiral Coontz, Commander-in-Chief of the United States Fleet has been revised under date of January 10. Under the new program, the Seattle will have a very busy period from February 9 until April 19.

With Admiral Coontz aboard, the Seattle will leave the Navy Yard, Puget Sound February 9 and sail to San Francisco, arriving there on February 12. She will remain in San Francisco until February 16, sailing to San Pedro, where she is due on February 17. She remains in San Pedro until the 20th of February, from where she goes to San Diego to remain until February 28.

From February 28, until March 14, Admiral Coontz will be observing the strategic problem. The Seattle will be in the San Diego-San Pedro area from March 14 till April 3. She is due to return to San Francisco on April 5, from which she sails on April 12 to the Hawaiian Islands, arriving there on April 19.

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SECRETARY WILBUR ASKS OCEAN RESEARCH FUNDS

IN A letter addressed to the Director of the Budget, Secretary of the Navy Wilbur asks for an appropriation for special scientific investigation in the waters of the ocean.

The Secretary requests that this item be added to the 1926 appropriation bill or to the next deficiency bill.

"The proposed researches," the Secretary stated in his letter, "have been recommended by the conference on oceanography composed of representatives of the various Government departments and agencies as well as representatives from various outside sources.

"This Department is convinced," the letter states, "that such research will be productive of great benefits both to the Navy Department and to the country at large. The following definite objects to be attained by the proposed research were laid down in the report of the conference on oceanography:

"1. Discovering, developing and utilizing the resources of the sea.

"2. Facilitating navigation of the sea and of the air and improving communication by radio and by submarine cable.

"3. Promoting the welfare of mankind through scientific discovery and the progress of knowledge; and

"4. Safeguarding human life."

The name recommended by the Conference on Oceanography and approved by the Secretary of the Navy, is the Maury U. S. Naval Oceanographic Research.

It is expected that the first work will be done in the waters of the Gulf of Mexico, Caribbean region, subsequent work to be done in the North Pacific and North Atlantic Oceans.

The U.S.S. Rainbow has been selected to carry out the research. The Rainbow has returned home from the Asiatic Station and is now at the Navy Yard, Mare Island. Orders have been issued to the Board of Inspection and Survey to examine the Rainbow and report her fitness for oceanographic research work. It is expected that the Rainbow will be assigned to the Navy Yard, Philadelphia, to be fitted out as a research vessel as soon as the appropriation is passed by Congress and the funds become available.

Detailed plans are being developed in the Hydrographic Office by representatives of all the departments and scientific institutions of the Government composing the advisory committee on oceanography, of which Captain F. B. Bassett, U. S. Navy, is chairman.

165TH INFANTRY N.Y.N.G. HONORS SGT. MURPHY

A REVIEW and parade of the 165th Infantry (old 69th), N.Y.N.G., in its armory in New York city on the night of January 7, 1925, in honor of Staff Sgt. Michael J. Murphy, of the Service Company of the regiment, was unique in the history of National Guard reviews in the Empire State. The event celebrated the completion of fifty years of service in the Regular Army and National Guard.

Sergeant Murphy first enlisted in Co. D., 15th Infantry of the Regular Army, December 12, 1874, and remained with it until November 15, 1898, when he was appointed Ordnance Sergeant, after passing through all non-commissioned grades. He was retired at Governors Island October 24, 1904. During his service in the Regular Army he served mostly at posts on the frontier and was in Indian campaigns against Geronimo, Victoria, Billy the Kid, and the Apache affair. He participated in the campaign in Cuba, in 1898, and was decorated by Act of Congress with the distinguished service medal.

He enlisted in the old 69th Infantry, N.Y.N.G., then in command of Col. Edwin Duffy, November 14, 1904, and was as faithful and efficient in his duties with that command as he was in the Regular Army.

At the time he enlisted he was appointed an employe in the armory. Col. Duffy had previously asked the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL if it knew of a good Regular Army sergeant who could help instruct the men in rifle practice and become an employe in addition. This paper recommended Sergeant Murphy.

Among the many guests were: Brevet Brig. Gen. Edwin Duffy, retired; Col. Edward Olmstead, N.Y.N.G.; Col. Rhineland Waldo, O.R.C.; Col. Louis D. Conly, Lt. Col. T. J. Moynahan, and Lt. Col. E. A. Anderson, ex 69th; Col. W. N. Haskell, of the Regular Army, and Lt. Col. J. A. S. Monday, representing Gen. Berry, commanding the N.Y.N.G. At 10.45 there was a grand march in honor of Sergeant Murphy, in which the officers of the regiment led, dancing following.

NOTES FROM THE BATTLE FLEET

[By Air Mail]

THE U.S.S. RAINBOW, which returned to the United States on December 31 from the Asiatic Station with Submarine Divisions 12 and 18, has been ordered retained in commission by the Navy Department. The U.S.S. Rainbow will transfer to the U.S.S. Argonne all submarine personnel and submarine tender equipment as soon as practicable, and on January 27 will sail from Mare Island for Corinto, Nicaragua.

Upon arrival at Corinto the U.S.S. Rainbow will embark the Marine Corps detachment now stationed at Managua and will transport them to the East Coast via the Panama Canal. Upon completion of this duty the U.S.S. Rainbow will be placed out of commission at one of the East Coast Navy Yards instead of at the Navy Yard, Mare Island, as originally contemplated.

ON January 5 the Battle Fleet commenced the 1925 gunnery exercises. Due to comparatively low visibility it is questionable whether or not all the ships will be able to fire on the dates scheduled, but as the Fleet schedule for the next three months permits of very little extension in the dates for gunnery exercises, every effort is being made to carry out the firings of individual ships on the dates set and unless exceptionally bad weather comes up this will be done.

THE U.S.S. TENNESSEE has been ordered to San Francisco upon the completion of her long range battle practice about January 10 to drydock at Hunter's Point. It was originally intended to have the Tennessee dock at San Francisco in April, but it was found necessary to dock the Tennessee at this time in order to take no chances on her not sailing with the Fleet for Honolulu on April 15.

The Tennessee will probably remain in dock about four days and will then return to San Pedro, where she will anchor inside the breakwater and undergo a six weeks' overhaul. During this overhaul the Fleet Repair Ship, the U.S.S. Medusa, will secure alongside the Tennessee and assist in making these repairs.

The overhaul of the Tennessee at San Pedro instead of at the Navy Yard, Puget Sound, was found necessary due to the shortage of funds and pressure of work at the Navy Yard.

THE U.S.S. MARYLAND, originally scheduled for overhaul at the Navy Yard, Puget Sound, from July 7 to August 26 will not undergo the regular six weeks' overhaul until her return from the Australian Cruise. The U.S.S. Maryland will go to the Navy Yard, Puget Sound, from April 6 to April 20 for docking and minor repairs and will then rejoin the Fleet on its way to the Hawaiian Islands.

D. O. BILL PENDING

BEFORE Congress adjourns, Chairman Johnson of the Veterans' Committee expects to extricate the Lineberger bill (H. R. 6484), providing for retirement of disabled emergency officers, from the legislative jam which is now accumulating in the House. As was previously stated in the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, the bill has been reported favorably from the Veterans' Committee and Captain Johnson has been authorized to apply to the Committee on Rules for a special rule, under which the bill can be brought up at this session.

At a recent meeting of the Committee on Rules, of which Captain Johnson is a member, he discussed the bill with the committee. The committee decided not to report out any special rule until after the large appropriation bills were disposed of by the House. This is under an agreement with the leaders of the House, as the consideration of new legislation at the present time might block the appropriation bills. Captain Johnson is very hopeful of the passage of the bill at this session.

TRANSFER PHARMACISTS

THE transfer of seven chief pharmacists has been announced. They are: R. C. Rowe to Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, Navy Department, Washington, D. C.; L. Rowe to Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, Navy Department, Washington, D. C.; N. L. Saunders to Pharmacist's Mates' School, Portsmouth, Va.; W. S. Burr to Naval Hospital, Great Lakes, Ill.; G. L. Crain to Naval Medical Supply Depot, Brooklyn, N. Y.; E. E. Heun to Naval Medical Supply Depot, Mare Island, Calif.; W. W. McKee to Naval Hospital, Puget Sound, Wash.

THE U.S.S. RELIEF, Battle Fleet Hospital Ship, returned to San Pedro on January 4 after completing her annual overhaul and docking at the Navy Yard, Mare Island. Capt. Z. H. Madison, U.S. N., formerly in command of the U.S.S. Relief, was detached while the ship was at the Navy Yard and relieved by the Executive Officer, Comdr. W. H. Toaz, U.S. N. Captain Madison was ordered home to await orders and will be placed on the retired list.

THE U.S.S. CUYAMA sailed from San Pedro on January 4 for the Canal Zone with a cargo of fuel oil. Immediately upon discharging this cargo the U.S.S. Cuyama will return to San Pedro for duty with the Battle Fleet during the Tactical Exercises in March.

DURING the gunnery exercises arrangements have been made to base V.S. Squadron 2 of the Aircraft Squadrons, Battle Fleet, at San Pedro. This Squadron, consisting of H-16 seaplanes, will have the U.S.S. Gannet as tender and the personnel will be taken care of on the U.S.S. Procyon, Medusa and Relief.

The H.S. seaplanes attached to this squadron will operate from San Diego in connection with the target practices of the Destroyer Squadrons. During the period of gunnery exercises the Air Mail service between San Pedro and San Diego will again be maintained by V.S. Squadron 2.

UPON the departure of the Battle Fleet from the West Coast for Honolulu in April, it is probable that all of the Aircraft Squadrons, Battle Fleet, except V.F. 1, will be carried with the Fleet. The two Observation Squadrons will be attached to the battleships and the other squadrons to the U.S.S. Langley and Aroostook.

ORDERS have been received transferring Lt. R. W. Cary, U.S.N., from the U.S.S. Farquhar to Battleship Division 3 for duty as Aide and Flag Lieutenant to Rear Admiral H. J. Ziegemeier, U.S.N. Lt. George F. Hussey, U.S.N., now Aide and Flag Lieutenant to Rear Adm. I. M. Nulton, U.S.N., will be detached and relieve Lieutenant Cary as Executive Officer of the U.S.S. Farquhar.

ARRANGEMENTS have been made for holding an informal dance at the Hotel Virginia, Long Beach, every other Saturday afternoon from 4 to 6 P. M. During these dances the orchestra of the Commander-in-Chief, Battle Fleet, and a band from one of the battleships will play. These dances are greatly enjoyed by the officers of the Fleet based in San Pedro and their wives.

DISCUSS WORLD FLYER REWARDS

AN effort to secure a favorable report on Hill's bill (H. R. 10562), providing for the reward of the world fliers, only provoked a controversy in the House Committee on Military Affairs on January 14. As indicated by the debates on the floor of the House, there is considerable opposition in the committee to the bill in the form in which it was introduced by Representative John Philip Hill of Maryland.

The committee is divided into about as many factions on the bill as it has members. Every member appears to have a different idea as to what should be done for the world fliers. Colonel Hill thinks his bill, which was recommended by the War Department, is too conservative, while there are members of the committee who think that a vote of thanks from Congress would be sufficient recognition of the heroic conduct of the world fliers.

The committee, after discussing the bill for about an hour and a half, adjourned until Friday, when it will come up again. The long-drawn-out discussion of the Fliers' bill prevented the committee from taking up a number of other measures that were pending before it.

TEST ESCORT WAGONS

THE Infantry Board has submitted a report of a test of an experimental escort wagon manufactured by the Quartermaster Corps at Jeffersonville Depot, Indiana. The Board found that this wagon did not contain very many advantages over the present type of wagon, and recommended that certain defective features be corrected and a further test made.

U.S. NAVAL OBSERVATORY HEAD EXPLAINS ECLIPSE

IN REFERENCE to the total solar eclipse of January 24, 1925, Capt. Edwin F. Pollock, U.S.N., Superintendent of the U. S. Naval Observatory has issued the following statement:

"The present eclipse occurs early in the day in the United States, the sun rises particularly eclipsed from the Rocky Mountains to just east of the Dakotas, when it is total at sunrise, while on the eastern shore of Lake Huron the eclipse begins at sunrise. There the totality lasts but 1 min. 42 sec., while as one moves to the E. S. E., the length of totality increases, so that at New Haven, Conn., the length is 2 minutes. Further to the eastward the time length of totality increases slightly and then decreases as the path of the eclipse curves to the northeast and ends north of Scotland.

Many American observatories are preparing to make observations in New York and Connecticut, while the United States Naval Observatory is preparing to use the U.S.S. Los Angeles (formerly the ZR-3), to go to sea to the eastward of Montauk Point and south of Nantucket to take photographs of the various phases, and including movies of the corona and shadow, photographs of the "shadow bands," the "flash spectrum," etc.

"By going over the ocean the Los Angeles will be where the totality of the eclipse is longer than over the land, and with a possible altitude of 6,000 feet will be well clear of earth haze and morning mist, and probably will find less interference from clouds, certainly she can get above the low clouds. The "long distance weather man" predicts good weather, however, on that day. Let us hope his forecast will be better than some for less time ahead.

"The principal reason for desiring photographs of this eclipse is that few have been secured heretofore at this phase of the sun spot cycle which is now on the up curve—the minimum having been last year, while the entire cycle lasts 11.1 years.

"We know that sun spots are great electrical storms, that when they occur there are electrical disturbances on the earth affecting cable and telegraph communications, sometimes even burning out cables if precautions are not taken. We know that during a total solar eclipse the electric streamers and flaming protuberances, from the sun extending over hundreds of thousands and perhaps millions of miles, are visible at that time only, and can be photographed with special plates. By comparing photographs taken during different eclipses, an idea can be had of the power of the electric storms (sun spots) on the sun, at different stages of the sun spot cycle.

"Anything that affects communications is vital to the Navy."

PRINCETON R. O. T. C. STRONG

PRINCETON UNIVERSITY with a net increase of 104 over the last school year leads all senior Reserve Officers' Training Corps units in the Second Corps Area, comprising the states of New York, New Jersey and Delaware, according to a statement issued early this week by Maj. Gen. Robert Lee Bullard, at Governors Island.

"Practically all of the educational institutions which maintain military units have reported increased interest in the various military courses as evidenced by the larger number of students who are now pursuing the optional or advanced course which leads to a commission in the Organized Reserves upon Graduation," said General Bullard.

ASKS HIGHWAY LICENSE

THE Commanding Officer at Fort Benning has asked the War Department to issue a revocable license to the State Highway Department of Georgia, to enable construction of a road through the reservation and the erection of a bridge over the Upatol. This proposed road is to be built from funds appropriated by the Federal Aid Act approved in 1921. When completed, the road will be of great advantage to the military authorities in connection with the development of this post and also will be found beneficial by the Department of Agriculture who recently have had a large part of the reservation set aside for forestry purposes.

TO NAVY YARD

FROM present indications the U.S.S. Oklahoma will go to the Navy Yard, Puget Sound, from July 7 to August 26 and the U.S.S. Arizona from August 12 to October 7. These dates may be changed in order to take care of urgent repairs or unforeseen contingencies.

SPECIAL SERVICE NEWS AND COMMENT

BY E. B. JOHNS

IT HAS begun to dawn on the Congressional mind that the Regular Army and National Guard are working together. Those that have not studied the National Defense Act, and this class comprises the great majority, in fact three-fourths, cannot understand why this change in the attitude of the two older components of the Army of the United States has taken place. They cannot see why the old prejudice and antagonism has disappeared. It seems strange to many of them why the Regular Army, through the War Department, is supporting increases in the strength of the National Guard.

Under the old conditions, Congressmen who really did not want to see appropriations for either the Regular Army or the National Guard were in the habit of playing one against the other. When approached by National Guardsmen, they would say "Of course, I am for our home boys, who are in the National Guard, but the Regular Army and the War Department are against you. We cannot go too far in opposition to the War Department." On the other hand, when approached by a representative of the War Department or the Regular Army, the same class of politician would say:

"Of course, I know we must depend upon the Regular Army, but if you do not keep down the appropriations for the National Guard we cannot give the Regular Army what it ought to have. You people up in the War Department must keep your recommendations down for the National Guard."

CANNOT PLAY POLITICS

THE debate on the Army appropriation bill brought out the fact that the politicians cannot play this game under the new military policy. Representative Dickenson, of Iowa, member of the War Department sub-committee of the House Committee on Appropriations in the course of the debates, when he was opposing vigorously the Hull amendment increasing the appropriation for the National Guard, charged the War Department with the "heinous crime" of building up the National Guard so that it would demand an increase in the appropriation.

Mr. Dickenson said: "Increasing the National Guard depends upon the energy put behind it in the War Department. You will find no new organization that cannot be traced back to the initiative in the War Department."

General Speaks, who was a veteran National Guardsman under the old policy, insisted: "That has nothing to do with it."

Mr. Dickenson replied: "I have made some study of the matter, and the results of my study are contrary to what the gentleman states."

The older officers, who served in the Regular Army and National Guard previous to the War, would scarcely believe that the time has come when those who are opposing National Guard appropriations, would criticize the Regular Army or the War Department for putting too much energy behind the National Guard.

For some reason, the friends of the National Guard in the House during the consideration of the appropriation bill did not co-operate. General Speaks had originated a plan to propose an amendment, but changed his mind at the last moment. Chairman Anthony increased the confusion by stating in the midst of the debate:

"If it would be any information to the gentleman from Iowa, I say to him that I had a communication this morning from the President of the National Guard Association, General Reckord, of Maryland, saying that any attempt made to increase the amount of these appropriations after the increases made by the committee would be made without the approval of the National Guard Association."

But all of this did not prevent Representative Hull of Iowa from proposing his amendment.

McKENZIE STATES OPPOSITION

CHAIRMAN MCKENZIE, of the House Committee on Military Affairs, who has always been a consistent supporter of the National Guard, as well as the Regular Army, opposed an increase in the appropriation because he was under the impression that the National Guard Association did not want the item increased. Stating his position, Chairman McKenzie said:

"The gentleman is aware, as we all are aware, of the fact that the National Guard Association of the United States is a pretty wide awake up to date organization."

"When they feel that they are getting the worst of it, they are not backward in letting members of Congress know about

it. Now, I want to state frankly to the gentleman from Iowa that I have not received a single communication from any member of the National Guard Association from the state of Illinois, or any other place, complaining about this appropriation, and I would like to know if the gentleman has?"

"Certainly I have," said Mr. Hull, "and the fact of the matter is, the National Guard Association all over the country want the National Guard to grow to 250,000 men. They have, today, 10,000 men who want to come into the National Guard, but they cannot take them in."

With this confusion, it is not surprising that Mr. Hull's amendment, increasing the appropriation for the National Guard, was defeated.

SERVICE MEMBERS BACK O. E.

WHEN the Organized Reserves provisions came up, Representative Royal Johnson, an emergency officer of distinguished service, proposed an amendment increasing the appropriation for pay and allowance of members of the Officers' Reserve Corps on duty, not exceeding 15 days, from \$2,000,000 to \$2,457,000. As stated in last week's ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL all of the ex-service men, with exception of Representative Hamilton Fish, of New York, lined up solidly behind Captain Johnson.

There was not a discordant note among the advocates of this appropriation. Among those who were active in the debate were Representatives Simmons, of Nebraska; Hull of Iowa; Jeffers, of Alabama; Summers, of Washington, and Bulwinkle, of North Carolina.

Captain Johnson, in a concluding statement of a running debate, said: "The gentleman from Alabama (Mr. Jeffers), who saw such distinguished service in the 82d Division, in the Infantry, and who perhaps paid more in bodily injury than any other man in the House, has expressed what I believe is the feeling of the Service men of the Congress and of the United States. I believe in this Budget and it has been with great reluctance I have offered any amendment to increase the allowance made by it, but this question of national defense is so important and this is such a vital part of it that for the first time in the short 10 years I have been in the Congress I have tried to overturn the judgment of the committee. I hope that the members of the House will recognize that this is a vital part of the national defense, and will recognize the fact that this money is not wasted but goes to men who are making sacrifices and will vote for the adoption of this amendment and the other two amendments which I shall offer if this is accepted by this committee."

Taking advantage of the absence of ex-Service men from the floor, a little later, Chairman Anthony defeated the item for transportation and mileage for 18,000 officers which were provided for in the Johnson amendment, and demanded a roll call on the bill when it came up the following day. On a roll call, Chairman Anthony and his Committee were sniped under by a vote of 185 to 132. This will probably be corrected in the Senate. A drive by the preparedness forces will change the situation in the House as well as the Senate, it is thought.

Representative Newton, of Minnesota, proposed an amendment increasing the appropriation for the Reserve Officers' Training Camp from \$3,818,020.00 to \$4,118,020.00. It was late in the day, and a number of the advocates of preparedness had left the floor, so that Mr. Newton was compelled to make the fight alone.

Mr. Newton said that he understood that the appropriation named in the bill that the students of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps in the freshman and sophomore classes, would be deprived in the summer camps of the instruction. Chairman Anthony admitted that this was correct.

SCORES "PENNYWISE" POLICY

MR. NEWTON declared, in urging the adoption of his amendment, that: "There is not a better camp to be found anywhere. I might say also that in addition to the military training there is extensive athletic competition in sports."

"This brings out the very finest type of young men. I think it is a big mistake for this Congress to go on record in this way and to start out with a new program entirely, because that is what you are doing. Heretofore we have been training the young men in the primary classes, but now we limit it to the junior and the senior classes of the colleges, and I think it is a

mistake. I do not think this ought to be done and an addition of \$300,000 in this appropriation will prevent it."

To this, the only defense of Chairman Anthony and Mr. Dickenson, was that the Director of the Budget reduced the appropriation as a matter of economy. Again, the Chairman of the sub-committee and Mr. Dickenson took refuge behind the President. Mr. Dickenson declared: "The appropriation committee feels that it has direct representation of the President in every item of this bill, regardless of whether he made it specifically or not."

Mr. Newton came back by declaring: "The committee may feel that way, but all the House knows that the individual items do not represent the views of the President himself."

That there is an intention on the part of some members of the House, including those on the War Department sub-committee not to carry out the provisions of the National Defense Act, was brought out by a reply from Mr. Dickenson to Mr. Newton's declaration that the budget should not be allowed to interfere with a carrying out of the amended National Defense Act. Mr. Dickenson said, in this connection:

"I would like to suggest that the National Defense Act was passed soon after the war and as we gradually get away from the war, I believe we have reached the conclusion that some of the ideas carried in that Act, are unnecessary at this time. I am wondering whether or not we are bound to carry out everything required in the National Defense Act, or whether we can adjust it to the present program of the country."

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Mr. Connolly met this in a very effective manner, by reading a letter from President Coolidge, which concludes by saying: "Recognizing the great good which comes to the Government and to the people from the Citizens' Military Training Camp, I hope that each year an increasing number of young men will take advantage of the opportunity which is afforded them."

COL. BJORNSTAD'S PROMOTION

FOR over a week, behind closed doors in the Senate Military Committee, testimony is being taken in what might be termed, the case of Senator Davis Elkins of West Virginia vs. Colonel A. W. Bjornstad in regard to the latter's promotion. The "prosecution" has employed a Philadel-

phia lawyer to present its complaint, and it has been necessary for Colonel Bjornstad to employ an attorney.

The testimony is all confidential. However, there is an impression that the nomination of Colonel Bjornstad to be brigadier general will be reported out favorably and be confirmed by the Senate. This grows out of the general knowledge of Senator Elkins' complaint. It has become known that his complaint is a personal one, in that Colonel Bjornstad, as Commander of the 13th Brigade, 7th Division, recommended the relief of the then Major Elkins, as adjutant of the Brigade.

It is generally recognized that the Adjutant of the Brigade should be the personal selection of the commander. It is really no reflection upon an officer to be relieved as adjutant or a chief of staff of an organization when a new commander takes charge. A commander is usually expected to select a chief of staff or an adjutant with whom he has served previously, or with whom he is acquainted personally. Such an arrangement is generally regarded as more satisfactory to both the commander and the adjutant.

Without regard to this, however, it can be stated that Senator Elkins has not the general sympathy of his colleagues in bringing his personal grievance before the Senate Committee on Military Affairs. It is not regarded as good taste, and it will be necessary for him to make a very strong case to win in the Committee. However, according to reliable reports, Senator Elkins, when he appeared before the Committee, did not create a very favorable impression.

As stated previously, more than the personal interest of Colonel Bjornstad is involved. Any yielding on the part of the Military Committee, to satisfy a personal grievance of a member of the Senate will have a disastrous effect upon the morale of the Regular Army. It is, indeed, unfortunate that an officer, whose promotion is recommended by the War Department, should be compelled to employ an attorney to defend himself against an attack by a member of the Senate. The general impression is allowing the investigation to go as far as it has is not contributing to the efficiency of the Army.

ADMIRAL COONTZ'S SCHEDULE

THE itinerary of Admiral Coontz, Commander-in-Chief of the United States Fleet has been revised under date of January 10. Under the new program, the Seattle will have a very busy period from February 9 until April 19.

With Admiral Coontz aboard, the Seattle will leave the Navy Yard, Puget Sound February 9 and sail to San Francisco, arriving there on February 12. She will remain in San Francisco until February 16, sailing to San Pedro, where she is due on February 17. She remains in San Pedro until the 20th of February, from where she goes to San Diego to remain until February 28.

From February 28, until March 14, Admiral Coontz will be observing the strategic problem. The Seattle will be in the San Diego-San Pedro area from March 14 till April 3. She is due to return to San Francisco on April 5, from which she sails on April 12 to the Hawaiian Islands, arriving there on April 19.

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ANNOUNCE RESULTS OF MEDICAL N.C.O. EXAMS

AS a result of the examination held October 6-11, 1924, for promotion to the grade of Staff Sergeant, Medical Department, fifty-nine enlisted men of the Medical and Dental Service and fourteen enlisted men of the Veterinary Service qualified for appointment to Staff Sergeant.

Warrants have been forwarded by the War Department to the successful candidates, who are as follows:

Medical and Dental Service—Eulis G. Gathright, Elbert B. Hopper, Paul F. Brown, Milton M. Bedenbaugh, Thomas W. Kennedy, William J. Burkhardt, Proctor Simmons, Harold O. Gurney, Harry P. Patterson, Henley C. Busie, Harland W. Laver, Victor E. Thompson, Hubert L. Brown, Charles L. Marsh, John J. Templeton, Howard M. Foster.

Manuel F. Campa, Pierre W. Fox, Harry B. Criss, Michael F. Dalton, Fred J. Duncan, Edward Brittain, Jr., Alfred J. Pulliam, Relda F. Teague, Boyd A. B. Garrett, Thomas Robinson, George A. Prout, Erwin G. Rhoades, Thomas E. G. Abbott, Joseph S. Wilcox, Nick Kline, Andy V. Little, Arthur R. Salguero, Jr., Bob Thomas, Arthur H. Miller, Lonie D. Huffman.

Dean Sherman, William J. B. House, Mendel Gottfried, William F. Farmer, Frank J. Magers, Pearl L. Chapin, Joe E. McKnight, Rudolph X. Blohm, Richard L. Ratliff, Albert W. Moffett, Frank L. Morehouse, Mike Perry, Lewis M. Gould, Robert C. Smith, Erford E. Buckley, Kindrick Ownby, Charles P. Munroe, Roy L. Day, Joseph R. Ely, Arthur Carlton, Earl W. York, John H. Cronin.

Veterinary Service—Raymond E. Weil, Francis R. Twomey, Earl P. Sherman, James E. Maloney, Hans Eberspaecher, Henry H. Denning, Herbert L. Cole, Alphonso Dufault, Morrill E. Stephenson, James Gorman, Lawrence J. Lough, Geo. R. Dalton, John J. Keffer, Henry E. Drake.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT TO HOLD STAFF SGT. EXAM

PURSUANT to the provisions of paragraph 6 of Army Regulations 615-15, Maj. Gen. Merritt W. Ireland, Surgeon General of the Army, has designated April 6-11, 1925, as the date of the next examination for promotion to Staff Sergeant, Medical Department, Medical and Dental Service. Requests for admittance to the class should be forwarded from corps area headquarters or from independent stations not later than March 20, 1925.

In the Philippine Department, Panama Canal Department and Hawaiian Department, the department surgeon, and for the U. S. Army Forces in China, the chief surgeon, will take final action, as heretofore, for the Surgeon General. Questions for, and detailed instructions relative to, the examination will be forwarded in due time.

A sufficient number to meet the needs of the Service did not qualify in the examination for Staff Sergeant held October 6-11, 1924, and at the present time there are about forty vacancies to be filled. Elsewhere in this issue will be found a list of enlisted men of the Medical Department who qualified for appointment to Staff Sergeant, Medical Department, in the last examination held October 6-11, 1924.

BRITISH SCRAP BATTLESHIP

H.M.S. MONARCH, the last battleship which the British are required to scrap under the Arms Treaty, was towed out of Portsmouth, England, en route to Plymouth on January 6, according to report. The British Admiralty plans to use her as a target for the Atlantic Fleet. The vessel must be scrapped by February 1.

ASKS FOR ARMY BLIMPS

DAVID C. TODD, a scientist who is to study the solar eclipse in the North-eastern United States late this month, is reported to have sent a telegram to the Chief of the Air Service suggesting the use of all available Army blimps for photographing the phenomena.

URGES ARMY AWARDS

SECRETARY WEEKS, appearing before the House Committee on Military Affairs on January 6, urged quick enactment of legislation to enable the War Department to reward the world flyers in accordance with suggestions submitted by the General Staff. He also scored the failure of the United States to recognize exceptional services by military officers during and since the World War.

DIVISIONS AND ARMY CORPS

3D INFANTRY DIVISION

WHAT is believed to be one of the highest records for rifle marksmanship in the Army was made during 1924 by the 30th Infantry, "San Francisco's Own Regiment," according to tabulations recently completed by Col. Charles S. Lincoln, commanding.

The records show that of the 807 men who fired the record practice course, 250 qualified as expert riflemen, which is the highest rating awarded for marksmanship in the Army. 261 men qualified as sharpshooters, the next highest rating, and 260 as marksmen.

More than 95 per cent of the total number of men qualified as marksmen or better, and the average score of all men firing was that of sharpshooter.

Equally remarkable results were made by the automatic riflemen. Of the 129 men firing the automatic rifle, 128 were qualified as expert riflemen.

26TH INFANTRY DIVISION

APPROXIMATELY 70 per cent of the members of the 26th Division Staff have qualified for marksmanship as a result of weekly practice at the Commonwealth Armory. Major General Logan plans to have every member of the Staff qualify before March 1.

THE officers of the Division attended the annual ball of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery in the Copley-Plaza Hotel, January 13. Lt. Col. H. D. Cornornis, Division Inspector, is the Ancient's commanding officer.

MAJ. GEN. EDWARD L. LOGAN and members of his staff will be hosts to all the officers of the Division at a military ball in the Cadet Armory, Wednesday evening, February 22. The officers will be in Boston that day to attend the reception tendered Governor Alvan T. Fuller.

79TH INFANTRY DIVISION

Division Headquarters Company, the only unit of Special Troops in Philadelphia, made a good showing in the Philadelphia Defense Day parade on September 12. The other units of Special Troops took part in the defense demonstrations at their respective stations.

DURING the year 1924 the 315th Infantry again became active as a unit in the Army of the United States. Each week a regimental luncheon was held for all those who could attend. This luncheon has proved a real success and has brought together many of the officers, both of the old regiment and of the new outfit. One hundred and forty officers attended the training camp in the summer and reaped a real harvest as a result of this most interesting tour of duty.

THE 304th Medical Regiment has had one important change during the year just ending. This was the reorganization of the regiment by Reg. S. O. 1, 1924, in compliance with the new Tables of Organization as authorized by G. O. 15, W. D., 1924.

80TH INFANTRY DIVISION

THE promotion of Lt. Col. Joseph C. Monmonier, Med., O.R.C., BA Group, Catonsville, Md., to grade of colonel, Medical O.R.C., December 15, 1924, is announced. His attachment to the 305th Medical Regiment for training and instruction only is continued in effect.

Capt. Henry C. Campbell, Inf., O.R.C., having removed from the 80th Division area, is relieved from assignment to the 320th Infantry.

Maj. Franklin E. Horpel, Inf., O.R.C., Baltimore, Md., is relieved from temporary duty with the 317th Infantry and is assigned to the 319th Infantry.

Maj. Randolph E. B. McKenney, Inf., O.R.C., is relieved from assignment to the 319th Infantry and is temporarily attached to the 320th Infantry pending a suitable vacancy for his permanent assignment.

The following named officers, having been attached to the 80th Division for training and instruction only, are attached to units thereof as follows: 320th Infantry, Maj. Edwin N. Lewis; 2d Lts. Alvin T. Basford, Winfred Lake, Madison R. Smith.

The following named officers, now attached to units of the 80th Division for training and instruction, are relieved from attachment to these units and are assigned as follows: Headquarters Special Troops, Capt. Charlie F. Morgan, Richmond, Va.; 305th Ordnance Company (Maintenance), 2d Lt. Earl M. Valentine, 80th Division Air Service, 1st Lt. Samuel M. Moore, Jr., A. S., O.R.C., and 2d Lt. George R. Cassidy, A. S., O.R.C.

Second Lt. Alan P. Curdts, F.A., O.R.C., 911 Colonial avenue, Norfolk, Va., is relieved from attachment to the 314th Field Artillery and is assigned thereto.

First Lt. William E. Blewett, Jr., Engr., O.R.C., Allegany road, Hampton, Va., having been assigned to the 80th Division, is assigned to the 305th Engineers (Combat).

Second Lt. Robert B. Riordan, F.A., O.R.C., Brookland, D. C., having been attached to the 80th Division for training and instruction, is attached to the 313th Field Artillery for training and instruction only.

Capt. Richard C. McGehee, Inf., O.R.C., Lynchburg, Va., is attached to the 317th Infantry for training and instruction only.

First Lt. Joseph W. Manning, Sig., O. R. C., now attached to the 80th Signal Company for training and instruction, is relieved from such attachment and is assigned thereto.

Second Lt. Walter D. Seebert, A.S., O. R. C., Portsmouth, Va., is relieved from such attachment and is assigned thereto.

Capt. Grover E. Moore, Inf., O.R.C., 1517 3d street, N. W., Washington, D. C., now attached to the 320th Infantry for training and instruction, is relieved from such attachment and is assigned thereto.

Second Lt. Willie W. Anderson, Inf., O. R. C., Sandy Level, Va., now attached to the 317th Infantry, is relieved from such attachment and is assigned thereto.

Maj. Samuel B. Ginsberg, Dent., O.R.C., 1367 Quincy street, N. W., Washington, D. C., is relieved from assignment to the Medical Personnel, 320th Infantry, there being no suitable vacancy for his assignment.

61ST CAVALRY DIVISION

RESERVE officers of the 303d Cavalry, of which Col. Latham G. Reed, O. R. C., is the head and Capt. G. Galway, Cav., U.S.A., is executive officer, will hold a map problem and dinner in New York city the latter part of January. The problem will be thrashed out at Squadron A Armory, and the dinner will be held at Chateau Shanley.

AN enjoyable dinner and map problem was held by the Reserve officers of the 304th Cavalry at the Army and Navy Club of America on December 22. Colonel Sullivan, O.R.C., presided, and among the officers present were Brig. Gen. Brice P. Disque, O.R.C., and Col. Clement A. Trott and George Vidmer, Cav., U.S.A.

63D CAVALRY DIVISION

THE fourth session of the School in Applied Tactics and Troop Leading for National Guard and Reserve Officers was held in the Y.M.C.A. Building, Chattanooga, on the evening of December 30, 1924. The attendance at this class was the largest that we have had to date and it is expected that the class will gradually increase.

THE semi-monthly riding class held its first meeting for 1925 at Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., Sunday, January 4. Twelve officers were present.

PLANS are now being made to organize a pistol team among the Reserve Officers of Chattanooga and hold regular periods of practice at Fort Oglethorpe. After the organization of the team, small pistol competitions will be scheduled.

THE promotion of Capt. Arlo Ayres Brown, Chap., O.R.C., University of Chattanooga, Tenn., to the grade of Major, Chap. O.R.C., is announced. Chaplain Brown will retain his present assignment to the Chaplains Section, 63d Cavalry Division Headquarters.

65TH CAVALRY DIVISION

ENTHUSIASTIC interest in regular weekly rides, a change in the staff, and a larger enrollment in the Correspondence School is reported in the latest word from the 65th Cavalry Division.

The 65th, with headquarters in Chicago and drawing its men from the 6th Corps Area, Illinois, Michigan and Wisconsin, has an average of 50 men trooping every Sunday for two hours at Fort Sheridan.

Ten weeks of riding was on the schedule for this fall season which is now about over. The rides have proved very popular. The men are split into two groups, one outfit for veterans and another for newcomers.

COURT MARTIAL ACQUITS LIEUT. HUTCHISON, A.S.

L. T. JAMES T. HUTCHISON, Air Service, U.S.A., on duty at Mitchell Field, Long Island, N. Y., was acquitted by a G.C.M., at Governors Island, N. Y., January 9, 1925, of four charges based on a flight he made on November 28 last in which he was alleged to have done stunt flying.

The case is said to be the first of its kind in the history of the Army, and has excited considerable interest.

The following was the detail ordered for the court: Col. William B. Ladue, Corps of Engrs., law member; Col. Edward T. Hartman, Inf.; Col. Clement A. Trott, Inf.; Lt. Col. Jay W. Grissinger, Med. Corps; Lt. Col. William N. Haskell, Cav.; Maj. Charles McH. Eby, Qm. Corps; Maj. Henry W. Fleet, Inf., D.O.L.; Maj. Benjamin M. Bailey, Field Art.; Maj. Walter E. Pridgen, 16th Inf.; Maj. John E. Ardrey, Inf. D.O.L.; 1st Lt. John C. Mac Arthur, 16th Inf.; Trial Judge Advocate; 2d Lt. Cecil W. Nist, 16th Inf., Assistant Trial Judge Advocate; Maj. Louis H. Bauer, Med. Corps, Defense Counsel.

Lieutenant Hutchison was charged with having violated three Army Regulations and one municipal law, the specifications alleging that he did stunt flying in disobedience of orders of Maj. W. N. Hensley, Jr., Air Service, commanding at Mitchell Field; that he did acrobatic flying, and that he flew low over both Mitchell Field and the Washington Heights section of New York city, where there were large assemblages, causing much excitement and this "to the prejudice of good order and military discipline."

DESIGNATE CANDIDATES FOR MILITARY ACADEMY

THE following named candidates have been designated during the past week for the Military Academy entrance examination to be held beginning on March 3, 1925, with a view to admission to the Academy on July 1, 1925.

Alabama, Raymond B. Guthrie, Mobile; Hawaii, Frank Sommerfield, Jr., Wailuku; Lawrence Holt, Honolulu; George Carey, Honolulu; Illinois, Carl Swanson, DeKalb; Carl Carlmark, Moline; Massachusetts, John Lloyd Persons, Robert A. Knowles, Everett Holt, Attleboro; Michigan, Elmer F. Deitrich, Port Huron; Franz A. Hirt, Richmond.

Minnesota, Elmarsh V. Dybdal, Elbow Lake; Missouri, Jos. Earl Stephenson, Star Route, Greenfield; Glen Russell Dickerson, Armstrong; Andrew Hunter Dowdy, Bates City; Nebraska, John Moore Allison, Lincoln; New Jersey, Donald M. Schorr, Francis John Clarke, Jersey City.

New York, Philip Henry Draper, Jr., Troy; Ohio, Glenpatric Shrock, Greenfield; Wm. Kline Jenkins, Portsmouth; John Chas. Hayden, Norman C. Finney, Harold J. Toland, Akron; Pennsylvania, John Russell Seward, Altoona.

Virginia, Jos. Warwick Kreutner, Jr., Alexandria; Francis Hobday Lynch, McLean; John Conway Henry, East Falls Church; Washington, Francis Vincent Higgins, Tacoma, and U.S.A.L. Pres. Coolidge to take examination on competitive basis, Endicott Longacre, Little Rock, Arkansas; Thos. Richard McAndrew, Fort Bragg, N. C.; John Pierpont Persons, Washington, D. C.

National Guard, North Dakota, Bruce D. Rindlaub, Fargo, Ind.; Florida, Henry George Simmonite, Miami.

FIRST C.A. DISTRICT O.R. URGE RIFLE CLUBS

IN THE January issue of the Bulletin of the Organized Reserves of the First Coast Artillery District, considerable space is given to the organization of Reserve Corps Rifle Clubs. The article points out that the introduction of some sort of competition into any work that is being undertaken results in greater interests in their jobs being manifest by the workers.

It points out that the Organized Reserve Divisions and non-divisional groups face many more problems in enlisting men and keeping them interested than does the National Guard, and as a consequence, any plan tending to get men into the Reserve and keep them interested is worthy of the attention of every Reserve Officer; and that the civilian rifle club idea fits into the Reserve organization scheme without any difficulty or without the necessity of unwinding any "red tape."

The National Rifle Association looks with favor on the organization of Reserve Corps Clubs and is cooperating closely in the work.

J. A. G. DEPARTMENT

ARMY REGULATIONS 600-35, dated November 25, 1924, soon to be issued by the War Department to supersede A.R. 600-35, October 14, 1921 and Changes No. 9, October 16, 1923, contains the promulgation to the Service, in paragraph 15 (g) of a change from the old insignia for The Judge Advocate General's Department to a new device, consisting of "a balance upheld by a Roman sword and ribbon blindfold, 1 inch in height. Scales and sword hilt to be gold, blade of sword and ribbon silver." Although the new device has been authorized since July 1, 1924, the change in insignia has not heretofore been published. Subsequent to the printing of Army Regulations 600-35, but prior to its promulgation, the order for the change in insignia was revoked by the War Department and the old insignia restored at the request of this office. The necessary amendment to effect this change will be included in the next revision of Army Regulations 600-35. This notification of the restoration of the old insignia is furnished for the information of all judge advocates so that upon receipt of the new Army Regulations 600-35 and before the amendment of those Regulations relative to insignia is received, judge advocates will not replace the old insignia by the new.

THE FIELD ARTILLERY

MAJOR GEN. WILLIAM J. SNOW, Chief of Field Artillery, will leave Washington January 19 for an approximately two weeks' inspection of the general field artillery activities in the Middle West. His itinerary is as follows: Ohio State University, January 20; Battery C, 14th Field Artillery, Jefferson Barracks, Mo.; University of Missouri, January 21; Command and General Staff School, Fort Leavenworth, January 23; Cavalry School, Fort Riley, Kan., January 24 and 25; University of Oklahoma, Norman, Okla., January 27; Field Artillery School, Fort Sill, Okla., January 28, 29, 30 and 31. General Snow will leave Fort Sill on the morning of January 31 and is due to arrive in Washington on February 2.

THE proposed changes in design of the telescope pertaining to Azimuth Instrument, model 1918, to adapt it for high-burst ranging, have been given a careful study. It is now proposed to prepare two instruments for preliminary test at Fort Bragg before undertaking the manufacture of four others to complete the equipment desired by the Field Artillery.

WITH a total score of 349 Battery "D," 7th Field Artillery, with station at Madison Barracks, New York, was awarded the Knox Trophy this year, which is donated by the Society of the Sons of the Revolution of Massachusetts. Prior to this year's award this trophy was awarded every year to that Field Artillery battery of the Regular Establishment which attained the highest rating in firing efficiency. This year, however, the award was given to that battery which attained the highest rating in mobility, firing efficiency, interior economy and communications. The two nearest competitors of Battery "D" obtained a total score of 343 and 342, respectively.

In this year's competition were entered batteries from the Philippines, Panama, Hawaii, and, with the exception of four, every post in the United States having stationed thereat a battalion or more of field artillery participated in the competition.

In the final contest, in which 12 batteries competed, the average scores made are as follows: Mobility, 87; interior economy, 85; firing efficiency, 68, and communications, 32. Considerable discussion has been going on in Field Artillery circles as to whether or not, due to the lowest average made in communication, that this is our weakest point among field artillery organizations.

This controversy is somewhat aggravated, however, in that in the communications test given this year, four out of the dozen batteries established a rating of over 60.

Field Artillery officers point out, however, that one year's trial is not sufficient to answer this question with any degree of accuracy, and this year's communication competition will be watched with great interest by all artillerymen.

FAVOR RECREATION PLAN

THE War Department has approved plans for the construction of an officers' club as a part of the recreational center project now under way at Fort Benning, Ga.

SERVICE SCHOOLS AND ACADEMIES

MIDSHIPMEN

U.S.N.A., ANNAPOLIS, Md.

THE Naval Academy is very proud of the fine record of its basketball team this season, and reasonably confident as to the remaining games, but recognizing fully that there is much for the team to overcome before winning the leadership for the year.

With nine straight victories, Pennsylvania, Yale and Columbia, of the Intercollegiate Association, being three of the defeated teams, and Minnesota, Chicago and Michigan of the Western Conference, three more of them, the work of the midshipmen up to this time has been impressive.

There is no doubt that the idea of winning the leadership of the colleges this year has taken hold here, but to accomplish it, Yale and Pennsylvania must be defeated in their own homes, and victories registered over Fordham, the Military Academy and a number of other strong teams which still appear on the Navy's schedule.

The Navy's victory, on their own court, over Yale and Pennsylvania were not so decisive as to make odds greatly in its favor when they meet these teams for the return games. Fordham, which plays at Annapolis on February 11, defeated Yale overwhelmingly, while the Military Academy, though not going well now, is expected to make its usual hard fight when it opposes the Naval Academy here on February 28.

The Midshipmen are playing a fast and spirited game, but there is no doubt that they are not now quite up to the point that their early showing promised. There are, in fact, some definite defects in their work, these being in dribbling, long passing and in quick shooting from near the basket.

The Navy has, however, a great fighting team, as indicated particularly by its winning rallies against Michigan and Pennsylvania, and some wonderful long range shooters. Craig, who lead the field in this line in the early games, has weakened greatly lately, but a return to his early form is expected.

Parrish and Signer are the most promising candidates for the other forward, if Day stays at center, while if Day goes to forward, Badger, Rhodes, Shapley and Rule are all possibilities at center. Captain Leggett is a bulwark of strength at guard, and Jones, Graf and Shapley are still in the running for the other place. Thus, Coach Allen is strong in reserve material, stronger, in fact, than a Naval Academy squad has ever been before.

CORPS OF CADETS

U.S.M.A., WEST POINT, N. Y.

THE Army basketball five, though getting away to a late start, contains much latent power and the Corps is hopeful that on February 28 they will journey to Annapolis to meet the Naval Academy quintet on equal terms.

THE Cadets have returned from Christmas leave and resumed the regular routine.

THE snow on the slopes has enabled some members of the Corps to go bob-sledding during recreation periods.

THE winning of Rhodes Scholarships by three Cadets has set a new scholastic record for the Corps. It is the first time in the history of the competition that Cadets have won the honors.

THE retention of "Hans" Lobert as coach of the Army baseball nine for the 1925 season has been announced. It is expected that the West Point nine will rank high in intercollegiate baseball circles this year, as there is said to be much promising material on hand.

NAVY SUPPLY SCHOOL

MR. G. P. AULD, formerly a commander in the Supply Corps of the Navy, has consented to address the Supply School of the Navy Department on February 7. His subject will be, "Six Years of Post-War Europe." He has studied Europe and its finances during the past six years.

During his service in the Navy, Mr. Auld was one of a group of officers of the Supply Corps who specialized in matters of finance and accounting. His work as officer in charge of such matters in the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts attracted so much attention, both at home and abroad, that in 1919 he was persuaded to give up the Navy for civil life. Shortly after his resignation from the Navy he was appointed Accountant General of the Inter-Allied Reparation Mission with headquarters in Paris, France. There he performed work of the first distinction, and has become a recognized authority on reparation matters.

He returned to America last November after having been actively engaged for the preceding six months in assisting Mr. Owen D. Young and Mr. Rufus Dawes in the establishment of the Dawes Plan. Since his return to America Mr. Auld has given a number of addresses in different parts of the country.

His talk in the Supply Corps School is looked forward to with particular interest, in view of his distinction in the civilian world and in view of the fact that he was formerly an officer of the Supply Corps.

THE COAST ARTILLERY

A LONG range Cloke Plotting Board is under manufacture at Frankford Arsenal. An order has recently been placed with this arsenal for the manufacture of 11 additional cloke plotting and relocating boards, based on the modification of the Whistler-Hearn plotting boards.

THE Lewis Depression Position Finder, model of 1907, has recently been redesigned to give increased accuracy and to extend the range scale to 40,000 yards. A number of Lewis Depression Position Finders are required for the new 16-inch gun and howitzer batteries.

AN experimental altimeter designed by the Bausch and Lomb Optical Company will soon be ordered. This altimeter has many new and unique features. It will give the height directly in feet for use in connection with the fire-control system of anti-aircraft batteries. The instrument will be tested by the Coast Artillery Board, which has already tested a large number of modern altimeters manufactured in various countries.

THE CAVALRY

AT a meeting of the U.S. Cavalry Association held at the Army and Navy Club, Washington, D. C., on January 14, Major General Malin Craig, Chief of Cavalry, and Col. Hamilton S. Hawkins, 3d Cav., were elected president and vice-president, respectively, for the year 1925. Lt. Col. Willis V. Morris, Cav., editor of the Cavalry Journal, was appointed by the Executive Council to be secretary-treasurer.

The Executive Council for the year is composed of the following: Colonels W. J. Glasgow, Cav.; J. H. Reeves, G.S.; F. LeJ. Parker, Cav.; T. A. Roberts, Cav.; Lt. Col. W. N. Connell, Cav.; Lt. Col. S. R. Gleaves, Cav.; Col. A. C. Calahan, Pennsylvania National Guard; Lt. Col. John Phillip Hill, Cav. R.C.; Lt. Col. W. P. Draper, Cav. R.C.

UPON the retirement of Major General Omar Bundy, who is in command of the 5th Corps Area, with headquarters at Fort Hayes, Ohio, which will become effective on June 17, 1925, the War Department has announced that Major Robert L. Howze, who is now in command of the First Cavalry Division at El Paso, Texas, will be assigned to command the 5th Corps Area. General Howze has continuously commanded the First Cavalry Division since he returned from overseas.

Among his pre-World War assignments were commander of the district of Porto Rico, commandant of Cadet Corps at West Point and with the punitive expedition into Mexico. His World War assignments include the 2nd brigade of the 15th Cavalry Division; the 38th Division, composed of Indiana, Kentucky and West Virginia National Guard troops, and the 3d Division, all of which he successively commanded. He graduated from the Military Academy, class of 1888, and the 1916 class of the Army War College.

General Howze was awarded the Distinguished Service Medal for his distinguished World War service. He is also a holder of the highest American decoration, the Congressional Medal of Honor, for gallantry in action displayed in the Sioux Indian operations in 1891. He was also cited for his gallantry in the action at Santiago, Cuba.

Tomorrow, January 18, 1925, Col. Frank M. Caldwell, who now is in command of the 14th Cavalry, with station at Fort Des Moines, Iowa, will be promoted to a brigadier general to fill the vacancy created by the promotion of Brig. Gen. Dennis E. Nolan, who becomes a major general on this date. Colonel Caldwell was born in New York, November 8, 1866, was appointed to the Military Academy from the State of Wisconsin, and graduated from West Point in 1890.

When the United States declared war in 1917, Colonel Caldwell, then a lieutenant colonel, was on duty as Assistant Department Inspector, Western Department. He remained in the Inspector General's Department as colonel and brigadier general until May 13, 1918, inspecting mobilization camps and troops. He was then assigned to the command of the 75th Infantry Brigade of the 38th Division, and later commanded the 83d and 84th Infantry Brigades of the 42d Division with the Army of Occupation in Germany.

Since his return to the United States he has served as a member of the Cavalry Efficiency Board, chairman of the War Department Board of Appraisers, on the War Department Claims Board, and as Inspector and Chief of Staff of the 6th Corps Area,

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT NOTES

ACCORDING to the action of the Ordnance Committee, Pratt Range Boards, model of 1905, which are now at the Frankford Arsenal for overhaul and repair and those boards that are now in service will be modified as follows:

Boards at Frankford Arsenal—(a) The half speed gearing on the correction ruler will be removed.

(b) The ruler will be strengthened.

(c) A reversible scale will be added to the ruler. One side will be a percentage correction scale graduated 1 inch equals 2 per cent. The other side will be a range correction scale graduated 1 inch equals 200 yards.

Boards now in Service—For each of the rulers on Pratt Range Boards, model of 1905 in service, there will be manufactured at Frankford Arsenal a scale which will be applied in the field in accordance with work orders to be issued. One side of this scale will be a percentage correction scale graduated 1 inch equals 4 per cent; the other side will be a range correction scale graduated 1 inch equals 400 yards.

THE Signal Corps and Ordnance Department are now working on the development of a common type of chassis for vehicles such as machine gun, howitzer and communication carts.

THE six-wheel, four rear-wheel drive, Dodge Light Repair Truck recently completed at Rock Island Arsenal is driven overland from Rock Island Arsenal to the Aberdeen Proving Ground. The trip was made without any failure of, or

trouble with the running gear. This vehicle was built as one of the steps in the development of a satisfactory cross country vehicle in the light cargo class. The running gear consists of four driven wheels at the rear with the regular steering wheels at the front. The four wheels at the rear are suspended in such a manner as to insure wheel contact with the ground under very rough ground conditions.

Balloon tires, high pressure tires, high pressure tires with Chase Track, or special rims with rubber track may be used on this vehicle. The various combinations will be tried out at Aberdeen during the test. Balloon tires were used on the trip from Rock Island to Aberdeen Proving Ground.

IN continuation of the policy to test commercial tractors for use in handling artillery, there were recently purchased and sent to Aberdeen Proving Ground for test the following tractors: Best Cruiser, Best 30, Monarch 4-40, and Monarch 6-60.

The Monarch 6-60 and Best Cruiser are the heaviest commercial tractors that have been purchased for test so far. These will be tried for use with Corps Artillery loads or divided Army artillery loads and will also be tried for tandem operation on the heavy Army artillery loads.

APPROVE INSIGNIA

APPROVAL has been given by the War Department of a distinctive insignia for the 304th Infantry, Organized Reserves.

MIDSHIPMEN QUINTET DOWNS QUAKERS 20-17

Annapolis Basketeers Score Ninth Successive Win Of Season

ALSO DEFEAT LAFAYETTE

WINNING their ninth successive victory of the season, the Navy basketball quintet sent the University of Pennsylvania five crashing to defeat in a closely contested game at Annapolis on January 10, by a score of 20-17.

The Blue and Gold Basketeers took the Quakers into camp only by staging a desperate rally in the final minutes of play. Up to the time the Navy started its spurt, the Red and Blue was leading 15-11.

Midshipmen Leggett, Day and Jones starred for the winners. Leggett started the rally by tallying from the foul line and Day dropped Navy final counter into the basket just before the whistle blew.

The teams played according to similar principles, massing their players in their own court and passing or dribbling until an opening developed. In this style of game Penn had the advantage, making good use of the dribble and working to more shots.

SCORES SIX GOALS

The Midshipmen, however, had a notable scorer in Day, who tallied six of the goals from the floor, and he was helped by Jones and Leggett in the final drive to victory. The half ended 12 to 9 in favor of Penn and ten minutes later the same team led by 15 to 10, with the Navy contingent begging for a rally. The Navy was not able to penetrate Penn's defense for easy shots and had to resort to shots from midcourt.

The Navy was learning to check Penn all the time, however, and the Quaker five was hard pressed all through the second half of the game. Penn also tried some long shots, but with scant success.

The final rally was attended by great excitement. The score was 15 to 11 against the Navy, with barely five minutes to play, when Leggett tallied from the foul line and then scored on a fine angle shot. Jones followed with a goal from the sideline, giving the Navy a lead of one point. Leggett then shot a goal from three feet beyond centre, giving the Navy a three-point lead. Goldblatt scored from the floor for Penn and Day for the Navy just before final time.

The line-up:

NAVY (20)—Parrish, R.F.; Craig, L. F.; Day, C.; Leggett, R.G.; Jones, I.G.

PENN (17)—Dessen, R.F.; Kneass, L. F.; Block, C.; Goldblatt, R.G.; Davenport, L.G.

Goals from field—Navy: Day 6, Jones, Signer, Leggett. Penn: Davenport 2, Morris, Block, Goldblatt.

Goals from foul—Navy: Parrish, Leggett. Penn: Morris 3, Kneass, Dessen, Davenport 2.

Substitutions—Navy: Graf for Jones, Badger for Day, Day for Parrish, Day for Badger, Signer for Day, Jones for Graf, Parrish for Signer, Graf for Jones, Signer for Graf. Penn: Morris for Kneass, Carmack for Dessen, Dessen for Carmack, Scherr for Block, Kneass for Scherr, Carmack for Kneass.

Referee—Ryon, Tome School. Umpire—Hallas, University of Illinois. Time of halves—20 minutes.

WIN TENTH STRAIGHT

Winning by 28 to 26, an extra period being required, the Naval Academy registered its tenth straight victory January 14 after a desperate fight with Lafayette.

At the end of the regular playing period the score was tied at 25 points. Parrish's long shot gave the Navy the victory, each side adding a point from the foul line.

The Navy started the game largely with a reserve team, though Day was at center. In five or six minutes, it had piled up a lead 8 to 2, but Crate, Hock and Millman swung into action for the visitors, so that Lafayette held the lead by 10 to 9 as the 10-minute point was passed. The Navy pulled up, before the end of the half, which ended 18 to 11 in its favor.

After six minutes of play in the second half, the Navy leading 22 to 18, nearly all of Navy's first string got in the game, but Lafayette continued to climb. Five minutes before the close, Badger scored from the floor giving the Navy a two-point lead, which Duffy almost immediately overcame

with a field goal tying the score as time was called.

The extra period was called amid great excitement. Two minutes after the start, Parrish scored on a long-range shot and Shapley followed with a goal from the line. Duffy's goal from the line was the last score of the game.

The summary: Naval Academy—Hamilton, F.; Signer F.; Day, C.; Graf, G.; Shapley, G.

Lafayette—Crate, F.; Moore, F.; Duffy, C.; Hock, G.; Millman, G.

U.S.N.A PLEBES CONQUER GETTYSBURG FROSH FIVE

THE Naval Academy plebes made their initial bow for the present season by defeating the Gettysburg freshmen, 38 to 19. The first half ended 14 to 7 in favor of the Midshipmen, and the second period brought faster action by both teams.

The first year midshipmen played a good game throughout, Broadbent, Bagdanovitch and Hannegan, in particular, giving promise of usefulness later on the varsity team. Thompson and Williams did some good passing and shooting for the visitors.

NAVY AND WASHINGTON MAY HOLD SPORT MEET

THE cruise of the Naval Academy practice squadron to the Pacific Coast this summer will afford a long anticipated opportunity for a general athletic competition between the Academy and the University of Washington. The squadron, with the midshipmen aboard, will remain at Seattle from July 22 to 30, and a suggestion was made some time ago by the Washington officials that if such a situation developed, there might be a series of contests which would be unique in the history of college athletics.

It was proposed that the representatives of the two institutions should meet in every branch of sport in which a contest was practicable. The sports particularly mentioned were rowing, baseball, track, lacrosse, soccer, swimming, boxing and wrestling.

There would be some difficulties in the way owing to the completion of the academic year and the graduation of the upper class, but it is thought that some arrangement might be made. The officials at both institutions are interested in the proposal, and the series of contests will be carried out if practicable.

NAVY NAMES OWSLEY AS NEW FOOTBALL COACH

JOHN OWSLEY, for several years coach of the football "scrubs" at Yale, has been appointed head coach of the Midshipman football team, it was announced by Admiral Wilson, superintendent of the Naval Academy, on January 14. Owsley replaces Bob Folwell, whose contract has expired.

John N. Wilson, physical instructor at the Naval Academy, was appointed first assistant to Owsley.

NAVAL MILITIA LOSES

THE Sixty-ninth Regiment, N.Y.N.G. Tennis Club defeated the Second Naval Battalion Tennis Club January 11, on the Sixty-ninth Regiment courts by 5 matches to 3. A ninth match, one of the doubles clashes, went unfinished because of darkness when the contending pairs were on even terms. The upset of the meet was the defeat of Percy Kynaston of the Naval Battalion by Stephen V. Brubans of the Sixty-ninth in straight sets, the scores being 6-3, 6-4.

ARMY-NAVY TICKETS

THE Army-Navy Basketball Game will be played at the United States Naval Academy on Saturday, February 28 at 2:30 p.m. Members of the Navy Athletic Association desiring tickets for this game will make request in writing to the secretary before February 15, on which date the lists will be closed and the allotment per member determined.

B. McCANDLESS,
Commander U. S. Navy,
Secretary.

CADET FIVE DEFEATS BROOKLYNITES 33-31

West Point Cagemen Exhibit Improvement Over Form In Opener

WIN IN EXTRA PERIOD

SHOWING a decided improvement in their play, the Army five defeated the St. Francis collegians of Brooklyn at West Point on January 10 after a gruelling struggle by a score of 33-31. The Cadets still showed the effects of a late start this season and an extra period was required to decide the contest.

Cadet Newman scored the winning tally with a field goal three minutes after the start of the extra period. He was the outstanding star of the West Point quintet. The St. Francis team, although outwelled by the Army, had a speedy quintet and threatened the Cadets throughout the second period.

The Brooklyn collegians trailed during the first half, but by a small margin, the score at half time being 14 to 11.

FIGHT TO TIE

The visitors, with Raye and McGreal featuring in the attack, came back strong in the second period and, after taking the lead, alternated with the Cadets in maintaining it until the whistle ended the regular time with the score reading 31 to 31.

Newman, on a fine stop and quick pass from Strickler, broke the tie with the field goal, shot from under the basket, which proved to be the winning score after three minutes of play in the extra period.

Newman, by his excellent passing, speed, and accurate shooting, starred for the Army.

The line-up:

ARMY (33)—Roosma, L.F.; Schepps, R.F.; Stober, C.; Newman, R.G.; Wood, L.G.

ST. FRANCIS (31)—McDonald, L.F.; Crane, R.F.; Raye, C.; Kenney, R.G.; McGreal, L.G.

Goals from field—Army: Roosma, Stober 4, Newman 7. St. Francis: McDonald 2, Crane, McWalters, Raye 6, McGreal 2.

Goals from foul—Army: Roosma 1 out of 1, Schepps 1 out of 2, Stober 1 out of 1, Newman 3 out of 4, Strickler 2 out of 2, Wood 1 out of 1. St. Francis: McDonald 0 out of 2, Crane 5 out of 7, Kenney 1 out of 1, McGreal 1 out of 2.

Substitutions—Army: Strickler for Wood. St. Francis: McWalters for Crane, McDonald for McWalters, McGreal for McDonald, Crane for McGreal.

Referee—Jack Murray. Umpire—Carl Reed. Time of halves—20 minutes.

U.S.M.A. ANNOUNCES 1925 SCHEDULE FOR FOOTBALL

ARMY'S 1925 football schedule of nine games, including a record list of five inter-sectional contests, was completed recently by the signing of Davis-Elkins College of Elkins, W. Va., for a game at West Point November 7.

The schedule: October 3 University of Detroit; 10, Knox College; 17, Notre Dame at New York; 24, St. Louis University; 31, Yale at New Haven, November 7, Davis-Elkins; 14, Columbia, at New York; 21, Ursinus; 28, Navy, at New York.

WEST POINT POLOISTS SPLIT DOUBLE-HEADER

DISPLAYING excellent stickwork and splendid horsemanship, the Cadets split a double-header with two seasoned polo teams of the N.Y.A.C. at West Point on January 10, winning the first, 11-5, and losing the second, 7-9. The Army trios fought hard and surprised the visitors, who apparently were expecting easy victories.

Henley featured in the first game for N.Y.A.C., tallying four goals, while the Cadets relied upon their splendid team work and rolled up a winning score.

The second game was a much closer match, in which every stroke was contested. The Cadets made five goals in the first period to one for N.Y.A.C. A foul on Fuqua changed the tide, however, and N.Y.A.C. tied the score at 7-7 at the beginning of the fourth period.

The game was won in the last two min-

utes of play by two sensational goals by Albright, ending the game with a score of 9-7 in favor of N.Y.A.C.

An interesting feature of the game was the clean play shown by both sides, only three fouls occurring during the two contests.

The line-up:

First game—West Point (11): 1, Baldwin; 2, Hawze; Back, P. Hale. N.Y.A.C.: 1, D. White; 2, J. Henley; Back, F. Samson.

Goals—Cadet Hawze 4, Cadet Baldwin 5, Cadet Hale 2, White, Henley 4.

Second game—N.Y.A.C. (9): 1, Albright; 2, Nelson; Back, H. Crossman. West Point (7): 1, Fuqua; 2, Stevenson; Back, Gardner.

Goals—Fuqua 4, Stevenson 2, Gardner, Albright 4, Nelson 3, Crossman 2.

Umpire—Captain Cole.

INFANTRY BASKETEERS LOSE CLOSE CONTEST

THE Mississippi A. and M. basketball team won a close struggle with the Infantry School quintet by a score of 41-38 on January 6. As the collegians are rated as one of the leading teams in the country and hold the championship of the Southern Conference, the Infantry supporters are said to be highly pleased at the strength displayed by the Doughboy five.

The Infantry scored from the field 18 times to 17 which the Mississippians dropped through the wicket but the Aggies outshot the Infantry on fouls 7 to 4 making the difference of 3 points which counted so much at the end of the game.

Mississippi passed a beautiful game; fast, accurate and down the floor they went. The Infantry were slightly outpassed by the Aggies but they made up for this deficiency by outguarding the Aggies except in covering up.

The first half was a see-saw, up and down, up and down. The Aggies started with a rush and led the Infantry by four points. The Infantrymen spurted and led the Aggies by five points. At the half the score stood: Aggies 27, Infantry 25.

The second half was a repetition. The Infantry overcame a five point Aggie lead and led the visitors by one lone point when two foul goals again put the visitors on top. Sylvester looped a field basket in the final thirty seconds of play and the game wound up with the Aggies holding the big end.

Mississippi used her entire team to win. Ten men were substituted frequently.

Dabozies of the Infantry came into his own and exhibited excellent form. The big fellow was everywhere and was high scoring man for the game. He accounted for nine Infantry field baskets, eighteen points, and easily led doubling the nearest high score men on either team.

Sykes and Turman led the Mississippians. McQuarrie again played a beautiful game for the Blue, with Franz giving one of the greatest exhibitions at guard he has ever shown.

START LACROSSE PRACTICE

LACROSSE practice has started for student officers classes at The Infantry School. In charge of Captain S. O. Neff, who is instructing the great outdoor sport, the Company Officers are working out on the Post Field. Last year the Infantrymen introduced the sport to the South and played the first game ever staged south of the Mason and Dixie marker.

TO PLAY WESLEYAN

ANNOUNCEMENT has been made that a football game had been arranged between the Quantico Marines and West Virginia Wesleyan at the Baltimore Stadium next November 7.

MAY COACH HARVARD

A REPORT that the War Department would assign Maj. Charles D. Daly, F.A., former Army star and football coach, to Harvard as assistant to the professor of military science and tactics in June, has given rise to the rumor that he is to aid in rehabilitating football at the University. A confirmatory statement, alleged to have been given out by the Harvard athletic authorities, said that they "had discussed the possible advisory capacity in which Maj. Daly might be willing to act if the War Department details him to duty at Harvard."

THE NATIONAL GUARD

APPROVAL has just been given by the Secretary of War of the Crest for the National Guard for the State of North Carolina.

The first flag of North Carolina, June, 1775, bore a hornets' nest and the date May 20, 1775; thus the hornets' nest of North Carolina antedates the American flag. The predominant white population within the State was of English origin and the twists of the wreath are accordingly white and red. Following is described the blazonry.

"On a wreath argent and gules a hornets' nest hanging from a bough beset with 13 hornets all proper.

"When an organization adopts a shield of which the principal metal and color are not in accord with the above described heraldic wreath, the metal and color of the wreath will be changed to conform with the principal metal and color of the shield."

UNDER Changes No. 21, National Guard Regulations, 1922, the Militia Bureau of the War Department has announced that paragraph 695 of the above mentioned regulations, is changed as follows:

"695 (Replaced by C.N.G.R. No. 20). Officers, warrant officers and enlisted men who on June 3, 1924, were undergoing the medical and hospital treatment authorized by paragraph 693b of these regulations, and those who thereafter become entitled to such treatment, shall, while undergoing such medical and hospital treatment be entitled, for a period not in excess of six months, to a continuation of the pay and allowances whether in money or in kind, they were receiving at the time of injury:

Provided, That the pay and allowances of officers, warrant officers and enlisted men injured in line of duty when participating in aerial flights prescribed under the provisions of Section 92 of the National Defense Act shall, from the date such injury was sustained, be the same as if such injury had occurred while in line of duty at encampments, maneuvers or other exercises under Section 94 of the National Defense Act. Any person mentioned in paragraph 693b injured as described therein who shall remain disabled for more than six months, shall, during the period of disability in excess of six months and until fit for transportation to his home, be entitled to the medical and hospital treatment prescribed in paragraph 693b and to subsistence at Government expense, and when fit for transportation shall be entitled to transportation to his home at Government expense, but shall not during such period in excess of six months be entitled to other compensation. This paragraph has no application to the persons described in paragraph 693a and c of these regulations. (C.N.G.R. No. 21, December 22, 1924).

IT HAS come to the attention of the Militia Bureau that the memorandum copies of bills of lading and transportation requests issued by the United States Property and Disbursing officers are not being forwarded promptly to the Transportation Division of the Army Finance Office, that many are received without the estimated cost of shipment or travel entered thereon, and in many instances, where the estimated cost has been entered, the estimate given is not of sufficient accuracy to meet the requirements of proper accounting.

Under a recently inaugurated system, the Militia Bureau is furnished these estimates as a basis for reserving the necessary funds to defray the expenses of the transportation involved. Past experience has shown that, when generally considered, these estimates have been much too large, resulting in the reservation and subsequent coverage into the Treasury of large sums of money which might have been utilized to great advantage if applied to other purposes.

In order that this Bureau may effectively co-operate with the States in conserving these funds, the memorandum copies of bills of lading and transportation requests must show reasonably accurate estimates of the cost of transportation, must be forwarded to the Finance Officer immediately after accomplishment, and a copy of the "Report of Transportation Requests and Bills of Lading," Q.M.C. Form No. 135, furnished this Bureau at the close of each month.

It is earnestly requested by the Bureau that Property and Disbursing Officers and all other National Guard Officers concerned give this matter careful consideration.

NAVY OFFICER PROMOTION

THE following named officers have become eligible for promotion:

From 8 January, 1925—To Commander: Henry F. D. Davis and Oscar Smith.

To Lieutenant Commander: Charles E. Rosendahl and John G. Moyer.

From 14 January, 1925—To Pay Director, with rank of Captain: McGill R. Goldsborough; to Pay Inspector, with rank of Commander: William G. Neill.

INDUSTRIAL MOBILIZATION

THE National Defense Act of 1920 recognizes the vital necessity of providing for both the military and industrial phases of the national effort in time of war. Industrial mobilization interpreted includes the responsibility for adequate plans. Plans call for organization, and organization calls for coordinated effort to build up in industry the maximum degree of preparation practicable under peacetime conditions. Organization is provided for in the present War Department grouping of commodity supply branches; coordinated effort of the supply branches is an active function of the Assistant Secretary of War.

If industrial mobilization plans were fully developed and we should become involved in another national emergency, each manufacturer who is to produce war material knows what he is to produce, and the rate of delivery. He has in his possession drawings, specifications, and the necessary information to begin manufacture. A carefully drawn war contract is in his safe.

He knows the source of his raw materials, of his factory equipment and of the component parts of his manufactured articles that are to be obtained from subcontractors. He knows the extent to which the Government will go in financing him as he proceeds in his contract. Labor turnover will be reduced to a minimum, since the Government will make every effort to create a situation in the labor market that will make every citizen work for a swift and successful termination of hostilities.

The manufacturers also have their obligations in time of peace. It is their conscientious duty to make plans now for the most efficient future utilization of their plants. It is not expected that they shall spend money for the present purchase of equipment, although several have already done so, but in the interests of patriotism, they should draw up practicable plans. These cost little, and in the interest of co-operation, is due the Government if war allocations are accepted.

There is no doubt that the measure of success in industrial mobilization will be directly conditioned by the degree to which these manufacturing plans are worked out. It is the principal peacetime function of the War Department district offices to foster such plans, and it is of the utmost importance to carry them through if the plans of the War Department are to bear full fruit.

It has been estimated that it cost the United States about \$2,000,000 an hour

in the World War. In money, a curtailment of the duration of the war by only one month, would thus represent an enormous amount. Impossible of evaluation would be the saving of lives represented by the toll of one month's combat. The War Department, however, is aiming at the maximum curtailment possible by the elimination of all controllable factors which might delay the attainment of a preponderance of munitions.

For example, it has been determined that it required three months to negotiate Ordnance contracts during the last war. Inertia in initiating production, changes in design of material, delay in obtaining appropriations, inadequate control of transportation, labor troubles, and a multitude of other factors contributed to the delay and failure to place American munitions on the firing line.

These factors are controllable, and it is the end of planning to insure that they do not contribute again to delay in munitions production. It is not too much to hope that the full fruition of industrial preparedness will eliminate all controllable factors and cut off, not one month, but at least six, from the duration of any future war.

Industrial mobilization plans have another important indirect effect in their probable salutary influence on the designs of possible aggressors. American policies are purely defensive, but wars are occasionally thrust upon us. The best insurance against aggression is reasonable preparedness. Potential enemies will certainly give pause before embroiling themselves with a country whose resources and plans for embodying nature's gifts will, without doubt, insure a preponderance of the all-important munitions of war within the shortest possible time and insure the defeat of the enemy.

The development of industrial war plans is consistent with the Government policies for retrenchment and economy. No vast sums must be laid out to burden the taxpayers with the costs of armament. Goodwill and small effort by the multitude in our already existing army of industry are the two elements necessary for a degree of preparedness, which, for economy and effectiveness, has never before been approached in the history of the United States. The War Department expects, and undoubtedly will receive, the assistance of industry in this project, which is to capitalize our great industrial strength for the common defense of our country and its institutions.

Q.M.C. ANNOUNCES NAMES OF QUALIFIED NON-COMS

THE following enlisted men, Quartermaster Corps, have qualified in the grade indicated since the publication of the list in the issue of this paper of January 10:

For Staff Sergeant—Corp. Thomas Carter, Corp. Edward C. Koehler, Corp. Francis Moeller, Corp. Leslie A. Tyo, Pvt. 1st Cl. Robert H. Crask.

For Technical Sergeant—Staff Sgt. Alex E. Harrison, Staff Sgt. Louis J. Klobe, Sgt. James F. Burt, Staff Sgt. Charles P. Phipps, Staff Sgt. Frank Blazey, Staff Sgt. Maynard D. Rankin, Sgt. Leonide J. Guy, Staff Sgt. Peter Quinn, Staff Sgt. Alfred K. Ramsburg, Staff Sgt. Denis O'Herin, Staff Sgt. Emil Stanley, Sgt. Jas. R. Penn, Pvt. 1st Cl. Ernest W. A. Becker, Sgt. Ralph E. Lanham, Sgt. Arthur W. Ginsberg, Pvt. Carl C. Tucker, Sgt. Ernest M. Singleton, Staff Sgt. Elliot M. Pillsbury, Sgt. Charles V. Smith, Staff Sgt. Charles S. Dunlap, Sgt. Parker G. McKinney, Pvt. 1st Cl. Orton W. Hyde, Sgt. Stephen H. Hayes, Pvt. Franz Thesenvitz, Staff Sgt. Samuel E. Lyeth and Staff Sgt. Charles C. Troyke.

BRITTEN BILL NOT ABANDONED

CONTRARY to the announcement in the daily press, Representative Britten, ranking member of the House Committee on Naval Affairs, has not withdrawn his bill (H.R. 9633) for the elevation of the turret guns of the older battleships. Mr. Britten simply has determined that, with the opposition of the President, it would be useless to attempt to secure action at this session of Congress.

Mr. Britten states that he has not changed his opinion or given up the fight for complete modernization of the older battleships. Upon the first day of next session Mr. Britten will reintroduce his bill and press it upon every occasion for favorable action.

ARMY INDUSTRY COLLEGE GRADUATION ON FEB. 2

THIRTEEN officers will graduate from the Army Industrial College on February 2, 1925, and upon this same date four lieutenant colonels, twelve majors, three captains and two lieutenants, or a total of 21 will enter upon a five months' course of instruction. In all probability, Dwight F. Davis, the Assistant Secretary of War, will make the principal address before the outgoing class.

The student officers who will complete their instruction on February 2 are: Lt. Colonels Wm. G. Ball, Q.M.C., Robert Davis, S.C., Maj. Lucius L. Hopwood, M.C., Clifford L. Corbin, Q.M.C., H. H. Arnold, A.S., James W. Lyon, C.W.S., R. E. Nix, O.D., Cherubusco Newton, F.D., Wm. A. Borden, O.D., Edwin G. Kelton, C.E., and Capt. T. J. Hanley, A.S., Wilbur S. Elliott, Q.M.C., and Vennard Wilson, O.D.

Those composing the new class are: Lts. Cols. Clement C. Whitcomb, M.C., Richard T. Ellis, Q.M.C., Charles E. Reese, Q.M.C., Walter C. Baker, C.W.S., Maj. Larry B. McAfee, M.C., Alvin G. Gutensohn, S.C., Fred Seydel, C.W.S., Douglas C. Cordiner, Q.M.C., Charles A. Schimelfenig, O.D., Ira A. Rader, A.S., Douglas B. Netherwood, A.S., Shopler W. Fitzgerald, A.S., Rudolph W. Riefkohl, Q.M.C., Russell L. Maxwell, O.D., Harry F. Cameron, C.E., and James L. Frink, Q.M.C., Capt. E. E. MacMorland, O.D., Sylvester E. Nortner, C.E., William J. Henry, O.D., and Lts. Hugh W. Rowan, C.W.S., and Charles W. Steinmetz, A.S.

SAVE S-19 CREW

THE crew of the Sumarine S-19, which was stranded on the outer bar of Orleans Harbor January 13 in a dense fog, were moved to the tug Wandauk, January 14, after efforts to haul the undersea boat from the bars had resulted in a heavy list to port.

THE RESERVE OFFICERS

AN APPEAL has been sent out from the National Headquarters of the Reserve Officers' Association to its members for an increase in the appropriation for the training of the members of the Corps. Attention is called to the resolution which passed at the National Convention of the Association. These resolutions call for appropriations for the training of one-third of the Reserve Officers each year. They ask for increase to eight cents for mileage for officers who attend the camps.

The program of the convention also asks that funds be provided so that one thousand Reserve Officers can serve more than fifteen days, and 820 Reserve Officers, with the Citizens' Military Training Camp. Another resolution provides that at least one executive regular officer with each regimental unit and an increase in the number of headquarters to about 400.

The appeal goes on to say: "The school facilities of the United States Army are not sufficient to accommodate the 1,000 officers, and this resolution has, therefore, been modified, as follows: 510 at schools, 220 in flying schools and instruction, and 990 with the C.M.T.C.

The total cost for this program is \$7,088,845, divided as follows:

Requested for this year. 26,000 officers at \$136.55 for 15 days, \$3,550,200; 1,720 officers for more than 15 days, \$1,125,580; mileage for 15 days at 8c, \$1,219,400; mileage for more than 15 days, \$135,900; 1,500 enlisted Reservists at \$65.11, \$292,995; correspondence course, \$17,000; manuals, \$15,000, and headquarters and camps, including expenses incident to administration, operation and conduct of training, and 400 established headquarters offices, \$732,750; total \$7,088,845.

Last year's appropriations: 14,650 officers at \$136.55 for 15 days, \$2,000,000; 615 officers for more than 15 days, \$400,466; mileage for 15 days at 4c at \$23.45 per officer, \$343,542; mileage for more than 15 days, \$54,124; 770 enlisted Reservists at \$65.11, \$50,000; correspondence course, \$17,000; manuals, \$15,000, and headquarters and camps, including expenses incident to administration, operation and conduct of training, and 230 headquarters offices, \$400,000; total \$3,280,132.

"Your officers feel that the amount to be recommended by the Director of the Budget will be less than the \$3,280,000 appropriated last year. We, therefore, have before us the work of getting an increase of \$3,808,713 over last year's appropriation for the Organized Reserves. This will not be difficult if the Reserve Officers throughout the United States really take hold on it and get after it. Especially in view of the fact that this sum of \$7,088,845 is only 2—8-10 per cent of the total \$256,000,000, appropriated last year for the military purpose of the War Department, and further that this force for which the \$7,088,845 is desired represents more than 80 per cent of the strength of the Army of the United States and of the defense for our country. But if the Reserve Officers do not unite in pushing for it we will not get the appropriation."

NAVAL RESERVE OFFICERS' ASS'N HOLDS ELECTION

OFFICERS were elected at the meeting of the Naval Reserve Officers' Association held January 12 at the Washington Navy Yard. Lt. H. J. Nichols was elected president; J. M. Fewell, secretary-treasurer, and Lt. Comdr. Finney B. Smith, delegate to the national association.

The annual convention of the Naval Reserve Officers' Association of the United States will be held at the New Willard Hotel January 19, beginning at 10 o'clock in the morning. Matters affecting the future status of the reserve will be discussed at that time, and the members of the local associations are planning to take an active part in the discussions.

The sessions of the national association will close with a banquet Monday night at the Willard, which will be attended by the Secretary of the Navy and prominent naval officers. Commander John A. Schofield, commanding the Naval Reserve of the District of Columbia, is in charge of the arrangement for the national convention.

NAVY OFFICER RETIREMENTS

THE following retirements have been announced: Rear Adm. F. T. Arms (S.C.), U.S.N., retired 24 May, 1925, after 30 years' service; Mach. Thomas T. Emerson, U.S.N., retired 7 January, 1925; physical disability; Comdr. Weyman P. Beecher, U.S.N., retired 7 January, 1925; physical disability, and Lieut. Donald R. Evans, U.S.N., retired 5 January, 1925; physical disability.

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GENERAL R. L. BULLARD

THE retirement of Major General Robert L. Bullard the past week, after almost forty years' active service in the Army, serves to call attention to the striking achievements of the man, and to the inadequate recognition by our Government of such service as he has given. General Bullard's service, from the time of his graduation at West Point in '85, until his retirement in New York this year, presents that variety of experience common to the Regular officer of our Army. Peace Service all over the United States, with the consequent opportunity to come in contact with the American people under all the varying conditions in which they live; civil Governor, with all the problems which administration and human nature can present, in the Philippines; war service against the savage Filipinos in the tropical East and against the highly civilized Germans in north Europe; from a second lieutenant, commanding an Infantry platoon, to a lieutenant general commanding an army in the face of the enemy.

As the Lieutenant General commanding the Second American Army, his service was unique, and beyond that of any other American officer, except Generals Liggett, Pershing and Grant, in that he commanded a bigger army of his fellow-countrymen in the face of the enemy than had been the case of any other American leader except these.

The war closed with General Pershing commanding the American Army of more than two million men. General Liggett commanded the First Army of nearly 700,000, and General Bullard commanded the Second of approximately 350,000. Prior to this war the largest army we ever had in the face of the enemy was that commanded by General Grant in the last phases of the Civil War, which total, present for duty was 660,000.

The inadequacy of the recognition accorded General Bullard by our Government is shown by the fact that in spite of his record, particularly the closing phases of it, he, like General Liggett, has passed to the retired list with the retired pay of a major general, the proper rank of a di-

vision commander, whose force is 27,000. The Service will more than endorse the concluding paragraph of the Secretary of War, Mr. Weeks' letter to General Bullard, "I feel that I speak for the entire Army in expressing our pride in your noteworthy accomplishment, and in wishing you a happy rest from your labors."

SOWING DESTRUCTION

WAR deals in hard facts with a ruthlessness which it seems difficult, if not impossible, for the majority of these who have never experienced combat personally, to understand. The discussion with respect to the Army and Navy Appropriation Bills clearly illustrates this. Representative Royal Johnson of South Dakota and John Philip Hill of Maryland, both veterans of the World War, led the fight on the floor of the House to bring the Army Appropriation Bill somewhere near actual needs.

They understand from personal experience that if the National Defense Act is really to be of value it must be operated in such way that the forces provided for by it will actually function should war come. The arguments of their opponents show a complete failure to grasp the fundamentals of this Act.

To their minds, the fact that a few hundred thousand dollars added to vital activities means the difference between a continuance of the Act and its gradual extinction, is apparently of no importance. In spite of the Secretary of War's warning, repeated for a number of years, that economy had been exercised to the extent where inefficiency has set in, these opponents of the veterans in Congress were willing to have inefficiency carried to the point where failure would be inevitable.

Wickham Steed in his "Through Thirty Years," clearly brings out how Great Britain suffered and is suffering today from the fact that the majority of those to whom her destinies were entrusted at the beginning of the war were not possessed of the war mind. Always a civilian without military experience, he cannot justly be accused of being prejudiced in his judgment of military wants. When he uses the expression the "War Mind," he does not mean the mind that desires war, but does mean the mind which understands war.

Unlike the Pacifists who believe that the mind which sees clearly with respect to war and war's demands is a mind which wishes war, he sees that war conditions cannot be successfully met by what he terms the "peace mind."

The failure of many of our own people and of some of our highest officials to have or to understand the war mind, resulted in our failure to prepare for war prior to our declaration against Germany. As a consequence, we had been at war more than a year before we had troops enough in Europe to produce a decisive result on the battlefield. The men who have experienced combat have no illusions as to the ruthlessness of war's decisions. They know that it is impossible to evade results strictly in accordance with the hard facts, no matter how disagreeable they may happen to be. They know that "As ye sow so shall ye reap," applies with a terrible literalness and suddenness which nothing in ordinary life can equal.

"CAPITOL" PUNISHMENT

MURDERING the National Defense Act seems to be the chief pastime of certain pacifist Congressmen. Laws should be enacted to prevent them from killing defenseless Army appropriation items. They evidently do not object to slaughtering the helpless.

VOICE OF THE SERVICES

THE new edition of the Graduates' Register corrected to January 1, 1925, is now in the hands of the printers, and will be ready for issue the latter part of February. This register includes every graduate of the Naval Academy to date.

Graduates who have not ordered their copies should forward their orders together with the necessary amount at the rate of \$1.00 per copy. Non-graduates desiring copies may order them at the rate of \$1.00 per copy.

Address: D. M. Garrison, U.S.N., Prince George street, Annapolis, Md.

PROMOTION BY SELECTION

TO THE EDITOR:

ACTING upon the suggestion of Rep. McKenzie, in a recent issue of the JOURNAL, relative to his promotion bill, I wish to state my views upon the promotion status in the Army.

I am in favor of the single list in the Army and would like to trace the development of same since the 1920 law became effective. The law stated that all captains and lieutenants should be placed on the list "according to date of commission during period April 6, 1917, and November 11, 1918." That was done, but there is a question as to whether or not that was the real intent of the law.

The result of this law: That about 500 second lieutenants so appointed and who were graduates of the first officers' training camp were placed at the top of the list, and were promoted to the grade of captain without having served in first lieutenant grade. This happened, notwithstanding the fact that there were thousands appointed in the grade of first lieutenant and captain, who happened to be graduates of the second and third training camps. Consequently, the "submerged" officers that we have heard so much about.

Those second lieutenants who were fortunate enough to be placed at the top of the list above thousands of officers who were appointed at higher ranks will be promoted to the field grades long before their unfortunate brothers at the bottom, even though the latter were appointed to the Regular Army at a higher rank. I wish to lay emphasis on the Regular Army.

I do not think that this is justice to those officers who were appointed to the Regular Army but who happened to be late in receiving their commissions late during the war period. Many of them enlisted rather than go to a training camp, and made good and worked for their commissions in the ranks, and they certainly deserved proper position on the promotion list when it was made up in 1920.

How can the promotion list be changed so that it will be fair to all on it? Suggest that officers be placed on the list at this time according to commissions received in the R. A. in their respective grades according to age or date of commission during the war period. This would put all captains, first and second lieutenants in their respective blocks and there would be no "submerged" officers. Everyone would be placed as of rank which they entered the Regular Army under the 1920 law.

I think this plan would solve the promotion question rather than promotion by selection.

A FIRST LIEUTENANT.

FLIGHTS OF FANCY

TO THE EDITOR:

I HAVE just read an article by an Englishman, a Mr. Grey, published in a magazine called "Aviation," issued under date of October 6, 1924.

For sheer insolence I have seldom seen this equaled. Early in the article this young man ventures to assert that it is unfortunate that the Marine Corps should be more or less dominated by the Navy.

He next becomes verbose about how the Army conducts its aircraft experiments and suggests ways for the Government to turn over large amounts of money to certain self-appointed producers. His comparison of contract letting with Naval maneuvers is particularly illuminating. Also his boast that the producers have trained the Royal Aircraft officials so as to have a free hand is interesting.

Next this lad has a few words to say about the Navy. He leads off with a general insult to all Naval officers, followed by a specific statement that those in charge of aeronautics are particularly stupid, and then comes an attack on the British Naval authorities in the World War. This is

completed by a flat statement that the Navy is incompetent to handle aircraft strategically, tactically or mechanically.

I do not know who Mr. Grey is or why anyone should trouble to print his views. It would seem that the promoters of this business have some difficulty in convincing experienced officers in the Army and Navy that they are the sole custodians of applied intelligence, and think that it might be easier to put over certain necessary jobs if instead of being obliged to deal with experienced men, mostly from Missouri, it were feasible to deal with inexperienced men that have shown a certain facility in the mechanical manipulation of a flying machine.

The publication "Aviation" is doubtless engaged in catering to a particular clientele, but, even so, it appears to be printed in the United States and presumably by Americans. Such being the case, why are they engaged in spraying the American Army and Navy with this inferior quality of lime juice.

P. SYMINGTON,
Captain, U.S.N.

NAMES FOR MILITARY UNITS

TO THE EDITOR:

DISCUSSIONS had with British and American Army officers has developed a strong desire in the writer to observe the adoption of names, rather than numbers, as designatory of military units.

While philosophizing on the French Revolution, Edmund Burke tells us in his inimitable and convincing style:

"No man ever was attached by a sense of pride, partiality or real affection to a description of square measurement. He never will glory in belonging to the Chequer No. 71, or any other badger-ticket. We begin our public affections in our families. No cold relation is a zealous citizen. We pass on to our neighborhoods and our habitual provincial connections. These are inns and resting places. Such divisions of our country as have been formed by habit and not by a sudden jerk of authority, were so many little images of the great country in which the heart found something which it could fill.

"The love of the whole is not extinguished by this subordinate partiality. Perhaps it is a sort of elemental training to those higher and more large regards, by which alone men come to be affected, as with their own concern, in the prosperity of a kingdom so extensive...."

Numbers are invaluable to inanimate life and to the exact sciences. They are incompatible with human individuality, which is a focusing of complex emotions, aspirations and fears. These qualities require expression, else the individuality becomes stifled, ultimately identifying itself with the mass, to act and think in terms of numbers. Mathematically thinking produces, to be sure, a certain amount of efficiency, a certain absence of friction, a certain ease of bookkeeping; yet the aim is not entirely achieved by the bookkeeping.

A nation of fighters is a nation with aspiration. It combines, happily, this aspiration with bookkeeping, to attain the greatest efficiency, the utmost service.

Express individuality, preserve organization, the result must be the greatest efficiency. Down the centuries, man has identified himself with a group. Evolution of clan, state and nation made the group larger and the individual correspondingly more submerged. Expression of individuality became more difficult. Nevertheless, instincts and social habits remained in the breast of man despite changing environment. He retained pride. He always will retain pride, so long as man is worthy to be man. Pride cannot be expressed by a number. It is best expressed in family, the smallest social group. A family is never known by a number unless it becomes a public charge or a scientific specimen. The name remains the designating index of the family group. In that name the toil and labor of mundane existence become glorified.

The smallest social group, therefore, best expresses its individuality by the name it bears. Simple logic compels the conclusion that "The Prairie Battalion of Iowa," "The Manhattan Riflemen," "The Hoosier Squadron," "The Blue Mountain Brigade" as official designations, would stimulate pride, establish tradition and would speak to the heart of man far more eloquently than would "The 426th" or "37."

Let the smaller group in the military express individuality as it does in the civil—by name and not by number.

GEORGE SEAGRAVE FRANKLIN,
Lt. Cav., O.R.C.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

Questions having to do with military or naval matters will be answered in this department as soon as possible after their receipt. Communications must in all cases be signed, giving the correct name and address of the inquirer. A self-addressed stamped envelope must be enclosed if a personal reply is desired.

L.W.G., FORT TOTTER, N. Y.—Q. Does a State National Guard or federalized service count as Regular Army time? A. Before this question can be answered intelligently, it will be necessary for you to give us more data and whether this is for retirement or for pay purposes.

TECH. SGT. J.P.M., CAMP GAILLARD, CANAL ZONE.—Q. Am eligible for retirement in May, 1925, and I intend to make application for duty with a certain college. Will I retire with the pay of a Warrant Officer if detailed on college duty, or will I receive the pay of Technical Sergeant? A. You will draw the pay of a Technical Sergeant if detailed to college duty.

DR. O.W.T., PIKEVILLE, KY.—Q. I left Fort Sherman, Canal Zone, August 2, 1921. My quarters were declared vacant when I left Fort Sherman as I was coming to the States on a four months leave. At the end of this four months, I was discharged from the service. Some months ago I noticed an article in the JOURNAL relative to a bill passed by Congress regarding commutation of quarters retroactive July 1922. Am I entitled to commutation of quarters under the above mentioned conditions.

A. From the facts stated, you appear to be entitled. Suggest that you file claim with the General Accounting Office, Claims Division, Washington, D. C., and submit therewith certificates of post commander that assignment of quarters was discontinued.

R.H.S., FORT ARMSTRONG, HONOLULU.—Q. Enlisted at New York city on September 2, 1920, for three years. Discharged at Fort Sam Houston, Texas, November 27, 1922, for the convenience of the Government to re-enlist for foreign service, and did not draw travel pay. Am I entitled to travel pay to New York city upon completion of present enlistment, and if so, what authority would show on final statement?

A. Yes, you are entitled to travel pay to New York city. Final statement should show the facts of prior discharge and present enlistment. This is in accordance with Comptroller General's decision, 24 Comptroller, 345.

A.C.F., Q. A man serves during the World War and is honorably discharged. He stays out about a year, re-enlists, and after a year's service deserts and is not apprehended. Does said deserter constitute a forfeiture of the National bonus? A. An intelligent reply to your question cannot be made due to the fact that you do not give sufficient information. Suggest that you read over carefully the instructions given on the bonus application blank and govern yourself accordingly.

F.W.L., LETTERMAN GENERAL HOSPITAL.—Q. (1) Enlisted May 14, 1912, for Philippine service, arrived P. I. July 2, 1912, finished enlistment in P. I. Am I not entitled to about two years and ten months double time on that enlistment, even if double time was discontinued after my enlistment for foreign service? (2) Commissioned in U. S. Guards, U.S.A., August 18, 1918. Honorably discharged in December, 1918. Am I not entitled to retired pay of a Warrant Officer upon retirement?

A. Your first question is answered in the affirmative. Relative to your second query, though you do not state sufficient facts, it appears that you are not entitled to the pay of a Warrant Officer upon your retirement.

1ST SGT. H.C.D., RETIRED, ATWOOD, ILLINOIS.—Q. I retired in 1914; was married in 1915. In case of my death, would my widow receive a pension and how much? A. For all matters pertaining to pensions, suggest that you communicate with the Commissioner of Pensions, Washington, D. C. giving complete information of your service.

T.E.H., NASHVILLE, TENN.—1st Sgt. William J. Maguire, D.E.M.L., died August 4, 1924.

SGT. G.T.M., CHILKOOT BARRACKS, HAINE, ALASKA.—Relative to your question, see Comptroller's decision, December 13, 1917; last paragraph, 24 Comptroller's decision, page 348, which authorizes the payment of your travel allowance.

W.S.G., U.S.S. COLORADO.—Q. Will you kindly inform me how far on the waiting list for Radioman, third class, is W.S.G., seaman, second class? A. Upon inquiry at the Navy Department, it was stated that you were not on this list.

J.F., CAMP MEADE, MARYLAND.—Q. What date did the second battalion of the 13th U. S. Infantry arrive in the United States from their tour of foreign service in the Philippines, during the year 1907? A. This organization left the P. I. October 3, 1907, and arrived in the United States, October 30, 1907.

ARMY MAN.—Relative to the combatants in the World War, it is true that some of the countries listed below took no active part in the war. However, it is held that they participated inasmuch as they issued formal declarations of war defining their partisanship in the struggle. Those of the Allies are as follows: Belgium, Brazil, China, Costa Rica, Cuba, France, Great Britain, Greece, Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Italy, Japan, Liberia, Montenegro, Nicaragua, Panama, Portugal, Roumania, Russia, San Marino, Serbia, Siam, and the United States. Those of the Central powers are: Austria, Bulgaria, Germany, and Turkey.

F.A.P., FORT OMAHA, NEBRASKA.—Suggest that you submit your case to the Chief of Finance, Washington, D. C., with an exact statement of all absences. If an examination shows that absences were completely made up, commanding officer will be authorized to enter payment on pay roll.

The following Service Opinions are announced: 1. An officer, who is on a National Guard detail and stationed in a town in Massachusetts and an occupant of a house therein, who has been taxed by the town authorities for sewerage and personal tax on an automobile owned by him, and who expects to be assessed a poll tax, asks whether or not an officer so detailed under the National Defense Act is subject to all the taxation a town or State desires to impose.

Advised, That the mere fact that he is a member of the United States Army furnishes no exemption from local taxation, as others are taxed, upon private property that is not required primarily for use in the due exercise of his office and military duties, and that, in my opinion, therefore, no exemption can be claimed in respect of the sewerage and automobile tax. While the question of poll tax is not so free from difficulty, yet, if there has been the requisite period of actual residence, it is thought to be impossible, although, upon non-payment, the State could not resort to measures that would deprive the United States of the Officer's services.

2. In line with an opinion heretofore given in this department to the effect that an enlisted man of any of the Services on a monetary allowance status is entitled to such allowances while on furlough from such station, counsel has brought a test case in the Court of Claims in which Sergeant Lind, office of the Chief of Field Artillery, is the petitioner. All interested should write to this department stating the station from which they went on furlough, length of furlough, and copies of orders establishing their monetary allowance status.

DIGEST OF COMPTROLLER GENERAL'S DECISIONS

1. An officer of the National Guard, duly ordered for duty at the Army War College, became sick while on such duty and was taken to an Army hospital, where he was operated on for an acute attack of appendicitis. The condition arose while the officer was in attendance upon the school course.

The officer states that three days after the operation, with the assistance of another National Guard officer, he resumed the work of the course by reading all the lectures and getting all other information and data, and that at the end of the course he was given a certificate from the college stating that he had satisfactorily completed the course.

Upon the question of pay while he was sick in the hospital during the period of the school course, Held: That the statute speaks in terms of actual attendance, and that an officer sick in hospital under the circumstances was not in actual attendance at the school and is accordingly not entitled to the pay and allowances for the period of such illness. (Knox's case, December 18, 1924.)

2. It is evident that it was the intention of Congress, as expressed in the Act of June 3, 1916, that whenever the National Guard was drafted into the Federal service, it should be on a parity with the Regular Army in regard to pay and allowances according to grades and prior service, and that the National Guard could, therefore, receive no greater benefits as to pay and allowances than the military organization of which it became a part. If consideration were confined to the provision of the Act of May 11, 1908, to the exclusion of the specific acts of August 24, 1912, and June 3, 1916, greater benefits would accrue to the National Guardsmen by making their continuous National Guard service from August 5, 1917, divisible only by three as an enlistment period, whereas a Regular Army man would necessarily have to have his enlistment period for continuous service pay purposes determined on a basis of three or four years, according to the act effective during the period of his military service. The necessity for a common basis of computation is apparent, and the method to be applied will be that announced in 26 Comp. Dec. 715—that is, each three years or four years of continued service shall be counted as one enlistment, according to the length of regular enlistment periods prescribed by the statute in force when the enlistment was entered into without regard to length of time actually served in any particular enlistment. (Osborne's case, December 17, 1924.)

3. In a dependency case, Held: Contributions made to the support of a mother in order that her property may pass unimpaired at her death are not made by reason of a condition of dependency,

but are investments in the nature of an annuity to the mother. Contributions thus voluntarily made to the mother for the protection and preservation of her estate do not make the mother dependent upon the contributor for her support.

4. Upon the claim of a Major, Medical Corps, Nebraska National Guard, for payment allowances while attending an encampment in 1924, where it appeared that the number, grade and rank of members of the National Guard and Staff Corps Departments not included in tactical organizations were matters to be regulated by the Secretary of War, and where, as in this case, no officer above the grade of captain was authorized by law, Held: It is obvious that this officer is not entitled to the pay claimed, but, inasmuch as the amendment of the regulation was unknown to the Adjutant General of Nebraska and the Militia Bureau did not bring the matter specifically to his attention, and as claimant performed all the duties of a major of the Medical Department, the payment made prior to July 1, 1924, will not be disturbed, and this procedure will be followed with respect to all other members of the State Corps and Departments of the Nebraska National Guard under similar circumstances. (Bartholomew's case, December 23, 1924.)

5. Where a disbursing officer advanced two months' pay to a gunner under orders issued by the Bureau of Navigation, and the records show that the man to whom the money was advanced did not report in accordance with orders but was declared to be a deserter from the Naval Service, Held: As the purpose of the law was to authorize payment in advance of its accrual and relieve the disbursing officer in case the officer to which advance was made should not earn the pay advanced him, it is obvious the disbursing officer is entitled to credit for the payment was otherwise correct. (December 23, 1924.)

6. Where it is apparent that a joint household is maintained, consisting of the mother, a son and a daughter, to the cost of which the son, the daughter and the officer son contribute, the attempt to segregate the expenses of such a household to show the mother's living expenses separately is artificial. Obviously the mother would be cared for by her children living with her were the officer son to discontinue his contributions. In such a case the mother is not, in fact, dependent upon him. (Burns' case, December 24, 1924.)

7. On May 27, 1924, while holding rank as Warrant Officer, the officer in question accepted commission dated May 5, 1924, as Ensign, to rank from February 9, 1924. It had been held that this Ensign, after being commissioned as Ensign, is entitled to pay only as Ensign in first pay period after three years. His pay was changed on May 5, 1924, from Warrant Officer after twelve years to Ensign after three years, and he thereby suffered a reduction in pay from \$189 per month to \$131.25 per month. The Act of March 4, 1913, provides that all officers of the Navy who have been advanced or who may hereafter be advanced in grade or rank pursuant to law shall be allowed the pay and allowances of the higher grade or rank from the date stated in their commissions.

The question for determination is whether, in view of the above law, this Ensign should have been paid as Ensign, over three years, from February 9, 1924, the date of rank of his commission, or whether he is entitled to the higher pay received by him as a Warrant Officer, over twelve years, from that date to May 5, 1924. Held: That the enactment is beneficial legislation, and that this Ensign did not hold the office of Ensign until he accepted the appointment May 27, 1924, and that the Act of March 4, 1913, cannot, therefore, operate to exact a forfeiture of the pay legally received as a Warrant Officer. (Allen's case, January 2, 1925.)

8. There is for consideration the question as to what disposition should be made of court-martial forfeitures of pay imposed upon members of the National Guard when not in the Federal Service. A forfeiture of pay pursuant to a valid court-martial sentence relieves the United States of its obligation to pay the amount forfeited, and unless specific provision is made for the disposition thereof, it continues to be the money of the United States and remains in the Treasury of the United States. 1 Comp. Gen. 715. The forfeitures of pay imposed upon National Guardsmen under the provisions of the act cited, being loss of pay, should therefore remain in the appropriation out of which the pay is defrayed.

SERVICE PUBLICATIONS

The December issue of "The Fighting Forces" carries the same wide variety of articles which have characterized the three preceding issues. Amongst those of particular interest to Americans is one on the Japanese Army, one on the Algerine Pirates, and one on an Eighteenth Century General Staff, the latter by Maj. J. M. Scammell of our Army. That on the Japanese Army is a general outline of the development of the modern army of Japan. It does not limit itself to the purely military side, but goes into a discussion of the effects upon Japan and International relations of the Washington Arms Conference, and the probable construction of a British base at Singapore.

The short review of the activities of the Algerine pirates causes that feeling of astonishment always felt when these exploits are read of that such a small number of people, with so little real military power, should have been permitted by the great powers for so many years to carry on the outrages which they continually perpetrated. At

a time when so much discussion is taking place in all armies as to the real functions of a General Staff any information as to past general staffs of history is particularly appropos. Major Scammell's article shows, in his own words, "The modern staff has not been created out of chaos in seven days. The idea of spontaneous creation must give way before the conception of a gradual evolution to adjust military means to new conditions." He shows that during the latter part of the Eighteenth Century the organization and training of the French general staff was as good as all but the best in Europe in the latter part of the Nineteenth.

That the editors believe a little humor is not out of place in a military magazine can be seen by reading "A Surprise Visit," which describes the attempt of a general officer to surprise one of his regiments. The characters, though of another army, cannot fail to recall to American officers some of the well known individuals of our Old Army.

THE CONGRESS

The following Executive nominations were confirmed by the Senate January 12 (legislative day of January 5), 1925:

PROMOTIONS IN THE ARMY

Officers' Reserve Corps, George Henderson Leach to be Brig. Gen., Officers' Reserve Corps; Medical Department, James Denver Glennan to be assistant to the Surgeon General; Medical Corps, Stanley William Matthews to be 1st Lt.; Field Artillery, Warfield Richardson Wood to be 1st Lt.; Infantry, Francis William Johnson to be 2nd Lt.; Medical Administrative Corps, Fritz Jack Sheffer to be 1st Lt.; Chaplains, Edwin Rurling to be Chaplain, with rank of Capt., and Cornelius Aloysius Maher to be Chaplain, with rank of Capt.

Promotion List Branches, Ethel Alvin Robbins to be Capt.; James Gilbert Anthony to be Capt.; Housan Wayne Duncan to be 1st Lt.; Park Holland to be 1st Lt., and John Gross to be 1st Lt.

The following bills were pending in the House from January 7 to 14, inclusive:

S. 1033—Establishing the Benning National Forest in the State of Georgia.

S. 667—Granting to the State of Utah the Fort Duchesne Reservation for its use as a branch agricultural college.

H. R. 11282—Authorizing an increase in the limits of cost of certain naval vessels.

H. R. 11313—Authorizing the appointment of an Ordnance storekeeper in the Army.

H. R. 11355—Authorizing the Secretary of War to convey by revocable lease to the city of Springfield, Mass., a certain parcel of land within the Springfield Military Reservation, Massachusetts.

H. R. 11365—Establishing a national military park at Fort Stevens, in the District of Columbia, and authorizing the acquisition of such lands as may be necessary to preserve said fort.

H. R. 11410—Extending the time for the exchange of Government lands for privately owned lands in the Territory of Hawaii.

H. R. 11405—Authorizing the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy to furnish a firing squad to fire the customary salute for any ex-service man.

H. R. 11445—Amending the National Defense Act.

H. R. 11448—Authorizing the transfer of the title to and jurisdiction over the right of way of the New Dixie Highway to the State of Kentucky.

H. R. 11475—Authorizing an appropriation for additional hospital facilities for the U. S. Veterans' Bureau Hospital at Oteen, North Carolina.

The following bills were pending in the Senate from January 7 to 14, inclusive:

S. 3637—For the purchase of land adjoining Fort Bliss, Texas.

S. 3760—Amending in certain particulars the National Defense Act of June 3, 1916, as amended, and for other purposes.

S. 3859—Authorizing the transfer of the title to and jurisdiction over the right of way of the New Dixie Highway to the State of Kentucky.

H. R. 3847—Granting a certain right of way, with authority to improve the same, across the old canal right of way between Lakes Union and Washington, in King County, Washington.

H. R. 5417—Authorizing and directing the Secretary of War to investigate the feasibility, and to ascertain and report the cost of establishing a national military park in and about Kansas City, Mo., commemorative of the Battle of Westport, October 23, 1864.

S. 3867—Amending the National Defense Act of June, 1916.

H. R. 10724—Making appropriations for the Navy Department and the naval service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1926, and for other purposes.

S. 3883—Authorizing the Secretary of War to transfer certain property in the city of San Diego, Calif., to the city of San Diego, for municipal purposes.

S. 3874—Authorizing the construction of permanent hospital buildings for the Veterans' Bureau at Cushman Hospital, Tacoma, Wash., and for other purposes.

S. 3862—Authorizing the Secretary of the Navy to proceed with the construction of certain public works and to provide for the disposition of lands no longer needed, and the acquisition of other lands required for naval purposes.

BOOKS RECEIVED

WARTIME ORGANIZATIONS OF ILLINOIS (Illinois in the World War, Vol. V), edited by Marguerite Edith Jensen; Illinois State Historical Library.

BRASSY'S NAVAL AND SHIPPING ANNUAL, edited by Alex Richardson and Archibald Hurd; William Clowes & Sons, Ltd., 94 Jernyn street, London; 25 shillings.

CUGLE'S PRACTICAL NAVIGATION, by Chas. H. Cugle; E. P. Dutton & Company, New York; \$6.00.

MERCHANT SHIP TYPES, by A. C. Hardy; D. Van Nostrand Company, New York; \$5.00.

PSYCHOLOGY AND LEADERSHIP, The General Service Schools Press.

THE RADIO GUNNER, a Fable of the Navy; Houghton Mifflin Company, 2 Park street, Boston; \$2.00.

THE TALE OF OUR MERCHANT SHIPS, by Charles E. Cartwright; E. P. Dutton & Co., New York; \$3.00.

The following are published by Military Training Camps Assn., 210 Mallers Bldg., Chicago, Ill.:

THE DEFENDER, Camp Meade, Md., for 3d Corps Area.

THE BARRANCAS BLAST, Fort Barrancas, Fla.

THE CIMITRACAM, Camp McClellan, Ala.

THE MINUTE MAN, Fort Bragg, N. C., for 4th Corps Area.

PREPAREDNESS, Camp Custer, Mich., for 6th Corps Area.

THE PREP SIGHT, Fort Sam Houston, Texas.

LET'S GO, THE SKETCHING BOARD, THE CACTUS, Fort Logan, Col., for 8th Corps Area.

ORDERS FOR THE ARMY

GENERAL STAFF

Brig. Gen. Douglas McArthur, U. S. Army, is assigned to the command of the 4th Corps Area, effective upon completion of his present tour of foreign service, and will join his proper station at Atlanta, Ga. (January 8.)

FIELD ARTILLERY

MAJ. GEN. W. J. SNOW, C. OF F.A.

First Lt. Harris M. Findley is relieved from his present assignment and duties with the 1st Field Artillery Brigade, Fort Hoyle, Md., effective at such time as will enable him to proceed to Norman, Okla., and report in person to the professor of military science and tactics, and to the head of the institution for duty. (January 7.)

COAST ARTILLERY CORPS

MAJ. GEN. W. J. SNOW, C. OF F.A.

Capt. Ellsworth Young is relieved from detail with the Organized Reserves of the 7th Corps Area, with station at Des Moines, Iowa, effective at such time as will enable him to proceed to San Francisco, Calif., at the proper time and sail from that port, about May 14, for the Hawaiian Islands. Upon arrival in Honolulu, Capt. Young will report in person to the commanding general to duty with the Coast Artillery. The name of Capt. Young is removed from the detached officers' list, effective upon relief from his present duties.

Capt. Charles E. Atkinson is relieved from assignment to the 62nd Coast Artillery, and from further duty at Fort Totten, N. Y., effective about March 20. Upon expiration of any leave of absence he may be granted he will proceed to New York city and sail about April 23, via Government transportation to the Hawaiian Islands. Upon arrival he will report to the commanding general for assignment to duty with the Coast Artillery. (January 7.)

Lt. Col. Harrison S. Kerlick, Coast Artillery Corps, now on duty at the general reserve depot, Columbus, Ohio, is detailed for duty with the organized Reserves of the 5th Corps Area and assigned to duty with the 83d division, Organized Reserves, in addition to his other duties and will report to the commanding general, 5th Army Corps for duty. (January 9.)

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT

MAJ. GEN. C. C. WILLIAMS, C. OF ORB.

Capt. Clarence F. Hofstetter, now on duty at Langley Field, Va., is placed on duty involving flying for the purpose of inspecting, testing or studying the operation of armament and the functioning of armament material in the air. (January 9.)

Capt. Simpson R. Stribling, now on duty at Kelly Field, Texas, is placed on duty involving flying for the purpose of testing, inspecting or developing aircraft armament material and accessories and the functioning of armament material in the air. (January 9.)

CAVALRY

MAJ. GEN. MALIN CRAIG, C. OF CAV.

First Lt. Clayton E. Snyder, 5th Cavalry, is relieved from assignment to that regiment and from duty at Fort Clark, Texas, and will proceed to Alcatraz, Calif., and report in person to the commanding Pacific Branch, U. S. Disciplinary Barracks for duty. The name of Lieutenant Snyder is placed on the detached officers' list upon his arrival at Alcatraz. (January 7.)

INFANTRY

MAJ. GEN. C. S. FARNSWORTH, C. OF INF.

Lt. Col. Edward H. Andres, Inspector General (Infantry), is relieved from detail in the Inspector General's Dept., effective February 16, 1925. Upon being relieved from detail Lieutenant Colonel Andres will report in person to the commanding general, 8th Army Corps Area, for assignment to duty with the Inspector General's Dept. at those headquarters, until further orders. (January 7.)

The transfer of 1st Lt. Walter Julius Ungethüm, 16th Inf., to the Chemical Warfare Service on December 22, 1924, is announced. Lieutenant Ungethüm is relieved from assignment to the 16th Inf., at Fort Jay, N. Y., and will proceed to Edgewood Arsenal, Md., reporting in person to the commanding officer 1st Gas Regt., for duty with that organization. (January 7.)

The placing of the name of 1st Lt. Leonard E. Liddle on the detached officers' list as of January 1, 1925, is announced. (January 7.)

Second Lt. Emerald F. Sloan, is relieved from assignment and duty at Fort Missoula, Montana, to take effect May 2, and upon expiration of any leave of absence he may be granted, will proceed to San Francisco, Calif., and sail on the transport scheduled to leave that port about May 14, for the Hawaiian Islands. Upon arrival in Honolulu he will report to the commanding general for duty with the Infantry. (January 7.)

Second Lt. James Fish, is relieved from his present assignment to the 2d Division at Fort Sam Houston, Texas, to take effect March 1.

After any leave which may be granted him, he will proceed to San Francisco, Calif., and sail on the transport leaving that port about May 14, for the Hawaiian Islands. Upon his arrival in Honolulu he will report for duty with the Infantry. (January 7.)

Second Lt. Grover C. Kinney, 17th Inf., is relieved from assignment to that regiment at Fort Crook, Neb., effective February 1, and upon expiration of any leave of absence which may be granted him, will sail on the transport leaving San Francisco, Calif., about March 24, for the Philippine Islands. Upon arrival in Manila, he will report to the commanding general for duty with the Infantry. (January 7.)

Second Lt. Ray E. Marshall, 17th Inf., is relieved from assignment to that regiment at Fort Crook, Neb., to take effect March 1. Upon expiration of any leave of absence granted him, he will sail from San Francisco, Calif., about March 24, for the Philippine Islands. Arriving in Manila, he will report to the commanding general for duty with the Infantry. (January 7.)

Capt. A. Pledger Sullivan is detailed in the Adjutant General's Dept., effective this date. He is relieved from his present assignment and duty in Baltimore, Md., and will proceed at once to Washington, D. C., and report to the Adjutant General for duty in his office. The name of Captain Sullivan is removed from the detached officers' list, effective upon his relief from his present duty. (January 9.)

Col. Oliver S. Eskridge is assigned to duty as commandant of the tank school, Camp Meade, Md., to take effect upon the relief of Brig. Gen. George S. Simonds, U. S. Army. (January 8.)

Second Lt. James C. Fry, 9th Inf., is relieved from his present assignment to the 2d Div., and duty at Fort Sam Houston, Texas, to take effect at such time as will enable him to proceed to San Francisco, Calif., and sail on the transport leaving that port about May 14, for the Hawaiian Islands. Upon his arrival in Honolulu he will report to the commanding general to duty with the Infantry. (January 8.)

Second Lt. Frank E. Wilder, 26th Inf., is relieved from assignment to the 1st Division at Plattsburg Barracks, N. Y., and is assigned to the 65th Infantry. He will sail from New York city on the transport leaving that port for Porto Rico, about April 9. Upon arrival at San Juan, he will report to the commanding officer 65th Infantry for duty with the Infantry. (January 8.)

Capt. Harry Curry is relieved from his present assignment and duty as instructor National Guard, with station at Hartford, Conn., effective at such time as will enable him to proceed to New York city, and sail on the transport scheduled to leave that port about April 9, for the Canal Zone. Upon arrival in Panama, he will report to the commanding officer for duty with the Infantry. (January 8.)

Second Lt. Douglas E. Christie, 26th Inf., is relieved from assignment and duty at Plattsburg Barracks, N. Y., to take effect at such time as will enable him to sail on the transport leaving New York city, about June 11, for the Canal Zone. Upon arrival in Panama he will report to the commanding general for duty with the Infantry. (January 8.)

AIR SERVICE

MAJ. GEN. M. M. PATRICK, C. OF A.S.

Each of the following named officers of the Air Service is relieved from his present assignment and duty at the places specified after his name, to take effect at such time as will enable him to proceed to Brooks Field, San Antonio, Texas.

They will report, March 14, to the commandant of the Air Service Primary Flying School for a course of instruction: Maj. Harold A. Strauss, McCook Field, Dayton, Ohio; Capt. Edgar P. Sorenson, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, Mass.; Capt. Dudley B. Howard, Office, Chief of Air Service, Washington, D. C.; 1st Lt. James C. Cluck, Office, Chief of Air Staff, Washington, D. C., and Henry G. Woodward, Kelly Field, Texas. (January 7.)

First Lt. Aubrey C. Strickland is relieved from his present assignment and duties at Kelly Field, Texas, is detailed for duty with the Organized Reserves of the 4th Corps Area, assigned to duty with the squadron at Maxwell Field, Ala., and in addition is detailed as executive officer of all Air Service units of the Corps, Army and General Headquarters, Reserves and zone of the interior, 5th Army Corps Area. Upon expiration of leave granted him, Lt. Strickland will report to the commanding officer at Maxwell Field. (January 7.)

First Lt. Walter G. Smith is relieved from his present assignment and duties at Chanute Field, Ill., to take effect at such time as will enable him to sail from New York city, about April 23, via Government transportation to the Hawaiian Islands. Upon his arrival at Honolulu, he will report to the commanding general for duty with the Air Service. (January 7.)

First Lt. Wallace R. Fletcher, Air Service, is relieved from assignment and duties at McCook Field, Dayton, Ohio, effective at such time as will enable him to sail from New York city about April 23, via Government transportation, to the Hawaiian Islands. Upon arrival in Honolulu he will report to the commanding general for duty with the Air Service. (January 7.)

Each of the following named officers of the Air Service is relieved from his present assignment and duty at the Air Service Primary Flying School, Brooks Field, Texas, and will report in person to the Commandant, the Air Service Advanced Flying School, Kelly Field, Texas, for the course in observation for lighter-than-air of-

Commander-in-Chief—Calvin Coolidge, President.

Secretary of War—John W. Weeks.

Assistant Secretary of War—Col. Dwight F. Davis.

Chief of Staff—Maj. Gen. John L. Hines.

Deputy Chief of Staff—Brig. Gen. Dennis E. Nolan.

ficers: Maj. Roy M. Jones, and 1st Lt. George G. Lundberg. (January 8.)

First Lt. William L. Wheeler is relieved from his present assignment and duty at the Air Service Technical School, Chanute Field, Rantoul, Ill., and will report to the commanding officer for duty at Chanute Field. (January 8.)

Capt. Otto G. Trunk is relieved from his present assignment and duty at headquarters 4th Corps Area, Atlanta, Ga., effective about January 18, and will then proceed to Bolling Field, D. C., and report in person to the commanding officer for duty. The name of Capt. Smith is removed from the detached officers' list upon relief from his present duties. (January 8.)

QUARTERMASTER CORPS

MAJ. GEN. W. H. HART, Q.M.G.

First Lt. Robert G. Thorp, is assigned to duty as assistant to the commanding officer quartermaster intermediate depot, Philadelphia, Pa., effective upon completion of his present tour of foreign service, until the opening of the Quartermaster Corps School for the 1925-26 Course, beginning September 15, 1925, when he will report to the commandant of the school for duty. (January 9.)

First Lt. Samuel H. Baker, is relieved from his present duties and assignment at Fort Williams, Maine, effective at such time as will enable him to sail from New York city on the transport scheduled to leave that port about June 11, 1925, for the Canal Zone. Upon arrival in Panama, he will report to the commanding general for duty with the Quartermaster Corps. (January 9.)

First Lt. Samuel D. Tallmadge, is assigned to duty as assistant to the Quartermaster Supply Officer, New York general intermediate depot, New York city, effective upon completion of his tour of foreign service and will join the station to which he is assigned at the proper time. (January 9.)

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT

MAJ. GEN. M. W. IRELAND, S.G.

Capt. Richard P. Smith, now on duty at Walter Reed Hospital, this city, is detailed as a member of a board of officers to meet in this city for the purpose of conducting the annual physical examination of officers of the Regular Army on duty in this city, who may be properly ordered before the board, vice-Maj. Benj. Norris, relieved. (January 8.)

Capt. Joseph H. Mendelson, is relieved from assignment and duty at Fort Bliss, Texas, and will proceed to this city and report in person to the commanding officer at Walter Reed General Hospital, Army Medical center for duty. (January 8.)

First Lt. Howland A. Gibson, is relieved from assignment on duty at Carlisle Barracks, Penn., and from temporary duty at the Army Medical School, this city, effective upon the completion of his present course of instruction about February 10. He will report to the commanding officer at Walter Reed General Hospital for duty. (January 8.)

First Lt. Hubert M. Nicholson, is relieved from assignment and duty at Carlisle Barracks, Penn., and from temporary duty at the Army Medical School, this city, effective upon the completion of the course of instruction about Feb. 10. He will report to the commanding officer at Walter Reed General Hospital for duty. (January 8.)

First Lt. Edward J. Kallas, is relieved from assignment on duty at Carlisle Barracks, Penn., and from temporary duty at the Army Medical School, this city, effective about February 10. He will proceed to Fort Sill, Okla., and report to the commanding officer of that post for duty. (January 8.)

First Lt. Arthur D. Hawkins, is relieved from assignment and duty at Carlisle Barracks, Penn., and from temporary duty at Walter Reed General Hospital, Army medical center, Washington, D. C., effective at such time as to enable him to sail from New York city on the transport scheduled to leave that port about March 4, for San Francisco, Calif. He will report, upon arrival, to the commanding officer, Letterman General Hospital, for duty. (January 9.)

VETERINARY CORPS

Capt. Francis H. K. Reynolds, is relieved from further duty at the Army Veterinary School, Army medical center, Washington, D. C., effective upon the completion of his present course of instruction about February 10, and will report to the commandant Army Medical School for duty. (January 9.)

CHAPLAINS

Chaplain John F. Chenoweth, U. S. Army, is relieved from further duty at Fort Bliss, Texas, effective at such time as will enable him to proceed at the proper time to San Francisco, Calif., and sail on the transport scheduled to leave that port about May 14, for the Hawaiian Islands. Upon arrival in Honolulu, Chaplain Chenoweth will report to the commanding general in person for duty.

PROMOTIONS

The promotion of the following officers is announced: Capt. John McDonald Thompson, Cav., to the grade of Maj., December 4, 1924; 1st Lt. Floyd Newman Shumaker, Air Service, to the grade of Capt., with rank from December 4, 1924. They will remain on their present duties. (January 7.)

The appointment of the following named enlisted men as 2d Lts. Medical Administrative Corps,

Regular Army, with rank from December 6, 1924, is announced: Master Sergeant Albert Francis Dowler, Medical Dept. He will proceed from Letterman General Hospital, San Francisco, Calif., to Denver, Colo., and report in person to the commanding officer, Fitzsimmons General Hospital, for assignment to duty. Technical Sergeant Edward Martin Wones, Medical Dept. (January 7.)

The promotion of Lt. Col. Wait Chatterton Johnson, to the grade of Col., December 6, 1924, is announced. He will remain on his present duties. (January 8.)

The promotion of 2nd Lt. Albert Theodore Wilson, to the grade of 1st Lt. on December 4, 1924, is announced. He will remain on his present duties. (January 8.) 2nd Lt. to the grade of 1st Lt. on December 2, 1924, is announced. He will remain on his present duties. (January 9.)

LEAVES

One month and 21 days, effective on or about January 29, is granted 2d Lt. William L. Carr, Field Artillery, and to terminate at such time as to enable him to sail for Honolulu about March 25. (January 7.)

Four months effective about June 1, is granted Col. James K. Parsons, Inf., with permission to leave the continental limits of the U. S. The leave of absence granted Maj. Charles A. Meala, Quartermaster Corps, is extended one month. (January 8.)

LATE ARMY ORDERS

S. O. 8, January 10, 1925, W. D.

Promotion of 1st Lt. L. H. Smith, A.S., to grade of captain, with rank from December 6, 1924, announced.

Capt. R. W. Argo to Coast Artillery School as instructor.

Capt. E. J. Maloney, Inf., to A.P.M.S. & T., Virginia Agricultural College.

Staff Sergt. D. W. Johnson, S.C., placed on retired list at Fort Sam Houston, Texas.

Capt. E. E. Robinson, Inf., to New York city and sail about June 11, 1925, for Canal Zone duty.

Each of following Inf. officers assigned to organization and station indicated to take effect on completion of present tour of foreign service:

Capt. J. H. Burns to 24th Inf., Ft. Benning, Ga.; F. H. Enckhausen to 29th Inf.; C. McK. Kemp to 29th Inf., and H. A. Andres to 24th Inf., Ft. Benning, Ga.

Capt. H. O. Cushion, 15th Inf., assigned to 24th Inf., Ft. Benning, Ga.

Promotion to 2nd Lt. H. M. Elder, Q.M.C., to grade of 1st Lt. with rank from December 7, 1924, announced.

Resignation by 1st Lt. M. E. Knowles, Inf., of his commission, to take effect January 20, 1924, accepted.

Maj. R. Skelton, M.C., detailed as additional member of board of officers appointed by paragraph 28, S.O. 3, W.D., January 5, 1925.

Maj. S. W. Fitzgerald, A.S., to Washington, D. C., and report January 31, 1925, to Chief of Air Service, duty in office.

1st Lt. C. W. Steinmetz, A.S., to report January 31, 1925, to Chief of Air Service, duty in office.

Maj. R. W. Rieckhoff, Q.M.C., to Washington, D. C., January 31, 1925, to Q.M.G. duty in office.

Lt. Col. C. E. Reese, Q.M.C., to sail from San Francisco, January 23, 1925, via New York city to Washington, D. C., to Q.M.G. duty in office.

1st Sgt. O. R. Tillotson, 7th C.A., placed upon retired list at Ft. Hancock, N. J.

1st Sgt. E. Carroll, 10th Inf., placed upon retired list at Ft. Thomas, Ky.

S. O. 9, January 12, 1925, W. D.

Leave for 4 months granted Maj. O. W. Hoop, effective February 20, 1925.

1st Lt. R. B. MacClure, Inf., to tanks, Camp Meade, Md.

Lt. Col. W. C. Weeks, C.E., assigned to San Francisco, Calif., from foreign service.

Sick leave for 2 months granted Col. G. M. Grimes, Q.M.C., January 13, 1925.

Lt. Col. G. F. Ames, Q.M.O.R.C., to active duty, January 27, 1925, to Washington, D. C., until February 10, 1925.

Promotion of Capt. J. A. Van Fleet, Inf., to grade of Maj., with rank from December 6, 1924, announced.

Promotion of Chaplain E. A. Huset, U.S.A., from grade of 1st Lt. to Capt., with rank from December 14, 1924, announced.

Maj. G. A. Roush, Staff Specialist, O.R.C., to active duty January 16, 1925, to Washington, D. C., until January 16, 1925.

1st Lt. F. E. Woodward, A.S., to Mitchell Field, L. I., New York, for duty, January 15, 1925.

Lt. Col. J. R. McAndrews, U.S.A., retired, to active duty, Army War College, Washington, D. C., January 20, 1925.

Capt. J. W. Mayben, Q.M.C., to Pittsburgh, Pa., duty.

Master Sergt. B. J. Musholt, Q.M.C., placed upon retired list at Selfridge Field, Mich.

Tech. Sergt. F. B. Wood, Q.M.C., placed upon retired list at Ft. Benning, Ga.

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ARMY CORPS AREA AND DEPARTMENTS

1ST ARMY CORPS AREA

Headquarters, Boston, Mass.
MAJ. GEN. A. W. BREWSTER, COMDR.
Col. C. D. Roberts, Chief of Staff.

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Capt. Grandison Gervais Gerke, Q.M., O.R.C., Milton, Mass., is relieved from assignment to Headquarters Springfield Mobilization Area Z. 1, on account of being member of the Branch Assignment Group.

1st Lt. Horton Lloyd Chandler, F.A., O.R.C., Concord, N. H., is relieved from assignment to the headquarters of the 172d Field Artillery Brigade, 97th Division, on account of being member of the National Guard of the state of New Hampshire.

2d Lt. Francis Augustus Griffin, Q.M., O.R.C., Portland, Me., is relieved from assignment to the Remount Troop No. 37 Z. 1, on account of being a member of the Branch Assignment Group.

Maj. Loring Sawyer Lombard, Med., O.R.C., attached headquarters 41st Balloon Group, 11th Corps, South Portland, Me., with his consent, is ordered to active duty, effective January 11, 1925, for a course of training and instruction in the Air Service School of Aviation Medicine.

Capt. Alexander E. Whitworth, Signal Corps (D.O.L.), instructor Massachusetts National Guard, Commonwealth Armory, on temporary duty in connection with the instruction of units of the National Guard will visit the following stations during the month of January: Lowell, Springfield, Brockton, Pittsfield, Lawrence, Salem and Natick.

Capt. Louis R. Knight, Air Service, Air Officer, First Corps Area, will proceed from Boston, Mass., to Hartford, Conn., on temporary duty in connection with the instruction of the 118th Air Squadron, Connecticut National Guard, at that place.

1st Lt. Carlton Pearl Griswold, Inf., O.R.C., 388th Inf., 97th Division, Grand Isle, Ver., with his consent, is ordered to active duty for a period of fifteen days, to take effect on January 18, 1925. On that date he will proceed to Fort Williams, Me., reporting to the Commanding Officer, Post of Portland Harbor, for training, attached to the 5th Infantry.

2d Lt. Arthur Irish, Inf., O.R.C., Colebrook, N. H., with his consent is ordered to active duty for a period of 15 days, to take effect on January 17, 1925. He will proceed to Fort Williams, Me., for training as attached to the 5th Infantry. If not sooner relieved, this officer will return to his home on January 21, 1925, upon which he will stand relieved from further active duty.

Leaves—Two months, effective on or about February 1, is granted Capt. Fernando E. Rodriguez, Dental Corps. One month and fifteen days, effective on or about January 11, is granted Warrant Officer John M. Fisher, U. S. Army, now on duty at these headquarters. Three months, effective January 20, granted 1st Lt. Thomas L. Waters Coast Art, Fort R. J. Wright, N. Y.

2D ARMY CORPS AREA

Headquarters, Governor's Island, N. Y.
MAJ. GEN. C. P. SUMMERALL, COMDR.
Col. W. P. Jackson, Chief of Staff.

A Board of Officers to consist of Col. Frank H. Lawton, Q.M.C.; Maj. Walter E. Pridden, 16th Inf.; Maj. Jacob Frank, Q.M.C.; Capt. Robert D. Field, Q.M.C., and 2d Lt. Charles G. Stevenson, 16th Inf., is appointed to meet at Governor's Island, N. Y., as soon as practicable, at the call of the President, for the purpose of making recommendations for the improvement, maintenance and repair of buildings and grounds, and for the demolition or salvage of such buildings, structures and material as are not required for present or prospective needs at Governor's Island, N. Y.

Maj. John E. Ardrey, Inf. (D.O.L.), will proceed from New York to San Juan P. R., for the purpose of inspecting R.O.T.C. Major Ardrey and the units at the College of Agriculture and Mechanic Sergeants and the University of Porto Rico.

1st Lt. Gerald B. O'Grady, F.A., O.R.C., Paterson, N. J., is assigned to 408th Field Artillery, 78th Division.

1st Lt. Ewald L. Witzel, Inf., O.R.C., 391st Inf., 98th Division, is, with his consent, ordered to active duty to take the Machine Gun and Howitzer course at the Infantry School, Fort Benning, Ga., effective February 23, 1925.

Chaplain Stanley C. Ramaden, U.S.A., is detailed as Chaplain on the U.S.A. Transport St. Michel, scheduled to sail from Brooklyn, N. Y.

Leaves—Three months, effective on or about January 5, 1925, is granted 1st Lt. Alexander T. McCone, 7th Field Art., with permission to leave continental limits of United States. Three months is granted 1st Lt. Winfield S. Robertson, 7th Field Art., effective on or about February 1, 1925, with permission to leave continental limits of United States.

3D ARMY CORPS AREA

Headquarters, Baltimore, Md.
MAJ. GEN. SAMUEL D. STURGIS, COMDR.
Col. F. S. Cochen, Chief of Staff.

Col. Paul T. Hayne is announced as Adj. Gen., 3rd Army Corps Area, with headquarters in Baltimore.

The following Reserve Officers are attached to the 80th Division for training and instruction: Maj. Edwin N. Lewis, Inf., O.R.C., Washington, D. C.; 2d Lt. Alvin T. Basford, Inf., O.R.C.; 2d Lt. Madison R. Smith, Inf., O.R.C.

The following Reserve Officers, now attached to the 80th Division for training and instruction, are relieved from such attachment and are assigned to the 80th Division: Capt. Charlie F. Morgan, Inf., O.R.C., Richmond, Va.; 1st Lt. Samuel M. Moore, A.S., O.R.C., Washington, D. C.; 2d Lt. George R. Cassidy, A.S., O.R.C., Washington, D. C.; 2d Lt. Ord., O.R.C., Richmond, Va.

The following Reserve Officers are assigned to the National Guard of the states indicated: 2d Lt. Robert S. Doyle, F.A., O.R.C., Pittsburgh, Pa.; Capt. Matthew C. Fenton, Jr., F.A., O.R.C., Baltimore, Md.

Maj. William E. Shedd, Jr., Coast Art. Corps, Ft. Monroe, Va., will make the usual armory inspection of the following units of 215th Coast Art. (A.A.), Pennsylvania National Guard: Allentown, Easton, Bethlehem, Reading, Pottsville, Lancaster and Lebanon.

Maj. Kenneth R. Blood, Coast Art. Corps, Ft. Monroe, Va., will make the annual armory inspection of the following units of the National Guard at Richmond, Lynchburg, Roanoke, Christiansburg, Blackburg, Clifton Forge, Covington and Danville.

Leaves—Two months, with permission to leave the continental limits of the United States, effective on or about January 22, 1925, is granted to Capt. Charles T. Phillips, Air Service.

The following Reserve Officers, now assigned to the 79th Division, are attached to the 79th Division: Maj. LaBarre J. Leary, Med., O.R.C., Philadelphia; Maj. Morris C. Thrush, Med., O.R.C., Philadelphia.

1st Lt. John J. Nusbaum, M., O.R.C., Philadelphia, now attached to the 79th Division for training and instruction.

1st Lt. Joseph W. Manning, Sig., O.R.C., Washington, D. C., now attached to the 80th Division for training and instruction.

The following Reserve Officers are assigned to units of the Organized Reserves, to 79th Division: Capt. Raymond C. Ward, F.A., O.R.C.; 2d Lt. John C. Versnel, F.A., O.R.C., Philadelphia.

Capt. Grover E. Moore, Inf., O.R.C., Washington, D. C., now attached to the 80th Division for training and instruction.

The following Reserve Officers, now attached to the 99th Division for training and instruction, are relieved from such attachment and under the provisions of Par. 16, Special Regulations, No. 45 are assigned to the 99th Division: 1st Lt. Calvin F. Shaulin, Inf., O.R.C.R.F.D., No. 1, Solisople, Pa.; 2d Lt. William R. Cuthbert, Engrs., O.R.C., 610 East End Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

4TH ARMY CORPS AREA

Headquarters, Atlanta, Ga.
MAJ. GEN. DOUGLAS MACARTHUR, COMDR.
Col. T. W. Darrah, Chief of Staff.

Capt. Nelson M. Walker, Fort Benning, Ga., delivered a lecture before the Association of Reserve Officers of that city on January 7. He returned to his proper station at Fort Benning, Ga.

Leave of absence for one month is granted Warrant Officer John P. Linney, effective on or about January 1, 1925. Three months is granted to Lt.-Col. William P. Ennis on arrival in United States.

1st Lt. John R. Thornton, Signal Corps (D.O.L.), instructor, National Guard of North Carolina, is relieved from his present station and will proceed without delay to Mobile, Ala., for permanent station.

2d Lt. William L. Johnson, 13th Coast Art., is relieved from duty at the coast defenses of Pensacola, Fort Barrancas, Fla., and is assigned to duty at the coast defenses of Key West, Key West Barracks, Fla.

Capt. Thomas M. Page, Dental Corps, Fort McPherson, Ga., will proceed to Maxwell Field, Ala., and report for temporary duty for thirty (30) days for the purpose of rendering necessary dental attendance, and, on completion of this duty, he will return to his proper station at Fort McPherson, Ga.

5TH ARMY CORPS AREA

Headquarters, Fort Hayes, Columbus, Ohio.
MAJ. GEN. OMAR BUNDY, COMDR.
Col. T. E. Merrill, Chief of Staff.

Capt. John H. Crozier (D.O.L.), is announced as assistant to the assistant Chief of Staff for Operations and Training, G-3, Fifth Corps Area, with station at Fort Hayes, Columbus, O.

Capt. Eugene N. Slapper, Inf. (D.O.L.), is relieved from further duty as instructor 152d Infantry, Indiana National Guard, Indianapolis, Ind.

Capt. Herbert G. Eaden, Infantry, assistant instructor, 52d instructor Indiana National Guard is detailed as instructor of that regiment.

Capt. Henry P. Hallowell, Inf., D.O.L., is relieved from further duty as instructor, special troops, 38th Division, Indiana National Guard and is detailed as assistant instructor, 152d Infantry, Indiana National Guard.

Leave of absence for one month, effective on his arrival in the United States from Panama Canal Department on or about March 25, 1925, is granted Capt. Harry J. Farmer, Infantry.

Lt. Col. Francis F. Glover, Cavalry, D.O.L., is announced as C.M.T.C. Officer, Fifth Corps Area, with station at Fort Hayes, Ohio, relieving Maj. John S. Sullivan, Inf. D.O.L.

Capt. John H. Crozier, Inf., D.O.L., assistant to the assistant chief of staff for Operating and Training, G-3, these headquarters, is, until further orders, assigned to duty in the War Plans Office.

Capt. Winfield O. Shrum, Inf., D.O.L., assistant instructor, Kentucky National Guard, is relieved from further duty at Bowling Green, Ky., and will proceed to Pikeville, Ky., for station and duty.

Leaves—Two months, effective on or about January 10, 1925, is granted Capt. Harold S. Wright, Quartermaster Corps. One month, effective on or about January 4, 1925, granted to 2d Lt. Edmund F. Ellis, 10th Inf., Fort Thomas, Ky.

Leaves—Three months is granted to Capt. Harold F. Coulter, 10th Inf., effective on or about December 28, 1924. (A.G. 201.) One month, effective December 28, 1924, is granted Army Field Clerk Oscar Mattson, these headquarters.

What Is Thrift ?

This is a timely, pertinent question in view of the fact that the annual observance of Thrift Week will begin the very day this issue of THE ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL comes from the press, January 17, the anniversary of Benjamin Franklin's birthday.

What is Thrift? "The saving habit, which not only makes provision for exigencies of the future, but also makes possible the enjoyment of the comforts and pleasures of life," is an answer given by one authority.

Why not observe Thrift Week this year by investing in one or more Units of National Capital Mortgage Company stock, consisting of five shares of 8% Preferred at \$20 per share (\$100), and five shares of the Common (also paying 8% with every indication of paying more at no distant date) at \$2 per share (\$10)—total \$1.10 per Unit?

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6TH ARMY CORPS AREA

Headquarters, Chicago, Ill.
MAJ. GEN. H. C. HALE, COMDR.
Col. R. E. Wylie, Chief of Staff.

Capt. David J. Gothold, Eng., O.R.C., is relieved from assignment to the 310th Engineers and is attached thereto for training.

1st Lt. Earl E. Gibbs, Eng., O.R.C., is relieved from assignment to the 427th Battalion (Aux.), and is assigned to the 405th Engineer Battalion, Mounted.

The following Reserve Officers are assigned to the organizations indicated: 2d Lt. Royal J. Martin, A.S., O.R.C., to 406th Airborne Company; Maj. Leslie H. Rose, A.S., O.R.C., and 2d Lt. Lynn G. Fay, A.S., O.R.C., to Headquarters 46th Battalion Group; 2d Lt. Henry A. McPherson, Q.M., O.R.C., 101st Division Train; Maj. Schuyler C. Soring, Q.M., O.R.C., 310th Motor Repair Battalion; 2d Lt. Thomas G. Kiernan, Q.M., O.R.C., 311th Service Company, 86th Division; 2d Lt. Harold R. Ten Eyck, Ord., O.R.C., and Henry F. Culver, Ord., O.R.C.

The following Reserve Officers are attached to the organizations indicated: Capt. Joe L. Stettauer, Med., O.R.C., Hdqrs. Special Troops 86th Div.; Lt.-Col. Edward Karow, F.A., O.R.C., 486th Field Artillery; 2d Lt. Harley B. Clanin, A.S., O.R.C., Marshall G. Clark, A.S., O.R.C., and Harold T. Montrose, 308th Pursuit Group Hdqrs.; 2d Lt. James H. Boden, Inf., O.R.C.

1st Lt. William F. Catlin, F.A., O.R.C., is relieved from assignment to the 486th Artillery and is assigned to the 328th Field Artillery.

Capt. Horace N. Hanbury, Q.M., O.R.C., is relieved from and attached to the 86th Div. Train and is assigned to Hdqrs. 85th Div.

Maj. William H. Sexton, J.A.G., O.R.C., is relieved from attachment to Hdqrs. 6th Corps (J.A.G.) section, and is assigned to Hdqrs. 86th Div. (J.A.G.) section.

Lt. Col. Nathan W. MacChesney, J.A.G., O.R.C., is relieved from assignment to Hdqrs. 86th Div. Lt. Col. Albert Edward Harris, Med., O.R.C., Detroit, is relieved from assignment to Greenleaf Hospital and is assigned to General Hospital No. 36, Detroit College of Medicine and Surgery.

1st Lt. Lewis Delos Churchill, Dent., O.R.C., Cook County Hospital Chicago, is relieved from assignment to General Dispensary No. 6, and is assigned to General Hospital No. 107, Chicago, as Dental Surgeon.

The following named Reserve Officers are relieved from assignment to General Hospital No.

36, and are assigned to General Hospital No. 120, Racine, Wis.

Maj. Otto W. McClusky, Kenosha, Wis.; Executive officer; Maj. Harold Swanberg, Quincy, Ill., Roentgenologist; Maj. Edwin M. Harrison, Chicago, Assistant Chief of Surgical Service; Maj. Calvin R. Elwood, Menominee, Mich., assistant Chief of Surgical Service; Maj. Anfin Egdahl, Rockford, Ill., Assistant Chief of Medical Service; Maj. Rudolph O. Schlosser, Chicago, Chief of Dental Service; Capt. Norman L. Seelye, Harvard, Ill., Surgical Ward Officer; Capt. Walter C. Reineking, Rockford, Ill., Medical Ward Officer; Capt. John E. Mulsow, Milwaukee, Medical Ward Officer; Capt. Edgar B. Elvis, Medford, Wis., Medical Ward Officer.

Capt. Roger W. Brookie, Peppin, Wis., Medical Ward Officer; 1st Lt. Robert F. Braun, Milwaukee, Medical Ward Officer; 1st Lt. James G. Nelson, Racine, Wis., Dental Surgeon; 1st Lt. Harold V. Wiedeback, Racine, Wis., Dental Surgeon; 1st Lt. Conrad H. Forster, Ashland, Wis., Dental Surgeon; 2d Lt. Frederick E. Pratt, Menominee, Wis., Register and Detachment Commander.

Leaves—Two months and 25 days, effective about July 1, is granted Maj. James R. Jacobs, U. S. Army, retired, Western Military Academy, Alton, Ill. Two months, effective about January 10, is granted Maj. A. G. Gillespie, Ordnance Dept., Chicago. Two months, effective about December 29, is granted Capt. G. L. Hartman, 8th Inf., Jefferson Barracks, Mo. Three months, effective about June 12, is granted Maj. F. M. Burrows, with permission to leave the continental limits of the United States, Field Artillery, D.O.L., Chicago. Four months, effective on or about December 20, is granted Maj. Roy L. Platt, Inf.

7TH ARMY CORPS AREA

Headquarters, Omaha, Neb.
MAJ. GEN. G. B. DUNCAN, COMDR.
Col. H. A. Eaton, Chief of Staff.

Lt. Col. George R. Sommerville, Cavalry, Topeka, Kan., will make visits of instruction to units of the National Guard at the following named places in the State of Kansas, between January 1, and June 30, and upon completion of this duty will return to his proper station: Three visits to Wichita, Pleasanton, and Kansas City. Four to Iola, Yates Center, Coffeyville, and Lawrence.

(Continued on page 1762)

INFANTRY OFFICERS TO MAKE INSPECTION TRIPS

DURING the next two months, Majors Paul W. Baade, Inf., and John H. Hester, Inf., both of whom are on duty in the office of Infantry, will be ordered to inspect a number of Infantry R.O.T.C. units located in the South, Middle West, and Northwest.

Major Baade, who is on duty in the Reserve section of this office, will leave Washington, January 25, and will inspect the following schools and colleges: The dates are approximate.

Alabama Polytechnic, January 26 and 27; Marion Institute, January 28; University of Alabama, January 29 and 30; Mississippi A. and M., January 31; Ouachita College, February 2; Little Rock College, February 3; University of Arkansas, February 4; University of Oklahoma, February 5; Oklahoma A. and M., February 6 and 7; Fairmount College, February 9; Kansas Agricultural College, February 10; University of Illinois, February 12, 13 and 14; Depauw University, February 16; Indiana University, February 17 and 18; University of Dayton, February 19; Wilberforce, February 20; Denison University, February 21; and Ohio State University, February 24 and 25.

The itinerary of Major Hester, who is on duty in the war planning section, calls for his departure from Washington on February 1. He will be gone during the month of February. His itinerary is as follows, although it is possible that some slight changes may be made therein:

State University of Iowa, February 3; Coe College, February 4; Iowa A. and M., February 5; Creighton University, February 6; University of Nebraska, February 7, 8 and 9; University of South Dakota, February 10; South Dakota A. and M., February 12; University of Minnesota, February 13 and 14; University of North Dakota, February 16; North Dakota Agricultural College, February 17; University of Wisconsin, February 18; Ripon College, February 20; Northwestern University, February 21; Northwestern College, February 23; Knox College, February 24; Michigan Agricultural College, February 26; University of Michigan, February 27; Municipal University of Akron, February 28.

HOLD CONFERENCE ON ARMY BUILDING PROGRAM

CHAIRMAN WADSWORTH, of the Senate Committee on Military Affairs, who is also Chairman of the Senate section of the Joint sub-committee which is to take under consideration the War Department's building program, held a conference with Representative W. Frank James, who is chairman of the House sub-committee, this week, with the view of securing some action on the bill. Mr. James is as anxious to secure early action on the bill, as the Senator and a meeting of the joint sub-committee, will be called in a very few days.

It was originally planned to hold separate meetings, but it has become apparent that if any action is to be obtained on the bill this session, that an agreement must be reached immediately by the joint sub-committee. It is not believed that any hearings will be necessary, and that the Committee can act without further information on the subject.

During the week, a special hearing was given to Major General Hines, Chief of Staff, and Maj. Gen. Robert L. Howze, upon the project for the enlargement of the Fort Bliss Reservation. It appears that the Government has an opportunity to secure, at a very reasonable price, 3,000 additional acres, at Fort Bliss, which is needed to give ample facilities there. The Government not only needs this additional land, for an aviation field but for room for the maneuvering. It now has 1,800 acres there, which is totally inadequate for the needs of the Army.

The War Department also has an opportunity to sell for \$180,000.00, the improvements at Fort Porter. The title of this reservation provides in the event that it is no longer used for military purposes that it should revert to the State. The city of Buffalo is willing to pay the Government for its improvements, as it wishes it for a park and a terminal for a bridge across the Niagara River.

There are a great many projects which could be taken care of, it is said, if the general bill submitted by the War Department were passed at this session.

ARMY CORPS AREA AND DEPARTMENTS

7TH ARMY CORPS AREA

Headquarters, Omaha, Neb.
MAJ. GEN. G. B. DUNCAN, COMDR.
Col H. A. Eaton, Chief of Staff.

(Continued from page 1761)

Lt. Col. Thomas J. Rogers, Infantry, Minneapolis, Minn., will make one visit of instruction to units of the National Guard at each of the following named points in the State of Minnesota, between January 1, and June 30, as indicated and upon completion of this duty will return to his proper station: Aitkin, Pine River, Madison, Hutchinson, and Ortonville.

Lt. Col. Lucius C. Bennett, Infantry, St. Paul, Minn., will make visits of instruction to units of the National Guard at the following named points in the State of Minnesota, between January 1, and June 30, as indicated, and upon completion of this duty will return to his proper station: Six visits to Worthington, and Twenty-five visits to Minneapolis.

Maj. Maurice D. Wolty, Infantry, Mankato, Minn., will make one visit of instruction to units of the National Guard, between January 1, and June 30, as indicated, and upon completion of this duty will return to his proper station: Crookston, Morris, Benson, St. Cloud, Red Wing, Winona, Rochester, Worthington, Luverne, St. Peter, Fairmont, New Ulm, and Redwood Falls.

Maj. James F. Presnell, Medical Corps, Lincoln, Neb., will make visits of instruction to units of the National Guard at the following named points in the State of Nebraska, between January 1, and June 30, as indicated, and upon completion of this duty will return to his proper station: Hastings, Kearney, Fremont, Omaha, Columbus, and Crete.

Maj. Thomas F. McNeill, Lincoln, Neb., will make visits of instruction to units of the National Guard at the following named points in the State of Nebraska, between January 1, and June 30, and upon completion of each visit will return to his proper station: Scottsbluff, Gering, Mitchell, Grand Island, North Platte, Hastings, York, Seward, Beatrice, Falls City, Nebraska City, Auburn, Hartington, and Omaha.

Capt. Roy N. Hagerty, Infantry, Council Bluffs, Iowa, will proceed between January 1, and June 30, to Shenandoah, Clarine, Corning, and Des Moines, on a visit of instruction to units of the National Guard and upon completion of this duty will return to his proper station.

Maj. Everett N. Bowman, Infantry, Jefferson City, Mo., will make four visits of instruction to units of the National Guard at Warrensburg, between January 1, and June 30, and upon completion of this duty will return to his proper station.

Capt. Homer S. Battenberg, Infantry, Grand Island, Neb., will make visits of instruction to units of the National Guard, at the following named points between January 1, and June 30, and upon completion of each visit will return to his proper station: Six visits to Hastings, and North Platte, three to Mitchell, Gering, and Scottsbluff, and one to Lincoln.

Capt. John W. Criss, Omaha, Neb., will make visits of instruction to units of the National Guard at the following named points in the State of Nebraska, between January 1, and June 30, and upon completion of each visit will return to his proper station.

1st Lt. Lewis A. Murray, Corps of Engineers, Aberdeen, S. D., will make visits of instruction to units of the National Guard at the following named places, between January 1, and June 30, in the State of South Dakota, and upon completion of this duty will return to his proper station. Leaves—One month, effective about January 10, is granted Capt. Wilhelm P. A. T. von Hartung, Finance Dept. Three months, effective about January 15, is granted Capt. Ernest A. Williams, Cavalry.

8TH ARMY CORPS AREA

Headquarters
Fort Sam Houston, San Antonio, Texas.
MAJ. GEN. ROBERT L. HOWZE, COMDR.
Col. J. F. Preston, Chief of Staff.

Capt. Raymond C. Hildreth, Signal Corps, Office of Signal Officer, 8th Corps Area, these headquarters, will proceed on or about January 2, to Fort Brown and Fort Ringgold, Texas, for making the formal annual inspection of the Signal Communication systems within the Fort Brown and Fort Ringgold commands, and to confer and advise in respect to the permanent Radio Station, Fort Ringgold, Texas. Upon completion of this duty he will return to his proper station.

Capt. Orsen E. Paxton, Infantry, D.O.L., Instructor, Oklahoma National Guard, Oklahoma City, Okla., will proceed to Pauls Valley for the purpose of inspecting Co. E, 179th Inf., Oklahoma National Guard with a view to Federal recognition. Upon completion of the above assigned duty will return to his proper station.

Capt. Floyd Moore, Infantry, D.O.L., Instructor, Texas National Guard, Amarillo, Texas, will make one visit of instruction to each of the following units of 142d Inf., Texas National Guard: Santa Anna, Bangs, Brownwood, Stephenville, Chillicothe, Clarendon, and Claude, Texas. Leaves: One month and 10 days, effective upon his arrival in the U. S., about April 10, is granted 1st Lt. Harold Brand, Air Service, Now at Luke Field, T. H.

9TH ARMY CORPS AREA

Headquarters, Presidio de San Francisco, Calif.
MAJ. GEN. C. T. MENOHER, COMDR.
Col. A. V. P. Anderson, Chief of Staff.

Maj. Charles E. McCarthy, Infantry, D.O.L., the Armory, Sacramento, Calif., is detailed as a member of the board of officers appointed by the 9th Corps Area, for the examination of such officers as may come before them to determine their fitness for permanent appointment, promotion and Federal recognition in the National Guard of California, vice Maj. William P.

Kelleher, Inf., D.O.L., the Armory, Berkeley, Calif., resigned.

Capt. Henry W. McClure, Coast Artillery, Organized Reserves, Corps, San Mateo, Calif., is relieved from assignment to Battery B, 627th Coast Artillery, and is assigned to Battery C, 627th Coast Artillery. He will report by letter to the Executive Officer, 9th Coast Artillery district, Presidio de San Francisco, Calif., for instructions.

1st Lt. Krauth W. Thom, Infantry, D.O.L., Instructor Washington National Guard, the Armory, Everett, Wash., to make visits of instruction during the quarter ending December 31, is amended to authorized the following visits: Four visits to Bellingham, Seattle, and Centralia, Washington, and return.

PANAMA CANAL DEPARTMENT

Headquarters, Quarry Heights, Balboa Heights, Canal Zone.

MAJ. GEN. WILLIAM D. LASSITER, COMDR.
Col. James A. Woodruff, Chief of Staff.

Col. John T. Geary, and Capt. Wilmer S. Phillips, both 65th Coast Artillery, will proceed from Fort Amador, C. Z., to Colon, R. P., on or about December 16, for the purpose of conducting a target practice of the Atlantic Anti-Aircraft command on that date, and upon completion of this duty will return to their proper stations.

Capt. Dwight F. Jones, 11th Engineers, is relieved from his additional duties at the Panama Engineer Depot, Corozal, C. Z.

Lt. Col. Charles G. Mortimer, Quartermaster Corps, Panama Quartermaster Depot, Corozal, C. Z., and Capt. Bernard J. Finan, Quartermaster Corps, Quarry Heights, C. Z., will proceed from their respective stations, on or about December 1, to Cristobal, C. Z., for the purpose of carrying out the instructions of the Department Commander in connection with the disposition of cargo arriving on the Army transport "Edgemoor," and upon completion of this duty will return to their proper station.

HAWAIIAN DEPARTMENT

Headquarters, Honolulu, H. T.
MAJ. GEN. E. M. LEWIS, COMDR.
Col. W. F. Hase, Chief of Staff.

Capt. Edward F. Hart, Field Artillery, Schofield Barracks, is relieved from assignment and duty in this department, effective upon the date of his departure, and will proceed by transports sailing from Honolulu about April 4, to San Francisco, Calif. Upon expiration of any leave granted him he will report to the commanding officer at Fort Sill, Okla., for duty with the 1st Field Artillery.

1st Lt. Patrick F. Powers, Chemical Warfare Service, Schofield Barracks, is relieved from assignment and duty in this department effective upon his departure, and will sail on the transport leaving Honolulu about February 25 for San Francisco, Calif. Upon expiration of any leave of absence he may have, he will report to the commanding officer at Edgewood Arsenal, Edgewood, Md., for duty with the 1st Gas Regt., Chemical Warfare Service, at that station.

1st Lt. William A. Marsh, 27th Inf., is relieved from assignment and duty in this dept., effective upon his departure. He will sail from Honolulu, about January 13, for San Francisco, Calif. Upon his arrival in the U. S. and upon expiration of any leave of absence which may be granted him he will report to the commanding officer for duty with the Infantry 2nd Division.

1st Lt. Charles P. Prime, Air Service, Luke Field, is relieved from assignment and duty in this department, effective upon his departure, and will proceed by the transport sailing from Honolulu, to San Francisco, about April 4. Upon arrival in the U. S., and upon expiration of any leave of absence he may be granted, he will report to the commanding officer, Marshall Field, Fort Riley, Kan., for duty.

Leaves—One month and 24 days, effective upon his arrival in the U. S., is granted 1st Lt. William A. Marsh, 27th Inf., Schofield Barracks, Hawaii. Three months, effective upon his arrival in the U. S., is granted 1st Lt. Patrick F. Powers, Chemical Warfare Service, about February 6.

PHILIPPINE DEPARTMENT

Headquarters, Manila, P. I.
MAJ. GEN. G. W. READ, COMDR.
Col. Guy V. Henry, Chief of Staff.
No orders received.

CHANGE ADJUTANT GENERALS

IT IS understood that Col. John E. Woodward, on duty with the General Staff Corps in Washington, has been selected for the post of Adjutant General of the 2d Corps Area, with headquarters at Governors Island, New York city. Col. Julius T. Conrad, the present Adjutant General of the 2d Corps Area, will sail for Manila in March where he will take over the duties of Adjutant General of the Philippine Department.

OFFER SCHIFF AIR TROPHY

A MEMORIAL Trophy, in memory of the late Lt. (j.g.) Herbert Schiff, U.S. Naval Reserve Force, has been presented to the Navy Department by the members of his family. Lieutenant Schiff was a Naval Reserve Aviator, killed in line of duty at the Naval Air Station at Hampton Roads, Va., on July 11 of last year.

The trophy will be awarded to the commander or pilot who compiles the highest number of flying hours per year without accident.

CHAIRMAN DESIRES DAY FOR ARMY LEGISLATION

IT IS reported that Chairman McKenzie will endeavor to secure a rule which will give the Military Committee a day at this session of Congress. Chairman McKenzie declared that he has not decided whether to make such an application, as he believes that under the unanimous consent rule, and the rule for the suspension of the rules, that he can secure the passage of the most urgent legislation. Under the usual proceedings, the House Committee on Military Affairs will not be reached before Congress adjourns for the session. If it is not, none of the bills that have been reported out will be considered by the House this session except under the unanimous consent rule.

There are a number of important bills, which have either been reported out by the Military Committee at this session, or are pending on the Calendar of the House from last session. Among them, is the bill for the equalization of the pay of retired officers, which received a favorable report at the last session. This bill, in the event of securing a day for the Military Committee, should come up first on the Calendar.

The Committee, this week, has reported favorably on a bill (H.R. 11445) which gives the Chief of Finance and the Chief of Chemical Warfare Service the rank of a Major General. Another bill (H.R. 11252), authorizes the construction of additional facilities at the Walter Reed General Hospital, at a cost of \$2,000,000.00 has been reported. This provides for the completing of two wings in the main hospital building, a rear addition to the main building, to contain dining-rooms, kitchens, wards and libraries, and a laboratory, a morgue building, and a tuberculosis observation and semi-insulation wards. The Committee may also report out a number of other bills.

With this important legislation pending, Chairman McKenzie is being urged to submit a special rule to the Committee on Rules, which will give at least one day to the consideration of Military legislation.

PLAN FOR COMMERCIAL DIRIGIBLE CORPORATION

A PLAN to organize a \$50,000,000 corporation for the development of commercial dirigibles, with headquarters in New York city, has been launched by Maj. Gen. Clarence R. Edwards, U.S.A., retired, according to report. Mr. James Jackson, late State treasurer of Massachusetts, and Mr. Arthur V. Davis, president of the Aluminum Company of America.

Preliminary plans, already perfected, call for the building of two huge lighter-than-air craft at a cost exceeding \$2,000,000 each. These two and others to be built will be used in transporting passengers and freight across the continent and to foreign countries, with Boston as the terminal in each case. The plans call for landing points in the Middle West as well as on the Pacific Coast.

Final plans call for a fleet of 20 or more dirigibles, each to accommodate from 100 to 500 passengers in addition to the crew, and to carry about 50 tons of freight. Engineers estimate that the trip to the coast can be made in two days or less, and allow about the same period for crossing to London.

Passenger rates are to be the same as existing train and steamship fares. Freight charges will be somewhat higher.

RESERVE OFFICERS HEAR SMALL ARMS LECTURE

RESERVE OFFICERS of Ordnance, of the New York District, listened to a lecture given by Major Glenn P. Wilhelm, U.S.A., Chief of the Small Arms Division, Ordnance Department, Washington, on January 12, in the Engineering Societies Building, New York city. The subject of the lecture was "Small Arms," and numerous photographs and drawings of the latest types of small arms were shown by stereopticon.

Gen. John T. Thompson, U.S.A., who was Chief of the Small Arms Division of the Ordnance Department during the World War, and who has just returned from a year's study of small arms in England, France, Belgium, Switzerland, Italy and Spain, presided at the lecture. He gave a brief outline of the small arms situation, in the countries he visited, introductory to Major Wilhelm's lecture.

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MILITARY CLUBS AND SOCIETIES

AMERICAN LEGION

The New York County of the American Legion is considering plans whereby it can raise a sum of \$200,000 towards the erection of a building in New York city as an American Legion Center.

SOJOURNERS CLUB

Charter was granted on January 1, 1925, by Capt. Geo. F. Unmacht, National Sec. and Treas., Sojourners Club, to Charleston Chapter No. 28, of Charleston, South Carolina. The following is a list of the charter members: Lts. E. F. Barker, (S.C.) U.S.N.; S. Jacobs, U.S.N.; C. A. Trexel, (C.E.C.) U.S.N.; Capt. E. A. Woods, Jr., U.S. M.C.; Lt. C. E. Parker, U.S.N.; A. A. Antrim, (S.C.) U.S.N.; G. C. Watkins, U.S.N.; R. S. Lowry, (M.C.) U.S.N.; W. E. Crooks, (M.C.) U. S.N.; N. Kedinger, Ch. Mach.; Capt. W. C. Hamilton, Ord., U.S.A.; Chaplain Joel H. Bensen, U.S.N.

All eligibles in Charleston and vicinity should communicate with Chaplain Joel H. Bensen at the United States Navy Yard.

Hawaiian Chapter No. 9, National (Masonic) Sojourners Club, located at Schofield Barracks, Hawaii, held its annual election of officers for 1925 on Wednesday evening, December 17, 1924. Those elected to guide the organization for the ensuing year are: President, 1st Lt. James E. Adams, Air Service U.S.A.; 1st Vice-President, Lt. Col. Thomas W. Brown, 35th Inf.; 2nd Vice-President, Maj. Clarence C. Drake, M.C., U.S.A.; Secretary and Treasurer, 1st Lt. Dorrance S. Roydon, Inf., (DOL), Aide-de-Camp; Sentinel, Capt. Edward A. Fisher, O.R.C., and Directors, Capt. Charles R. Weist, S.C., U.S.A.; Maj. Lee S. Tillotson, 21st Inf. Brigade; 1st Lt. Hyman King, O. R.C. The Chapter is now entering upon its third year of existence with a membership of nearly two hundred.

PROMOTION STATUS

OFFICERS OF THE ARMY

Promotions and Vacancies on the Promotion List (Cumulative) since December 30, 1924.

Last promotion to the grade of colonel—Wait C. Johnson, Inf., No. 7 on page 147, November Army List and Dir.

Last nomination to the grade of colonel—James M. Little, Inf.

Vacancies—None.

Senior lieutenant colonel—John L. Bond, Inf.

Last promotion to the grade of lt. col.—John E. Munroe, Ord. Dept., No. 586 on page 149.

Last nomination to the grade of lt. col.—Edward J. Moran, Inf.

Vacancies—None.

Senior major—William F. Morrison, F.A.

Last promotion to the grade of major—James A. Van Fleet, Inf., No. 2315 on page 155.

Last nomination to the grade of major—Walter W. Hess, Jr., F.A.

Vacancies—None.

Senior captain—Michael F. Davis, A.S.

Last promotion to the grade of captain—Albert E. Higgins, F.A., No. 6772 on page 155.

Last nomination to the grade of captain—Richard Allen, Q.M.C., No. 6796.

Vacancies—None.

Senior first lieutenant—Christopher W. Ford, A.S., No. 6797.

Last promotion to the grade of first lieutenant—Hartwell M. Elder, Q.M.C., No. 8449 on page 177.

Last nomination to the grade of first lieutenant—Owen R. Marriot, F.A.

Vacancies—None.

Senior second lieutenant—Frank J. Vida, Inf.

Vacancies in the grade of second lieutenant—149.

JUNIOR OFFICERS, NAVY

January 15, 1925

The following junior officers have become eligible for promotion in various grades and ranks of the Navy:

Line.	Medical Corps.
R. Adm. H. H. Christy	R. Adm. A. M. D. McCormick
Capt. R. M. Griswold	Capt. J. A. Murphy
Cdr. O. Smith	Cdr. G. S. Hathaway
Lt. Cdr. J. G. Moyer	Lt. Cdr. E. A. Brown

Dental Corps.	Construction Corps.
Rear Adm. R. Stocker	Rear Adm. R. Stocker
Capt. E. S. Land	Capt. E. S. Land
Cdr. G. Fulton	Cdr. G. Fulton
Lt. Cdr. R. C. Green	Lt. Cdr. F. M. Earle

Supply Corps.	Civil Engineer Corps.
R. Adm. F. T. Arms	Rear Adm. F. R. Harris
Capt. M. R. Goldsborough	Capt. G. A. MacKay
Cdr. W. G. Neill	Cdr. G. A. Duncan
Lt. Cdr. G. C. Simmons	Lt. Cdr. P. J. Searles

MARINE CORPS

January 15, 1925

Commissioned.	Will make number in grade indicated on next vacancy.
Col. F. E. Evans	Col. C. B. Taylor
Lt. Col. J. J. Meade	Lt. Col. Harry O. Smith
Maj. D. L. S. Brewster	Maj. Wm. C. MacCrone
Capt. L. B. Reagan	Capt. John B. Wilson
1st Lt. F. S. Chappelle	1st Lt. John M. Greer

TO REVIEW NAVAL MILITIA

ASSISTANT Secretary of the Navy Douglas Robinson, will visit Brooklyn, N. Y., tonight to review the 2d Battalion of Naval Militia of New York, under command of Comdr. E. T. Fitzgerald.

MILITARY ORDER OF THE WORLD WAR

Major Gen. George H. Harries, commander-in-chief of the Military Order of the World War, and Brig. Gen. Edward Martin, of the General Staff of the Order, were at Harrisburg, Pa. this week to take preliminary steps for the organization of a new chapter there.

A dinner was held at the Engineering Building, at which Gen. Harries was the guest of honor and which proved a very enjoyable event. The new chapter has a lot of enthusiastic supporters.

Lt. Col. Franklin J. Burnham has been appointed adjutant by the newly elected commander. The next meeting of the New York Chapter will be held on Wednesday evening, January 21, at the Seventh Regiment Armory (through the courtesy of Colonel Wade H. Hayes) Park avenue and 68th street, New York city at 8.30 o'clock.

Major General Charles F. Summerville, the new commanding general of the Second Corps Area, has accepted the invitation of General Pierce to be the guest of honor of the Chapter at the above meeting. Motion pictures of General Allenby's campaign in Egypt will be shown through the courtesy of Colonel Jasper Ewing Brady, and Major Gilbert, who was General Allenby's Staff Officer during his famous campaign, will, if his professional duties permit, be present and give us a short talk.

The commander is particularly anxious for a large attendance at this meeting and will appreciate your being present. Guests will be very welcome.

ARMY RELIEF SOCIETY

An informal meeting of Branch No. 2 Army Relief Society will be held at Saint Margaret's Parish Hall, Connecticut Ave. and Bancroft Place, on Tuesday morning, January 20 at eleven o'clock. As large an attendance as possible is desired. The Treasurer will have supplies to distribute at this meeting to section presidents. It is hoped anyone interested in the Army Relief Society will attend this meeting.

RETIREMENT OF N. C. O.

Master Sergt. Russell W. George, 16th Infantry, Governors Island, was retired from active service with the Army recently.

In a general order which was read to the entire command, Col. Stanley H. Ford announced that Sergeant George enlisted on the 24th of June, 1898, with the 2d West Virginia Volunteer Infantry and with the exception of two years with the 2d Machine Gun Company the balance of his time has been with the 16th Infantry. All of Sergeant George's discharges bear the character "Excellent." He has seen service in Cuba, Philippines, Alaska, Hawaii and Panama.

During the World War Sergeant George was wounded in Soissons Drive under Maj. Gen. Robert Lee Bullard and returned to the United States for hospitalization.

He is also the possessor of the Spanish-American War Medal; Philippine Campaign Badge; Mexican Punitive Expedition; Mexican Border Badge; Victory Medal with three stars, and has personal citations from Generals Pershing, Hines, Farnsworth, Bundy, Bell and Summerville. Twenty-two years continuous service has been with the 16th Infantry.

Staff Sergeant Earl Newman, 41st School Squadron, having been placed on the retired list by paragraph 8, Special Orders No. 308, War Department, 1924, is sent to his home, San Antonio.

In this connection the Group Commander desires to announce that Staff Sergeant Newman has faithfully served 25 years, 1 month and 19 days and has a credit of 4 years 10 months and 18 days double time, making a total of 30 years and 7 days. During this period of service he has been a non-commissioned officer for approximately 12 years and in addition held a commission as 2nd Lt., Coast Artillery Corps and 1st Lt., Coast Artillery Corps, for two (2) years during the late war.

Having first enlisted with Company "E," 2d Alabama Volunteers, May 5, 1898, Staff Sgt. Newman served continuously with the 18th Infantry, 6th Infantry, 20th Company, Coast Artillery Corps, 4th Company Coast Artillery Corps, and with his present organization, the 41st School Squadron.

The officers and men of the Group congratulate Staff Sergeant Newman on his excellent record and their good wishes follow him in his well-earned retirement.

Pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 30 Special Orders Number 258, War Department, dated November 8, 1924, First Sergeant Charlie Russell, Company "K," 12th Infantry was placed upon the retired list, as of this date.

First Sergeant Russell served with honor and distinction in all grades from Private to and including First Sergeant, and First Lieutenant, during which his service was as follows: Enlisted for Company "D," 7th Infantry, January 12, 1893, re-enlisted August 10, 1902, for Company "B," 20th Infantry and served continuously in that organization until August 15, 1914, when he was discharged as a First Sergeant; re-enlisted August 16, 1924 in Company "B," 43rd Infantry and discharged as a First Sergeant, July 30, 1918; commissioned July 30, 1918, as a 1st Lt., Air Service, and was honorably discharged March 4, 1919; re-enlisted March 11, 1919 for Company "K," 64th Infantry serving continuously in that organization and Company "K," 12th Infantry until he was retired November 11, 1924, as a First Sergeant.

Sergeant Russell served in the following wars, campaigns, and expeditions: Mindanao, P. I., from June 15, 1905 to February 5, 1906; expedition against Dato Ali and his followers, October 3, 1905 to October 11, 1905, in Cottabato Valley; action at Malaba River, Mindanao, October 22, 1905; Dato Ali Expedition; Mexican Punitive Expedition and World War.

Sergeant Russell's service has been distinguished by ability, loyalty, and courage, and is deserving of the characterization of "duty well done."

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Beware of gum tenderness that warns of Pyorrhea. Four out of five people over forty have Pyorrhea—many under forty also. Loosening teeth indicate Pyorrhea. Bleeding gums, too. Remember—these inflamed, bleeding gums act as so many doorways for disease germs to enter the system—infecting the joints or tonsils—or causing other ailments.

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Reg to announce that their Mr. H. E. Humphreys will this year visit the following Army Posts:

ARMY POSTS

WEST POINT.	Jan. 10 & 24.
FORT MYER, VA.	Feb. 5-11.
FORT SHERIDAN, ILL.	Feb. 18-24.
FORT LEAVENWORTH, KAN.	Feb. 25.
FORT RILEY, KAN.	Feb. 27-28.
FORT STILL, OKLA.	Mar. 2-3.
FORT OGLETHORPE, GA.	Mar. 9.
FORT BENNING, GA.	Mar. 18-19.
FORT SAM HOUSTON, TEXAS.	Mar. 21-24.
FORT BLISS, TEXAS.	Mar. 26-27.
PRESIDIO MONTEREY.	Apr. 13-25.
PRESIDIO SAN FRANCISCO.	Apr. 30.
FORT D. A. RUSSELL, WY.	May 1.
FORT DES MOINES, IOWA.	

Paris, 26 Rue Marbeuf

8 Dover Street
Piccadilly, London, W. I.

WITH THE U. S. COAST GUARD

THE Commandant was the principal speaker at the monthly luncheon of the District of Columbia Chapter, Military Order of the World War, at Washington, D. C., on January 8, the subject of his address being "The United States Coast Guard."

Lt. Comdr. F. A. ZEUSLER was present as a representative of the Coast Guard at the Geological Society Lecture at Washington, D. C., on January 7. One part of the lecture was on Glaciology by Dr. Laue Koch, Chief of the Danish Exploration, who has spent six years in northern Greenland. Much information was obtained from him for use in connection with the scientific study being made by the International Ice Patrol Service of ice conditions in the North Atlantic.

ENS. (T) R. R. HAYES, Headquarters, has been awarded by the President of the Naval War College a certificate upon completing the correspondence course in International Law.

ENS. (E) C. W. HARWOOD is on duty at headquarters in the office of the Engineer in Chief.

THE First Deficiency Bill, Fiscal Year 1925 (H.R. 11308) reported from the Committee on Appropriations on January 5, 1925, contains the following Coast Guard item: "Repairs of vessels. For necessary emergent repairs to the cutter 'Manning', \$150,000."

A GENERAL ORDER is now being printed for issuance to the Service indicating the allotments to the respective units for the two quarters in the half year ending June 30, 1925. Mention is made of this for the reason that General Order No. 7 only provides allotments until December 31, 1924, which in some instances will be changed in the present General Order.

THE following itinerary for the 1925 cadet practice cruise has been approved: New London, Conn., June 1; Southampton, England, June 22 to July 2; Cherbourg, France, July 4 to July 9; Lisbon, Portugal, July 14 to July 16; Casablanca, Morocco, July 18 to July 24; Funchal, Madeira Island, July 27 to July 31; Bermuda, August 17 to August 22, and New London, Conn., August 26.

This schedule is arranged to take advantage of favorable winds and currents.

ORDERS FOR THE NAVY

Commander-in-Chief—Calvin Coolidge, President
Secretary of the Navy—Curtis D. Willbur
Assistant Secretary of the Navy—T. Douglas Robinson.
Chief of Naval Operations—Admiral E. W. Eberle

Orders to Officers, January 6, 1925

Rear Adm. C. T. Vogelgesang, to Naval Operations, Washington, D. C.; Lt. Comdr. S. L. H. Hazard, to duty Navy Yard, Philadelphia, Pa.; D. F. Patterson, to aide and flag lieutenant on staff, Comdr. Scouting Fleet; W. W. Smith, to aide and flag secretary on staff, Comdr. Scouting Fleet. Lts. L. W. Becker, to Navy Yard, Mare Island, Calif.; R. H. Norris, to Asiatic Station; Lts. (j.g.) C. Keene, to Asiatic Station; R. C. Moreau, to U.S.S. Brock; J. L. Murphy, to Asiatic Station; Ens. R. D. Pratt, resignation accepted January 15, 1925.

Lts. C. S. Weigester (D.C.), to Naval Sta., Guantanamo Bay, Cuba; H. F. Hake (S.C.), to U.S.S. Cuyama; Ch. Gun. A. R. Wolfe, to continue treat. Nav. Hosp., New York; Bosn. F. A. Cole, to U.S.S. Rall; Ch. Mach. H. E. Keller, to Nav. Torp. Sta., Newport, R. I.

Orders to Officers, January 7, 1925

Comdr. E. H. Cope (S.C.), to U.S.S. New Mexico; Lt. Comdr. S. S. Brown, to engineer officer, U.S.S. Detroit; T. S. Wilkinson, to command U.S.S. King; Lts. R. W. Cary, to aide and flag lieutenant, Comdr. Battleship Div. 3, Battle Flt.; C. Young, to command U.S.S. S-4; Lt. (j.g.) J. W. Rice, to c.f.o. U.S.S. V-2. Ens. S. Acker, to continue treat. Nav. Hosp., Norfolk, Va.; R. M. Oliver, to continue treat. Hosp. Mare Island, Calif.; R. K. Walker, to continue treat. Nav. Hosp., Mare Island, Calif. Lt. Comdr. H. G. Taylor (C.E.C.), to Navy Yard, Philadelphia, Pa.; Ch. Mach. E. J. Leonard, to Navy Yard, N. Y.

Orders to Officers, January 8, 1925

Capt. J. V. Babcock, to 14th Nav. District, Honolulu, T. H.; J. B. Gay, to command U.S.S. Melville to Bureau of Engineering; Lt. Comdr. J. A. Lee, to U.S.S. Kittery; Lt. (j.g.) W. D. Leggett, to U.S.S. McCormick.

Lts. G. F. Sussey, to executive officer, U.S.S. Farquhar; E. A. Zehner, to U.S.S. Rigel; Ens. E. P. Archibald, to temp. duty, Rec. Ship, New York; K. O. Ikellund, to obs. and treat., Nav. Hosp., Washington, D. C.

Lt. Comdr. W. W. Wickersham (M.C.), to Fir. Brigade, U.S.S. Marines, Port au Prince, Haiti; Lts. F. R. Bealer (M.C.), to Rec. Bks., Hampton Roads, Va.; C. M. Blackford (M.C.), to Off. in Chg., Navy Btg. Sta., Louisville, Ky.; J. J. O'Connor (M.C.), to Nav. Hosp., San Diego, Calif.; F. W. Quin (M.C.) to Rec. Bks., Hampton Roads, Va.

Capt. J. Fyffe (S.C.), to 14th Nav. District; Lt. Comdr. W. G. Nell (S.C.), to treatment, Nav. Hosp., Washington, D. C.; Lt. T. A. Culhane (S.C.), to such duty as may be assigned, Navy Yard, Mare Island, Calif.; Ens. C. E. Beatty (S.C.), to continue treatment Nav. Hosp., New York; Lt. W. M. Angus (C.E.C.), to N.O.B., San Diego, Calif.; Ch. Bosn. J. D. Glick, to U.S.S. Koka; G. O. Augustine, to command U.S.S. Iuka; Bosn. R. L. Kaetzel, to command U.S.S. Sagamore; Ch. Gun. F. C. Nantz, to U.S.S. Concord; M. E. Rothenberg, to U.S.S. Chewink; Ors., December 22, 1924 revoked; Ch. Mach. R. E. Simon, to U.S.S. Lark; Mach. T. H. Cormack, to U.S.S. Mercy; Ch. Phars. W. S. Burr, to Nav. Hosp., Great Lakes, Ill.; W. W. McKee, to N. H. Puget Sound, Wash.; L. Rowe, to Bu. Med. & Surg., Navy Dept.; R. C. Rowe, to Bu. Med. & Surg., Navy Dept.; N. L. Saunders, to Phar. Mater. Sch., Norfolk.

Orders to Officers, January 9, 1925

Comdr. G. W. Simpson, to Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md.; Lts. (j.g.) W. S. Cunningham, to temp. duty under instr. in aviation, Naval Air Station, Pensacola, Fla.; J. S. Donnell, to U.S.S. Raleigh; J. D. Hartford, to temp. duty, Rec. Ship, New York; W. D. Leggett, jr., to U.S.S. Charles Ausburn; J. C. Reisinger, to temp. duty, Rec. Ship, New York.

Ens. W. S. Campbell, to U.S.S. Rochester; M. W. Pemberton, to U.S.S. McDermut; F. W. Parsons, to U.S.S. Mississippi; H. G. Rickover, to U.S.S. Nevada; F. C. Sutton, to U.S.S. La Vallette; M. S. Teller, to U.S.S. Pennsylvania. Lt. E. J. Lanolis (M.C.), to Office Sanitary Engineer of Haiti.

Capt. A. F. Huntington (S.C.), to 13th Naval District, Puget Sound, Wash.; Comdr. J. F. Hatch (S.C.), to Asiatic Station; Lt. Comdr. R. W. Clark (S.C.), to Navy Yard, Mare Island, Calif.; Lts. R. E. Barrett (S.C.), to disb. off., Navy Yard, Charleston, S. C.; S. L. Bates (S.C.), to U.S.S. Sapelo; R. G. Robeson (S.C.), to Bu. of Supp. & Accts., Navy Dept.; J. J. Chew (C.E.C.), to Navy Yard, Charleston, S. C.

Ch. Bosn. N. E. Cook, to U.S.S. Seattle; J. W. Lennon, to Rec. Ship, San Francisco, Calif.; W. R. McFarlane, to Rec. Ship, San Francisco, Calif.; L. H. Truman, to U.S.S. Bushnell. Bosn. G. E. Henning, to U.S.S. Undaunted; J. J. Smith, to Navy Yard, Portsmouth, W. H.; J. W. Thunk, to U.S.S. Detroit; E. H. Wooten, to U.S.S. Tanager; Gun. D. Koon, to U.S.S. Colorado. Orders December 31, 1924, to U.S.S. Langley revoked; Ch. Phar. G. L. Crain, to Nav. Med. Supply Depot, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Ch. Phar. E. E. Heun, to Nav. Med. Supply Depot, Mare Island, Calif.

Orders to Officers, January 10, 1925

Lt. Comdr. M. R. Pierce to U.S.S. Los Angeles. Lts. J. C. Arnold, C. H. Havill, R. F. Tyler, H. V. Wiley to U.S.S. Los Angeles.

Lts. (j.g.) P. E. Howard, D. A. Hughes to temp. duty under instr. in aviation, Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.; C. H. Pike to c.f.o. U.S.S. Dallas.

Lts. W. H. Behlow (M.C.) to U.S.S. Relief; H. B. Bloxham (S.C.) to Sixth Nav. Dist. connection settlement acts; W. Nelson (S.C.) to U.S.S. Los Angeles.

Mach. R. J. Britton to U.S.S. Camden.

Ch. Machs. H. F. Mulloy to U.S.S. Memphis; R. C. Thurman to U.S.S. Los Angeles.

The following dispatch was received from Asiatic Station dated January 9, 1925: Lt. Comdr. J. M. Ashley to add'l duty comm. Supt. 16th Nav. Dist.; Lt. E. D. Gibb to U.S.S. Canopus; Lt. (j.g.) T. O. Cullins to U.S.S. Pecos; Ens. D. W. Harden to U.S.S. Pampagna; Ens. J. D. Beard to U.S.S. Abarenda; Ch. Gun. E. A. Wintermute to U.S.S. Canopus, and Gun. H. C. Adams to U.S. Nav. Sta., Cavite.

The following dispatch was received from Flag Pittsburgh dated January 9, 1925: Comdr. A. R. Reed to continue command U.S.S. Worden; Lt. Comdr. A. McGlasson to continue command U.S.S. Converse.

Orders to Officers, January 12, 1925

Lt. Comdr. R. G. Risley to 14th Nav. Dist., Pearl Harbor, T. H.

Lts. S. S. Reynolds to Nav. Air Sta., San Diego, Calif.; S. Umsted to engineer officer, U.S.S. Rainbow; H. S. Woodman to Nav. Air Sta., Pearl Harbor, T. H.

Lts. (j.g.) W. M. Blumenkranz to U.S.S. Arctic; C. D. Glover, D. D. Gurley to Nav. Air Sta., Pearl Harbor, T. H.; J. A. Sedgwick to rejoin U.S.S. Trenton.

Ens. E. A. Cruise to continue duty U.S.S. West Virginia; W. J. McCafferty to continue treatment Nav. Hosp., San Diego, Calif.; W. L. Patten (S.C.) to U.S.S. Arkansas.

Ch. Mach. P. Hotchkiss to Navy Yard, Wash., D. C.

Lts. J. Humbert (M.C.) to Gendarmerie d'Haiti; C. F. House (S.C.) to off. in chg. Navy Motion Picture Exchange, San Diego, Calif.

Lt. (j.g.) E. T. Steward (S.C.) Lakehurst, N. J. Bosn. G. F. Kahle to VS Squad. Two; W. B. Tate to U.S.S. Lark.

Ch. Gun. F. C. Szeher to U.S.S. New Mexico. Gun. P. L. Cook to U.S. Concord.

Mach. W. R. Jones to Obs. Plane Squad. Three. Carp. A. F. Whittier to continue duty U.S.S. Rainbow.

Ch. Pay Clk. J. D. Dearmin to Navy Yard, Puget Sound, Wash.

A.P.C. W. J. Laxson to Asiatic Station.

MARINE CORPS ORDERS

Maj. Gen. J. A. Lejeune, Commandant

Orders to Officers, January 8, 1925

No orders were announced.

Orders to Officers, January 9, 1925

Capt. W. P. Richards and 1st Lt. E. A. Craig to M.D., U.S.S. Huron; 2d Lt. F. C. Hall to M.B., Washington, D. C.

Orders to Officers, January 10, 1925

The following named second lieutenants have been detached from the stations shown opposite their names and ordered to the Marine Barracks, Navy Yard, Philadelphia, Pa.:

P. K. Smith, H. P. Stevens, J. Grove, R. B. Payne, T. J. McQuade, T. H. Saunders, E. G. Ferguson and W. V. Calhoun, M.B., Quantico, Va. Lep. Cronmiller, M.C.R., P. A. Curtis, R. J. Mumford, L. B. Fuller, R. A. Anderson, A. W. Kreiser, F. M. Fletcher and E. A. Thomas to M.B., Navy Yard, Norfolk, Va.

T. Blanchard, C. S. Forbell, jr., and F. E. Sessions, jr., M.B., Navy Yard, New York, N. Y.

G. H. Bellinger, jr., and W. H. French, M.B., Navy Yard, Washington, D. C.

A. T. Hunt, M.B., Navy Yard, Boston, Mass. H. P. Becker, M.B., N.T.S., Newport, R. I.

Orders to Officers, January 12, 1925

No orders were announced.

Orders to Officers, January 13, 1925

Capt. T. E. Wicks, A.Q.M., to M.C.B., N.O.B., San Diego, Calif.; E. C. Nicholas and A. Wilson to M.D., A.L., Peking, China. 2d Lt. L. A. Brown to M.B., N.S., St. Thomas, W. I.

Orders to Officers, January 14, 1925

No orders were announced.

U. S. COAST GUARD

Secretary of the Treasury—A. W. Mellon

Assistant Secretary—McKenzie Moss

Rear Admiral F. C. Billard, Commandant

Lieutenant Commander S. S. Yeandle, Aide to Commandant

COAST GUARD GAZETTE

Lt. Comdr. R. W. Dempwolf, assigned Destroyer Force, Philadelphia, Pa.; R. C. Weightman assigned command Unalga; C. H. Jones, assigned command Apache, effective February 25, 1925; E. G. Rose, assigned Haida.

Ens. (T) F. L. Thompson, assigned Seminole; (T) J. P. Crowley, assigned Seneca; (T) J. F. Kinnaly, assigned Section Base No. 1.

Acting Asst. Dental Surgeon F. W. Harper, U.S.P.H.S., assigned Coast Guard Receiving Unit, Philadelphia, Pa.

Bosn. H. C. F. Bever, assigned C.G.-257 (Southern Division); I. E. Johannessen, assigned inspection duty at DeFoe Boat and Motor Works, Bay City, Michigan; (T) A. C. Hopper, assigned C.G.-191 (Section Base 5); (T) S. A. E. H. Peterson, assigned C.G.-216 (Section Base 9); (T) R. H. Leek, assigned C.G.-228 (Section Base 8); W. Westling, assigned A.B.-5, Charleston, S. C.; (T) R. F. Millitor, assigned C.G.-274 (Northern Division); (T) J. H. Mansell, assigned C.G.-165 (New York Division).

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mander.

BATTLESHIP DIVISION 5.
West Virginia (flagship of Adm.
Wiley), San Pedro, Calif.
Tennessee, San Francisco, Calif.
Maryland, San Pedro, Calif.
Colorado, San Pedro, Calif.

BATTLESHIP DIVISION 4.
Rear Adm. W. V. Pratt, Com-
mander.
New Mexico (flagship), San Pedro,
Calif.

Mississippi, San Pedro, Calif.
Idaho, San Pedro, Calif.

BATTLESHIP DIVISION 3.
Pennsylvania (flag), San Pedro,
Calif.
Nevada, Bremerton, Wash.
Oklahoma, San Pedro, Calif.
Arizona, San Pedro, Calif.

DESTROYER SQUADRONS.
Rear Adm. Frank H. Schofield,
Commander.

Omaha, San Diego, Calif.
Melville (tender), San Diego.
Altair (tender), San Diego.
McDermut, Mare Island, Calif.

SQUADRON 11.

Capt. E. H. Dodd,
Decatur (flag), San Diego.

Division 30.
Sinclair, San Diego, Calif.
McCauley, San Diego, Calif.
Moody, San Diego, Calif.
Henshaw, San Diego, Calif.
Meyer (F), San Diego, Calif.
Doyen, San Diego, Calif.

Division 31.
Percival, San Diego.
John Francis Burns, San Diego.
Farragut (F), San Diego, Calif.
Somers, Bremerton, Wash.
William Jones, San Pedro, Calif.
Zeilin, San Diego, Calif.

Division 32.
Stoddert, San Diego, Calif.
Reno, San Diego, Calif.
Farquhar, Bremerton, Wash.
Thompson, San Diego, Calif.
Kennedy (F), San Diego, Calif.
Paul Hamilton, Mare Island, Calif.

SQUADRON 12.
Capt. J. G. Church.
Litchfield, San Diego, Calif.
Yarborough, San Diego, Calif.
La Vallette, San Diego, Calif.
Sloat, San Diego, Calif.
Wood, Mare Island, Calif.
Shirk, San Diego, Calif.
Kidder (F), San Diego, Calif.

Division 35.
Selfridge, San Diego, Calif.
Marcus, San Diego, Calif.
Mervine, San Diego, Calif.
Chase, San Diego, Calif.
Robert Smith (F), San Diego,
Calif.

Division 36.
Holl, San Diego, Calif.
Macdonough, San Diego, Calif.
Farenholt, San Diego, Calif.
Sumner, San Francisco, Calif.
Corry (F), San Diego, Calif.
Melvin, Mare Island, Calif.

AIRCRAFT SQUADRONS

Capt. S. E. Moses, Commander.
Langley, San Diego.

Aroostook, Mare Island, Calif.
Gannet, San Pedro, Calif.

SUBMARINE DIVISIONS.

Capt. George C. Day, Comdr.
Beaver (flagship), Mare Island,
Calif.

Division 9.
R-1, R-2, R-3, R-4, R-5, R-6, R-7,
R-8, R-9, R-10, R-11, Pearl Harbor

T. H.
Division Twelve, Rainbow (ten-
der), S-4, S-5, S-6, S-7, S-8, S-9, Mare
Island, Calif.

Division 14.
R-11, R-12, R-13, R-14, R-15,
R-16, R-17, R-18, R-19, R-20,
Pearl Harbor

Division 16.
S-34, Mare Island; S-30, S-31,
S-32, S-33, S-35, at Mare
Island.

Division Eighteen—S-2, Cavite,
P. I.; S-14, S-15, S-16, S-17,
Mare Island, Calif.

BASE FORCE.
Rear Adm. George R. Marvell,
Commander.

Froeyon (flagship), San Pedro,
Calif.

MINE SQUADRON 1.
Burns, Honolulu, T. H.
Ludlow, Honolulu, T. H.
Tanager, Honolulu, T. H.
Whipporwill, Honolulu, T. H.

TRAIN SQUADRON 1.
(Operating with Scouting Flt.)
Rear Adm. W. D. MacDougall,
Commander.

Antares, en route Guantanamo.
Bobolink, at Guantanamo.
Brasos, Boston, Mass.
Bridge, Hampton Roads, Va.
Rail, at Guantanamo.
Robin, at Guantanamo.
Vestal, at Guantanamo.
Vireo, at Guantanamo.

TRAIN SQUADRON 2.
Arctic, Mare Island, Calif.
Brant, San Pedro, Calif.
Cuyana, San Diego to Canal Zone.
Kanawha, San Diego, Calif.
Kingfisher, San Pedro, Calif.
Medusa, San Pedro, Calif.
Neches, San Diego, Calif.
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Utah, en route to Montevideo
Uruguay.

Arkansas, Guantanamo, Cuba.
Florida, Boston, Mass.
New York, Guantanamo, Cuba.
Texas, Guantanamo, Cuba.
Wyoming, New York Yd.

LIGHT CRUISER DIVISIONS.
Rear Adm. T. P. Magruder,
Commander.

Division 2.
Richmond, en route to Guanta-
mo, Cuba.

Milwaukee, New York, N. Y.
Cincinnati, en route to Guanta-
mo, Cuba.

Trenton, Philadelphia, Pa.
Division 3.
Detroit, Boston, Mass.

Raleigh, Boston, Mass.
DESTROYER SQUADRONS.
Rear Adm. Geo. W. Williams,
Comdr.

Concord (flagship), Philadelphia.
Dobbin, Guantanamo Bay.

SQUADRON 9.
Whitney, at New York Yard.

Capt. W. K. Wortman,
Sharkey (flag), en route Guanta-
mo.

Division 25.
Putnam, at Guantanamo.

Toucey, at Guantanamo.
Breck, at Guantanamo.

Isherwood, at Guantanamo.
Case, at Guantanamo.
Lardner, at Guantanamo.

Division 39.
Bulmer, at Guantanamo.
Edsall, at Guantanamo.

McCormick, at Guantanamo.
MacLeish, at Guantanamo.
Parrott, at Guantanamo.

Simpson, at Guantanamo.
Division 27.
Bruce, Philadelphia, Pa.

Chas. Ansburne, Guantanamo.
Osborne, Philadelphia.
Coghlan, Guantanamo.

Freeston, Guantanamo.
Lamson, Guantanamo.

SQUADRON 14.
Capt. J. F. Hellweg.

Hopkins (flag), at Guantanamo.

Division 40.
Hatfield, Norfolk, Va.

Brooks, at Guantanamo.
Gilmer (flag), at Guantanamo.

Kane, New York Yard.
Lawrence, at Guantanamo.

Humphreys, New York.
Division 41.
McFarland (flag), New York, N. Y.

J. K. Paulding, Norfolk, Va.
Overton, at Guantanamo.

Sturtevant, at Guantanamo.
Childs, at Guantanamo.

King, Norfolk, Va.
Division 42.
Sands, at Guantanamo.

Williamson, New York, N. Y.
Reuben James, at Guantanamo.

Rainbridge (flag), at Guantanamo.
Goff, at Guantanamo.

Barry, at Guantanamo.
AIRCRAFT SQUADRONS.
Capt. H. E. Yarnell, Commander.

Wright, Hampton Roads, Va.
Patoka, Baltimore, Md.

Sandpiper, Hampton Roads, Va.
Teal, Hampton Roads, Va.

CONTROL FORCE.
Rear Adm. M. M. Taylor; U.S.S.
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Mine Squadron 1—Shawmut.
en route to Canal Zone; Lark,
Maury, Mallard, Mahan, en
route to Canal Zone.

Submarine Division 1—R-23.
R-27, Philadelphia, Pa. R-24,
R-26, Canal Zone to Philadel-
phia.

Submarine Division 3—Bushnell
(flag), Canal Zone; S-10, Ports-
mouth; S-11, S-12, S-13, Canal
Zone.

**Submarine Division Four—Cam-
den** (flag), Canal Zone; S-18,
Portsmouth, N. H.; S-19, Nan-
set Beach; S-20, Portsmouth;
S-21, S-22, S-23, Canal Zone.

Submarine Division Eight—O-1,
O-2, O-3, O-4, O-6, O-7, O-8,
O-9, O-10, Coco Solo, C. Z.

Submarine Division Eleven—S-24,
S-25, S-26, S-27, S-28, S-29,
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Penguin, Shanghai, China.
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Sacramento, Shanghai, China.
Villalobos, Changsha, China.

DESTROYER SQUADRON
Barker, Cavite, P. I.

Black Hawk, Manila, P. I.
Borlie, Manila, P. I.

Ford, Manila, P. I.
Hubert, Cavite, P. I.

J. D. Edwards, Manila, P. I.
Noa, Olongapo, P. I.

Paul Jones, Manila, P. I.
Peary, Manila, P. I.

Pillsbury, Manila, P. I.
Pope, Manila.

Preble, Cavite, P. I.
Pruitt, Cavite, P. I.

Sicard, Cavite, P. I.
Smith-Thompson, Olongapo to sea.

Stewart, Manila, P. I.
Tracy, Manila, P. I.

Truxton, Manila, P. I.
Wm. B. Preston, Cavite, P. I.

Whipple, Cavite, P. I.
SUBMARINE DIVISION.

Division 17.
Conopus (tender), S-36, S-37,
S-38, S-39, S-40, S-41, Cavite,
P. I.

MINE DETACHMENT.
Risal (flagship), Cavite, P. I.

Bittern, Cavite, P. I.
Finch, Cavite, P. I.

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PERSONAL CALENDAR

REAR ADM. EDWARD W. EBERLE, U.S.N., and Mrs. Eberle were hosts at a dinner given in Washington, D. C., on January 13 in honor of Mr. and Mrs. John Hays Hammond.

REAR ADM. HENRY J. ZIEGEMEIER, who was detached as commandant of the Norfolk Navy Yard on January 10, and left to take up the duties of his new assignment as division commander of Battleship Division Three in the Pacific, was a much entertained man during the closing days of his regime as commandant of the Yard. Among those entertaining Rear Admiral and Mrs. Ziege-meier were Col. and Mrs. H. C. Davis, who gave a dinner and dance in their honor at the Marine Barracks on January 1. Dr. and Mrs. A. R. Alfred gave a dinner party for them at their quarters in the Yard, a similar function being given by Dr. and Mrs. F. H. Towner on January 5.

A farewell luncheon was arranged by the Lions Club of Norfolk on January 7, and a dinner by the Norfolk Chamber of Commerce on the same day, at which resolutions were read praising the commandant for his successful tour of duty and for the co-operation he had inspired between the community and the naval personnel. There was a general mass-meeting on the same date by the employees of the Navy Yard. Comdr. and Mrs. Walter D. Sharp gave a dinner January 8; Capt. and Mrs. J. T. Walker entertained at the Officers' Club the heads of the yard departments and other officers on duty at the yard were hosts at a banquet at the Monticello Hotel, and, finally, the wives of the officers attached to the Navy Yard entertained at dinner in honor of Mrs. Ziege-meier.

CAPT. DANIEL M. GARRISON, U.S.N., retired, Mrs. Garrison and Mrs. Mershon Garrison, who have been guests of Capt. and Mrs. Garrison's son-in-law and daughter, Lt. George F. Good, U.S.M.C., and Mrs. Good, at Parris Island, S. C., have returned to their home in Annapolis.

COMDR. GEORGE W. SIMPSON has been designated as aide to Rear Adm. Louis McC. Nulton, who will relieve Rear Adm. Henry B. Wilson as superintendent of the Naval Academy on February 23. He served as aide to Adm. Nulton when the latter was commandant of the Philadelphia Navy Yard.

COMDR. and Mrs. Robert Henderson were hosts at dinner in Washington on January 7 for a gathering of their former Constantinople associates, including Admiral Long, Admiral and Mrs. Hough, the Egyptian Minister and Madame Yousey, the Austrian Charge d'Affairs and Madame Prochnick, Mr. Doller, recently Acting High Commissioner in Constantinople during Admiral Bristol's absence, and Mr. Treat.

LT. COMDR. AND MRS. CHARLES HOLEMAN and two children have arrived at Annapolis from Haiti. Lt. Comdr. Holeman has been assigned to duty at the Naval Academy.

LT. COMDR. AND MRS. THOMAS KING were guests of honor at a dinner given by Mr. and Mrs. Marshall Winchester in Annapolis on January 10. Mr. and Mrs. Winchester are spending the winter at Carvel Hall.

LT. COMDR. ROSCOE M. WATERHOUSE (M.C.), U.S.N., has been detached from duty at the Navy Yard, New York, and ordered to the U.S.S. Procyon. Lieutenant Commander Waterhouse was married on January 6 to Miss Augusta Sievers, the ceremony taking place at the Fordham Lutheran Church in the city of New York.

LT. COMDR. WM. W. WICKERSHAM (M.C.), U.S.N., has been recommended for assignment to duty with the First Brigade of Marines, Haiti. Lieutenant Commander Wickersham is at present stationed at the Naval Hospital, League Island, Pa.

LT. RALPH C. ALEXANDER, U.S.N., and Mrs. Alexander have as their guests in Annapolis Mr. and Mrs. Alexander of Columbus, Ohio. Lieutenant Alexander's parents, Miss Ryllis Alexander, is also visiting them.

LT. SPRY O. CLAYTON, U.S.N., has joined his ship the U.S.S. Wyoming in New York, after spending his holiday leave with his wife at the home of her father, Mr. C. W. Martin of Annapolis. Mr. and Mrs. Clayton were married in Annapolis about a month ago.

LT. WM. W. BEHLOW (M.C.), U. S. N., who completed a special course of instruction in internal medicine at the New York Postgraduate Medical School, New York, N. Y., has been granted 30 days' leave of absence, and upon completion of this leave will be detached from duty in the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, Navy Department, and ordered to duty on board the hospital ship Relief.

ENS. EDMUND EGBERT, who, with Mrs. Egbert, has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Russell of Annapolis, has left to join his ship. Mrs. Egbert will remain for a longer visit with her parents.

MIDSN. UPTON S. BRADY who has been ill at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Upton S. Brady of Baltimore, has returned to the Naval Academy.

MIDSN. MAURICE GOUDGE spent the New Year's holiday with Capt. W. L. Lowe, U.S.A., and Mrs. Lowe in Winchester, Va. Cadet R. G. Lowe of the Military Academy, and Miss Virginia Lowe, son and daughter of Captain and Mrs. Lowe spent the holidays with their parents. Miss Lowe is a student at Fairfax Hall.

MIDSN. A. W. McKECHINE, Harold P. Richards and W. A. Deam, who were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Lewis H. Barnes in Washington for the holidays, have returned to the Naval Academy.

MRS. PERCY L. SADLER was a hostess at a bridge luncheon at her quarters at Fort Sheridan, Ill., on January 5. Her guests were Mrs. Benjamin Poore, Mrs. Raymond Poust, Mrs. Bartlett, Mrs. Arthur Wade, Mrs. Middleton, Mrs. Edward Houck, Mrs. Hammond Birk, Mrs. Norman, Mrs. Glenn Caruthers, Mrs. Mark Neff and Mrs. John Carney, on February 23.

MRS. FRED L. MUNSON, Mrs. Ernest G. Bingham and Mrs. William W. Dick were joint hostesses to the young people of the various posts in and near San Francisco, and their friends in San Francisco, on January 3. About 150 guests were present at the party, which was given at the Officers' Club at the Presidio.

MRS. DOWNES, wife of Capt. John Downes, U.S.N., has joined Mrs. Greenslade, wife of Capt. John W. Greenslade, U.S.N., in New York, whence they will sail for Panama for a visit of several weeks. Capt. Downes and Capt. Greenslade are assigned to ships that will participate in winter maneuvers in the vicinity of Panama.

MRS. T. D. GRIFFIN, wife of Commodore Griffin, had as her house guest in Annapolis recently, Mrs. Lawrence Bailliers of Baltimore.

MRS. MORRISON, wife of Ens. J. B. Morrison, has returned from the Pacific coast, and is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Fullerton Prescott, at their home in Rockville, Md.

MRS. SHOEMAKER, wife of Comdr. Harry E. Shoemaker, who has been the house guest of Rear Adm. and Mrs. Henry B. Wilson, left January 10 for New Orleans, La.

MISS LUCILE TAYLOR of Ithaca, N. Y., whose engagement to Lt. Ralph A. Tudor, U.S.A., was recently announced, was the guest of honor at a reception given by Mr. and Mrs. Harry Covert of Ithaca. Lieutenant Tudor is a graduate of the U. S. Military Academy, Class of 1923, and is now taking a special course at Cornell University. Among the guests at the reception were Mrs. Jane Frost and son, Edwin, of Rochester, N. Y.; Miss Mildred Brokaw, Miss Genevieve Corut of Syracuse, Miss Martha Kilsey, Miss Helen Keane, Mr. H. E. Baxter and Lt. Herbert Davidson.

MISS QUINN PETERS, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. John W. Mayben, has returned to Philadelphia after spending the holidays in Washington and Baltimore. Miss Peters attended the Christmas hop at the Naval Academy, and was the house guest in Baltimore of Miss Virgie Hoffhines. While in Washington, Miss Peters visited Congressman and Mrs. W. A. Oldfield of Arkansas. Midsn. Carl Peden and Morgan Powell were also guests of Mr. and Mrs. Oldfield during the holidays.

MAJ. F. L. BEALS, U.S.A., retired, professor of Military Science and Tactics of the Chicago high schools, at the request of Mr. William McAndrew, superintendent of the Chicago schools, will present a paper on "Safeguarding Peace," at the annual meeting of the National Education Association to be held in Cincinnati.

MAJ. and Mrs. George Edwards, who will leave the Presidio of San Francisco about January 20 for Washington, D. C., were the guests of honor recently at a dinner given by Maj. and Mrs. Robert Harden at their quarters in the Presidio.

CAPT. CHARLES T. BROOKS, U.S.M.C., aide to Maj. Gen. John A. Lejeune, commandant of the Marine Corps, has been assigned to duty as one of the Marine aides at the White House. He reported to Lt. Col. C. O. Sherrill, U.S.A., and Capt. Adolphus Andrews, the President's military and naval aides, on January 10.

CAPT. JOHN R. KAISER, U.S.A., has gone to Boston for ten days' training before proceeding to Hartford, Conn., where he will be instructor of the National Guard. Capt. and Mrs. Kaiser have been guests of Capt. Kaiser's father, Mr. Rudolph Kaiser of Annapolis, Md., for the past four months.

CAPT. AND MRS. FENTON STRATTON JACOBS spent the Christmas holidays in San Francisco, the home of Mrs. Jacobs' parents.

LT. FRANK STRICKLAND, U.S.A., and Mrs. Strickland, who are motoring through California on their leave, were guests recently of Lt. and Mrs. George S. Beatty at the Presidio of San Francisco.

LT. T. T. SHANNON, 65th Inf., U.S.A., who was recently discharged from treatment at the Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., left New York January 8 for his station at San Juan, Porto Rico.

LT. EDWARD W. KELLEY, 26th Inf., U.S.A., has been relieved from duty at Plattsburg Barracks, N. Y., and has arrived at Fort Hamilton, N. Y., for duty. He recently had to undergo medical treatment in Washington.

CHAPLAIN HARRY D. SOUTHARD, U.S.A., on duty at Fort Dupont, Del., has been detailed as chaplain of the Army transport Cambria when she sails from Brooklyn, N. Y., January 28 for San Francisco. He will return from the latter city about March 7 on the Cambria en route to his station at Fort Dupont.

LT. WALTER E. BROWN, O.R.C., who resides at 264 Arlington avenue, Jersey City, N. J., will take the rifle course at the Infantry School at Fort Benning, Ga., commencing February 23.

LT. E. L. WITZEL, 391st Inf., O.R.C., of 824 Thurston road, Rochester, N. Y., will take the three-months' machine-gun and howitzer course at the Infantry School at Fort Benning, Ga., beginning February 23.

LT. GEORGE P. JUNG, Chaplain, O. R.C., 153 Broadman street, Elmira, N. Y., will take the course of instruction for Reserve Chaplains, at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., February 1.

THE following passengers are reported to have sailed on the U.S.A.T. Thomas for Honolulu and the Philippine Islands on December 30: Maj. Gen. William Weigel, Brig. Gens. C. L. H. Ruggles and C. J. Symonds, Col. W. P. Stone and A. W. Yates, Lt. Col. B. H. Pope, H. C. M. Snipple, G. L. Wall, I. S. Martin and W. R. Pick, Maj. P. R. Hawley, C. W. Sale, R. C. Brady, J. F. Daye, J. E. Phillips, R. F. Longacre, R. C. Musser and J. B. Thompson, Lt. Comdr. J. G. Zeigler, Capt. A. Swift, W. L. Brown, J. F. Zajicek, A. G. Davis, M. D. McAllister, W. T. Kolborn, jr., C. C. Gans, J. N. Williams, C. W. Johnson, E. W. Cowan, C. L. Stafford, W. N. Thebaud, H. E. Van Tuxl and W. A. Reddick, 1st Lts. H. A. Sanford, W. N. Hattiwanger, J. D. Moss, P. G. Bruton, R. H. Finley, H. K. Ramey, L. A. Walthall, H. R. Jordan, R. P. Owenshine, C. H. Bryan, J. D. Armstrong and J. T. Dalbey, Lts. J. A. Bond, R. R. Moore, O. S. Reading and F. J. Halpin, 2d Lts. C. V. R. Schuyler, A. C. Spaulding, R. Murphy, A. E. O'Flaherty, jr., J. K. Rees, L. Mathewson, T. R. Lewis, H. E. Magnuson.

MAJ. GEN. ROBERT L. BULLARD, U.S.A., was the guest of honor at a meeting of the Society of the Daughters of Alabama at the Hotel Astor, New York city, on January 6. As a compliment to General Bullard, the organization will send to the Alabama Polytechnic University, his alma mater, at Auburn, Ala., two silk flags, one the Stars and Stripes, and the other the flag of the university. Two enlarged pictures of the General will accompany them.

MAJ. GEN. MASON M. PATRICK, U.S.A., and Mrs. Patrick were guests of honor at a dinner given by Maj. and Mrs. W. H. Holcombe in Washington, D. C., on January 10. The other guests were Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Edgar Jadwin, Col. and Mrs. H. C. Jewett, Maj. and Mrs. Lewis H. Watkins, Maj. and Mrs. Francis Wilby, Maj. and Mrs. J. C. H. Lee, Maj. and Mrs. Alfred Ganahl, Maj. and Mrs. J. H. Jouett, Mr. and Mrs. John W. Holcombe, Mr. and Mrs. Martin Rittenhouse, Capt. and Mrs. Lenox Lohr, and Capt. and Mrs. W. D. Styer.

BRIG. GEN. LE ROY ELTINGE, U.S.A., and Mrs. Eltinge were guests of honor at an evening bridge party given by Maj. and Mrs. John J. Madigan at their home in Chevy Chase, D. C., on January 3.

BRIG. GEN. and Mrs. Joseph E. Kuhn, assisted by Col. and Mrs. Willey Howell, were at home on New Year's Day to the Army and Navy officers and their wives in Vancouver Barracks and Portland. Mrs. William L. Little, Mrs. George Donaldson, Mrs. A. P. Kitson and Mrs. C. R. Hazeltine received with Mrs. Kuhn and Mrs. Howell. Music for the reception was furnished by the Seventh Infantry orchestra.

BRIG. GEN. JOHNSON HAGOOD, U.S.A., commanding the Coast Defense of eastern New York, gave a lecture to Reserve officers and others, at the central conference of the Second Corps Area Line and Staff School, at the Army Building, New York city, on January 15.

BRIG. GEN. A. A. HARBACH, U.S.A., Mrs. Harbach and Mrs. E. S. Otis are leaving Rochester, N. Y., to spend the winter in Santa Barbara, Cal., where their address will be 1707 Garden street.

COL. ARTHUR W. YATES, U.S.A., and Mrs. Yates sailed from San Francisco on the transport Thomas December 30 for the Philippine Islands, where Colonel Yates will be on duty for the next two years. A few days before his departure Colonel Yates was the guest of honor at a stag banquet given by 50 of his brother-officers of the Quartermaster Corps.

COL. and Mrs. J. B. Kemper were hosts at a reception at their home in Manchester, N. H., January 6, in celebration of the birthday of Colonel Kemper. Colonel and Mrs. Kemper also kept open house New Year's Day. They had many civilian as well as Army callers.

COL. E. D. BRICKER, Ord. Dept., U.S.A., commanding Watervliet Arsenal, N. Y., and Mrs. Bricker were hosts at a reception at their quarters on New Year's Day for the officers of the station and their families, all of the regular officers in the immediate vicinity and a number of prominent civilians in Troy and Albany. There were about 60 guests present.

COL. JOHN O'SHEA, Cav., U.S.A., has been appointed as officer in charge of National Guard affairs of the Sixth Corps Area, with station in Chicago.

COL. and Mrs. Ernest Bingham and their son, Ernest, who, for some years have been stationed at Ninth Corps Area headquarters, where Colonel Bingham has been the Corps Area surgeon, are preparing to leave for their new station in the East during the present month.

MAJ. COURTLAND NIXON, U.S.A., retired, on January 1 relinquished his position as manager of St. John's College, Annapolis, Md., to become associated with the firm of Maddux, Marshall & Co., Washington, D. C., of which he has been elected a director and vice-president. Major Nixon is known throughout the Army as one of the few officers who, in recognition of their distinguished services in connection with the building of the Panama Canal, were, by special act of Congress, permitted to retire, at their pleasure, with one grade of increased rank. As vice-president of Maddux, Marshall & Co. he is in charge of the rental, loans and insurance services of the firm.

ANNOUNCEMENTS of Entertainments, Engagements, Weddings, Births and Obituaries should be received at least one week prior to the date of issue—the Saturday preceding Saturday the day of publication. Address Editorial Officers, The ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, 10 Jackson Place, Washington, D. C.

ENTERTAINMENTS

LT. COMDR. AND MRS. D. G. LEIGHTON entertained at dinner at the Country Club at Norfolk, Va., December 30, for Comdr. and Mrs. H. C. Boynton and Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. R. P. Maciejewski.

OFFICERS and ladies from all the posts in New York harbor, were present at a large farewell reception and dance to Major Gen. Robert L. Bullard, U.S.A., at Governors Island, N. Y., on the evening of January 9, at the Officers' Club.

THE officers on duty in the Quartermaster General's office gave a dinner-dance in honor of Maj. General William H. Hart at the Officers' Club at Washington Barracks on Wednesday evening, January 14. The hall was specially decorated for the occasion and reflected in a most artistic manner the thought and care of the committee on arrangements. The dance was most successful in expressing the high esteem in which General Hart is held by his officers. It was the desire to make this, the first of other dances that are to follow, a real get-together affair and in this it exceeded the expectations of its sponsors.

Those present, beside the guest of honor, were: Brigadier General Bellinger and Mrs. Arthur Murray, Brigadier General and Mrs. Dalton, Brigadier General and Miss Knight, Colonel and Mrs. Cheatum, Colonel and Mrs. Elliott, Colonel and Mrs. Gibson, Colonel and Mrs. Van Duyn and Miss Van Duyn, Colonel Whitehead, Lieut. Colonel and Mrs. Adams, Lieut. Colonel and Mrs. Agnew, Lieut. Colonel and Mrs. Ball, Lieut. Colonel and Mrs. Burton, Lieut. Colonel and Mrs. Casey, Lieut. Colonel and Mrs. Coleman, Lieut. Colonel Ellis, Lieut. Colonel and Mrs. Hampton, Lieut. Colonel and Mrs. Hilgard and Miss Hilgard, Lieut. Colonel Hunt, Lieut. Colonel Lynch, Lieut. Colonel and Mrs. Noble.

Lieut. Colonel and Mrs. Pourie, Lieut. Colonel and Mrs. Regan, Lieut. Col. and Mrs. Sheen, Lieut. Col. and Mrs. Sterrett, Lieut. Colonel and Mrs. Wheaton, Lieut. Colonel and Mrs. Willard, Major and Mrs. Bennett, Major and Mrs. Cordiner, Major and Mrs. Diller, Major and Mrs. Drake, Major Harbold, Major and Mrs. Hartman, Major McCain, Major and Mrs. Reynolds, Major and Mrs. Scott, Major and Mrs. Ward, Captain and Mrs. Adamson, Captain Barnes, Captain Beyette, Captain and Mrs. Connaster, Captain and Mrs. Driesback, Captain and Mrs. Dukes, Captain and Mrs. Elliott, Captain and Mrs. Glynn, Captain and Mrs. Gorman, Captain and Mrs. Hobson, Captain and Mrs. Meade, Captain and Mrs. Mechling, Captain and Mrs. Middleton, Captain Rowan, Captain Sharp, Captain and Mrs. Stanley, Captain and Mrs. Steele, Captain Vigor, Lieutenant and Mrs. Chandler, Lieutenant and Mrs. Ehle, Lieutenant and Mrs. Morelle, Lieutenant Hammond, Lieutenant and Mrs. Morris and Lieutenant and Mrs. Whitt.

ENGAGEMENTS

GARRISON—DRAPER. Mrs. Herbert Lemuel Draper announces the engagement of her daughter, Royall, to Maj. David G. C. Garrison, U.S.A., of Fort Benning, Ga. Miss Draper is the daughter of the late Capt. Draper, U.S.M.C.

HERMESCH—GOODHUE. Mr. and Mrs. Wells Goodhue, at present residing in Paris, France, announce the engagement of their daughter, Louise Helen, to Lt. Comdr. Harry Robert Hermesch, (Medical Corps), U.S.N.

NUGENT—RICHARDSON. Mr. and Mrs. William E. Richardson announce the engagement of their daughter, Helen Elizabeth, to Lt. Richard Emmel Nugent,

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U.S.A. Lt. Nugent is a graduate of the U.S. Military Academy, Class of 1924. No date has been set for the wedding.

ROBINSON—WRIGHT. The engagement of Capt. Joseph Shelburne Robinson, U.S.A., and Miss Helen Ingram Wright was announced at a bridge-tee given by Miss Wright's sister, Mrs. Harold O. Sand, at the Officers' Club at the Presidio of Monterey on January 3. Miss Wright is the daughter of Mayor Benjamin F. Wright and Mrs. Wright of Monterey. Until recently she was a student at the Dominican College at San Rafael, Calif. Capt. Robinson is a nephew of Adm. S. Robinson, U.S.N., and is at present stationed at Fort Baird, where he is connected with the Public Health Service. The wedding will take place the latter part of February.

THOMPSON—ELLIOTT. Mr. and Mrs. James Wilkinson Elliott of Point Loma, San Diego, Calif., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Alice Jean, to Lt. William A. P. Thompson, U.S.N. The wedding will probably take place in the early autumn.

TILLMAN—RUTLEDGE. Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Huger Rutledge of Charleston, S. C., announce the engagement of their daughter, Alice Weston, to Lt. Edwin H. Tillman, Jr., U.S.N., son of Comdr. Edwin H. Tillman, U.S.N., and Mrs. Tillman of Washington.

SERVICE WEDDINGS

METZEL—CONE.—The marriage of Lt. Jeffrey Caswell Metzel, U.S.N., to Miss Elizabeth Seldon Cone, daughter of Rear Adm. Hutchinson Ingham Cone, took place on December 20, 1924, at Washington, D. C. The ceremony was solemnized at St. Thomas' Church, at high noon, with a wedding breakfast afterward at the Hamilton Hotel for members of the bridal party, near relatives and a few guests from out of town. It was a military wedding, with the bridegroom and his attendants, all classmates at the Naval Academy, 1919, wearing uniforms. The beautiful Gothic church was a mass of flowers.

The ceremony was performed by the Rt. Rev. Arthur Selden Lloyd, Suffragan Bishop of New York, who was assisted by the rector of St. Thomas', the Rev. Dr. C. Ernest Smith. Miss Cone was given in marriage by her father. She wore a costume of ivory satin, made on simple lines, with a court train, and trimmed with Brussels point lace which had been used on her mother's wedding gown. The bride wore a veil of tulle, caught with orange blossoms, and carried a shower of white orchids and lilies of the valley.

The maid of honor, Miss Atala Kimmell, and the matron of honor, Mrs. J. C. Schwarz, wore frocks of shaded rose georgette, and carried bouquets of Columbia roses. The bride's only other attendants were two little flower girls, the Misses Priscilla and Nancy Sandoz, daughters of Comdr. and Mrs. F. L. Sandoz, who wore pale pink georgette frocks and carried baskets of Columbia roses.

Lt. David Henderson Clark, U.S.N., was best man for Lieutenant Metzel and the ushers were Lts. Walter Ansell, Desmond J. Sennett, Daniel McGill, C. B. Smith, Ernest H. von Heimburg, Carl Fink and J. Stewart Crosley.

On the completion of their wedding trip Lieutenant Metzel and his bride will live in New York.

MILLER—MILLS. The marriage of Col. Samuel Warren Miller, U.S.A., retired, and Mrs. Alada Thurston Paddock Mills took place in the chapel of St. Columba in the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, New York city, on January 3, the Rt. Rev. Herbert Shipman officiating.

SEARS—MACDOUGALL. Rear Adm. W. S. D. MacDougall, U.S.N., and Mrs. MacDougall announce the marriage of their daughter, Zilla, to Mr. Philip Mason Sears on December 20. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. William G. Thayer, assisted by Rev. Dr. Robert Johnston. In Bethlehem chapel of the Cathedral of St. Peter and St. Paul, Washington, D. C. Mr. and Mrs. Sears will sail February 7 for Peking, where Mr. Sears will become private secretary to Dr. Schurman, the American Minister.

SCOTT—ALLEN. At San Diego, Calif., on December 24, 1924, occurred the wedding of Lt. Col. Harold Orion Scott, D.C., U.S.A., retired, and Miss Beulah Franc Allen, daughter of Mrs. Louise E. Averill Allen of San Diego. The ceremony was performed at the bride's home by Rev. Lawrence A. Wilson, pastor of the Mission Hills Congregational Church.

BIRTHS

ATWOOD.—Maj. R. S. Atwood, Coast Art. Corps, U.S.A., and Mrs. Atwood announce the birth of a daughter, Mary Goodwin, at Jane Brown Memorial Hospital, Providence, R. I., December 31, 1924.

AWTREY.—Lt. Comdr. Robert King Awtrey, U. S.N., and Mrs. Awtrey announce the birth of a daughter, Anne Meredith, at Washington, D. C., January 10, 1925.

EBERLIN.—Capt. Ralph Eberlin, U.S.A., retired, and Mrs. Eberlin of New York, N. Y., announce the birth of a son, Clayton Jerome, on January 9, 1925.

GARDNER.—Capt. J. H. Gardner, Jr., S.C., U.S.A., and Mrs. Gardner announce the birth of a son, John H., Jr., at Monmouth Memorial Hospital, Long Branch, N. J., on December 17, 1924.

GAYLE.—Capt. Lester T. Gayle, Jr., U.S.A., and Mrs. Gayle announce the birth of a son, John Stuart Phillips, at Fitzsimmons General Hospital, Denver, November 7, 1924.

JOHNSON.—Lt. Felix L. Johnson, U.S.N., and Mrs. Johnson announce the birth of a daughter, Felicia Doyen, at Nanking, China, on November 30, 1924.

MARTIN.—Capt. Thomas Martin, U.S.A., and Mrs. Martin of Fort Benning, Ga., announce the birth of a son on December 31, 1924.

PATTISON.—Lt. Col. H. H. Pattison, U.S.A., and Mrs. Pattison announce the birth of a son, Harry Chariton, at Monterey, Calif., on January 8, 1925.

QUADE.—Maj. Omar H. Quade, Medical Corps, U.S.A., and Mrs. Quade announce the birth of a son, Omar Henry, Jr., at St. Ann's Hospital, Columbus, Ohio, January 1, 1925.

RAY.—Lt. John E. Ray, U.S.A., and Mrs. Ray announce the birth of a daughter, Elizabeth Estelle, on December 22, 1924.

SLACK.—Capt. James E. Slack, Cav., U.S.A., and Mrs. Slack announce the birth of a son, James Phelps, at William Beaumont General Hospital, El Paso, Texas, on January 2, 1925.

STRONG.—Mr. and Mrs. Frederick S. Strong, Jr., announce the birth of a daughter in New York city on December 20, 1924. The baby is a granddaughter of Brig. Gen. F. S. Strong, U.S.A., retired. Mr. Strong is a graduate of the U. S. Military Academy, Class of 1910.

WATSON.—Maj. H. L. Watson, U.S.A., retired, and Mrs. Watson announce the birth of a daughter at the Pine Grove Sanatorium, Pacific Grove, Calif., on December 17, 1924.

OBITUARIES

CALDWELL.—Mrs. Frank J. Caldwell, mother of the wife of Major William J. Connolly, Inf., U.S.A., died at the quarters of Major Connolly at Dayton, Ohio on December 27, after a very brief illness. Temporary burial was made at Dayton, with requiem high mass at St. Agnes Cathedral. Army officers acted as pall bearers. Mrs. Caldwell was the widow of Frank Caldwell for many years editor of the San Antonio Light, and was herself a journalist, and a member of the Texas Women's Press Association. Her body will be taken later to San Antonio for burial. One daughter, Mrs. Connolly survives.

CONKLIN.—Col. John Conklin, U.S.A., retired, died on December 23, 1924, at Walter Reed General Hospital, after a long illness. The burial was in Arlington National Cemetery on December 27, 1924.

Colonel Conklin was graduated from the United States Military Academy in June, 1884, and appointed a second lieutenant of Artillery. He passed through all the grades up to that of colonel and, at his own request, was retired from active service in the grade of colonel, August 1, 1912. While still a lieutenant he was graduated from the Artillery School.

The period of his active service included the War with Spain, the Philippine Insurrection and the Army of Occupation in Cuba. In the War with Spain, Colonel Conklin participated in the battles of San Juan Hill and Santiago, Cuba, in the latter of which battles he was recommended for brevet promotion and received the Silver Star citation for gallantry in action.

His work in his country's interest did not cease with his withdrawal from the active list in 1912, for he was again placed on the active list in 1917, and has since been continuously engaged in active service, in giving military instruction to the students of educational institutions, for which service he evinced special aptitude.

Colonel Conklin was an accomplished and thoroughly efficient officer, and exhibited his capabilities wherever placed. He is survived by a brother, Mr. Chas. H. Conklin, by a daughter, Mrs. J. H. Davidson of Cleveland, and by a son, Maj. John F. Conklin, C.E., of Fort Humphreys, Va.

JACOBS.—Mrs. Velma Halene Jacobs, wife of Master Sgt. Mannie R. Jacobs, Med. Dept., Brooks Field, Texas, died January 2, 1925, at her home, 908 Van Ness street, San Antonio, Texas. Besides the husband she is survived by her father,

Sam. W. Erickson, and by two daughters, of Port Logan, Colorado.

KINZIE.—Mrs. David H. Kinzie, widow of Brig. Gen. David Hunter Kinzie, died Friday afternoon, January 2, at San Francisco. Mrs. Kinzie's body was buried in the National Cemetery at the Presidio of San Francisco, January 5.

Longbrake.—Mrs. John L. Longbrake, mother of Chaplain George R. Longbrake, U.S.A., passed away December 30, 1924, at her home, Fort Myers, Fla. Besides Chaplain Longbrake, three sons survive her. M. N. Longbrake, Galesburg, Ill.; Lloyd Longbrake and Dr. G. A. Longbrake, of Fort Myers, Fla. Funeral services for Mrs. Longbrake, and burial, occurred January 5, 1925, at her home, Galesburg, Ill.

LOYD.—On December 15, 1924, at the home of his son, H. M. Lloyd, 4961 Sunset boulevard, Hollywood, Calif., Charles F. Lloyd, a graduate of West Point of the class of 1874.

On graduation he was assigned to the 14th Infantry, with which he served until his resignation June 10, 1883. In the war with Spain he was lieutenant colonel of the 3d U. S. Volunteer Cavalry from May 14 to September 10, 1898.

In the World War Colonel Lloyd was on Recruiting service on the Mexican border from July 3 to October 18, 1916, with rank of major.

Though affected with heart trouble for a number of years, his death was sudden and due to a form of pneumonia contracted en route from Footman, Fla., where he had been spending some time with friends, to his son's home in Hollywood. Interment was in Forest Lawn Memorial Park, Glendale, Calif., near the World War veterans' section.

LITTLE.—Rear Admiral William N. Little, U.S.N., retired, died at his home at Mountain Lakes, N. J., January 5, 1925, aged 72 years. He was graduated from the U. S. Naval Academy in 1875 as an engineer officer. His widow survives.

NUNAN.—Maj. Robert George Nunan, Q.M.C., U.S.A., retired, died recently at the naval hospital in San Diego, Calif., from acute myeloiditis. Maj. Nunan was born in Oregon June 8, 1869, and was appointed to the Army from Texas.

SMITH.—Died at the Van Rensselaer Hotel, New York city, December 21, 1924. Rev. Dr. Edmund Banks Smith, chaplain O.R.C., with rank of major, and formerly vicar of the chapel of St. Cornelius the Centurian, Trinity Parish, Governors Island, where he officiated for some 20 years. Major and Mrs. Smith had been staying in New York city for a few days previous to going to Florida to spend the winter.

The Major was taken ill on December 16 shortly after arriving from his home at Garrison-on-the-Hudson, N. Y. He was retired from the ministry in January, 1924, was pensioned by Trinity Church, and was made vicar emeritus. Dr. Smith was born in Burlington, Vt., January 2, 1864, and was educated in Trinity School, St. Stephens College, Columbia University, and the General Episcopal Theological Seminary. He was ordained a deacon in 1888 and was advanced to the priesthood in 1889. He married Miss Grace Dayton, a daughter of Dr. Henry S. Drayton, a physician, February 11, 1890.

Major Smith, while officiating on Governors Island, compiled an interesting history of that place, and was active in securing a number of revolutionary records for the museum. Funeral services were held in Trinity Church, on December 23, a number of officers of the Regular Army, National Guard, and O.R.C., being among those attending the services. The interment was in St. Mary's Churchyard, Burlington, Vt. For some years Major Smith was the Governors Island correspondent of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL.

SPEED.—Died at Tulsa, Okla., Sunday, December 28, Judge Horace Speed, father of Lt. Horace Speed, Jr., 53th Coast Art., Honolulu, Hawaii.

Burial will be in Tulsa, upon the arrival of Lt. Speed in the U. S. Further detailed notice will be published later.

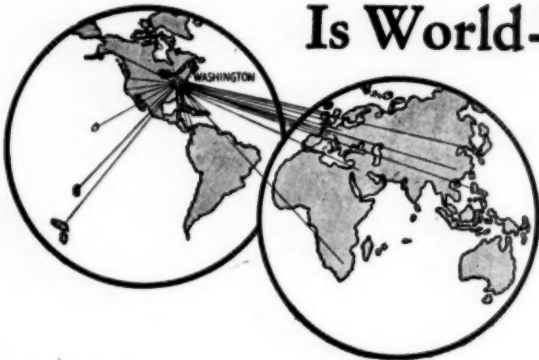
STARBIRD.—Mr. Winfield Scott Starbird died at South Paris, Maine, on January 2, 1925, in his seventy-eighth year. Mr. Starbird was the father of Colonel Alfred A. Starbird, U. S. Army. He is also survived by Lt. Winfield A. Brooks, U. S. Navy.

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THE FINANCIAL DIGEST

This paper will be glad to furnish to its readers information on any brokerage house. A letter addressed to the Army and Navy Journal, 10 Jackson Place, N. W., Washington, D. C., will bring the information desired.

The statements made herein are based upon information and statistics which we consider reliable. But as not made upon our personal knowledge we do not guarantee their correctness.

By Raymond V. Sykes.

The present list of investment securities has been selected as representative of the industrial, public utility and railroad development of the South.

The Alabama Power Company serves directly or indirectly over 80 per cent. of the urban population and practically all the large industrial power requirements of Alabama, with the exception of Mobile. Altogether about 83 cities and towns are served with electricity, and street railway and gas services also are supplied a number of centers. The company owns a number of large hydro-electric developments, two near Birmingham with a capacity of 110,000 h.p. The company has secured permission from the Federal Power Commission to develop one of the largest hydro-electric projects ever undertaken, the total cost estimated at \$39,000,000.

Alabama Power, together with other power companies in the South, has filed a bid for a part of the Muscle Shoals development, and has just recently purchased from the Government the Sheffield steam plant. Alabama Power is interconnected with other large power companies in the Carolinas, Georgia, Alabama and Tennessee, forming a super-power system extending from Raleigh to Montgomery on the South and Muscle Shoals in the Northwest, a distance of about 650 miles. In 1923 and 1924 the bond interest was earned on the average of more than twice over. The first mortgage 5's, 1946, are secured by first mortgage on the properties of the company.

The Atlantic Coast Line Railroad operates two lines from Richmond and Norfolk south along the Atlantic coast to Tampa, including such centers as Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville and Montgomery. Almost 5,000 miles of mainline are operated. The company controls the Louisville & Nashville through ownership of a majority of the capital stock. Atlantic Coast Line has been a very successful earner and paid dividends regularly since the present name was assumed in 1902. Since 1917, the rate has been 7 per cent. and in 1924 an extra or 1 per cent. was declared. Earnings in 1923 were equivalent to \$18.64 a share, and for 1924 are estimated at practically the same amount. Nearly all the preferred stock has been converted into certificates of indebtedness so that there is practically but one issue of stock outstanding.

The Georgia Light, Power & Railways is a holding company which, through operating subsidiaries, furnishes electricity to a number of centers in Georgia, including Macon, and also does the entire gas and street railway business in that city. The \$3,839,000 first lien 5's, 1941, are secured by deposit of \$8,514,000 securities of subsidiary companies. Bond interest was earned practically twice over in 1923.

Sloss-Sheffield Steel & Iron Company was incorporated in 1899 and acquired a number of coal, iron and steel properties at that time. It owns its own sources of raw materials. The blast furnaces, located at and near Birmingham, have an annual capacity of 600,000 tons of pig iron. The company also sells about 6,000,000 ft. of gas daily as a by-product of its coke ovens. The preferred paid dividends regularly from 1901 to 1922, when the dividend was passed on March 2. On April 2, 1923, dividends were resumed, and on February 26, 1924, the common stock went on a 6 per cent. basis after a lapse of three years. In 1923 the preferred earned \$37.18 a share and in the first nine months of 1924 it earned \$24.78.

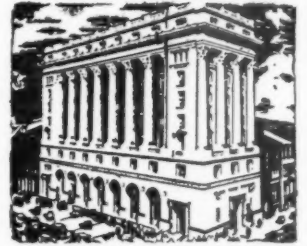
The Southern Railway operates lines in practically all of the Southern states, the principal cities served being Washington, Richmond, Norfolk, Charleston, Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, Atlanta, Birmingham, Knoxville, Chattanooga, Mobile, Memphis, Louisville and St. Louis. Altogether over 7,000 miles of roads are operated. The prosperity of the South during the last two years has definitely placed this road on a sound financial basis and has permitted the payment of dividends on the common stock. In 1923 the preferred earned \$25.23 a share and in 1924 earnings exceeded that amount. It is estimated.

The Tennessee Electric Power Company owns and operates the electric railway, light and power systems in Chattanooga and the electric systems in a number of other centers in Tennessee. Through the Nashville Railway & Light Company it does all the electric light, railway and power business in Nashville. The company sells power direct to a number of large industrial enterprises, including the Tennessee Copper Company. During 1924 about \$5,000,000 was expended on new developments. The second preferred is paying regular dividends of \$8 a share annually, the stock being without par value. Earnings for 1923 were equal to \$18.20 per share on the second preferred.

Alabama Pr.	1st 5s. 1946	96	5.30%
Atl. Cat. Line.	8% com.	150	5.35
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LAUDERDALE BRIEF IS SUBMITTED TO COURT

(Continued from page 1749)

that term proceeds out of a patent misapprehension of the place of prime importance which the Reserve Officers' Training Corps has in our scheme of National Defense.

"The R.O.T.C. was established by the National Defense Act of June 3, 1916, as an integral part of our National Defense.

"The National Defense Act of June 3, 1916 (39 Stat. 166), is generally regarded, and with justice, as the greatest piece of military legislation ever enacted by Congress, and the perfecting provisions carried by the Amending Act of June 4, 1920, are regarded with like esteem. The original National Defense Act is what its title implies: it laid down for the first time a National Military Policy, giving us national safety by means which are at once effective and consonant with our form of government and national traditions.

"To carry out the idea of providing trained officers, the Act created a Reserve Officers' Training Corps consisting of units at the various educational institutions, authorized the President to detail officers of the Regular Army, active or retired, as Professors of Military Science and Tactics on duty with the Reserve Officers' Training Corps to train the members of the Corps to become reserve officers, limiting, however, the number of active officers to 300, but providing that retired officers so detailed should receive the full pay and allowances of their grade not above that of major. (Sec. 45, 39 Stat. 192.)

II

"Congress in the organic National Defense Act as originally enacted and as amended (41 Stat. 759) established R.O.T.C. duty as military duty—military duty of the highest rank, in such duty differences of rank be conceivable.

"And, then, Section 40b provides for Regular Army instruction of this Corps which is to supply the Army with most of its officers, as follows:

"Sec. 40b. Personnel for duty with Reserve Officers' Training Corps. The President is hereby authorized to detail such numbers of officers, warrant officers, and enlisted men of the Regular Army, either active or retired, as may be necessary for duty as professors of military science and tactics, assistant professors of military science and tactics, and military instructors at educational institutions where one or more units of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps are maintained. In time of peace retired officers, retired warrant officers, or retired enlisted men shall not be detailed under the provisions of this section without their consent, and no officer on the active list shall be detailed for recruiting service or for duty at a school or college, not including schools of the service, where officers on the retired list can be secured who are competent for such duty. Hereafter retired officers below the grade of brigadier general and retired warrant officers and enlisted men shall, when on active duty, receive full pay and allowances."

"In very truth, as a matter of law and fact, the chief function of officers of the Regular Army throughout their service is that of instructing and training others to become effective officers and soldiers, and no military instruction is more important than that of the R.O.T.C.

III

The President, Commander-in-Chief of the Army, the Secretary of War and all others in military authority have recognized R.O.T.C. duty as military duty of prime importance.

That this is so is shown by the War Department reports, orders and other evidences of Administration made and taken in execution of the National Defense Act and other statutes, and which this Court may judicially notice. Green v. Zerbst, 255 U. S. 11. The War Department reports show the transcendent importance of this duty and the care with which instructors are selected.

The November, 1924, Army List and Directory shows 736 commissioned officers, from the grade of colonel down, on R.O.T.C. duty, of which number 112 are retired officers of the various grades.

IV

When Congress in its power prescribes a military duty and the President, Commander-in-Chief, duly directs the execution of it and details an officer of the Army, in his capacity as such, to its performance, that duty is military duty beyond the lawful power of any to qualify or deny.

We assume that lawyers will concede this point without the necessity of argument or the citation of authorities. This duty, resigned by Congress as military duty, necessarily denominated by the President and all military authorities as military duty, the Comptroller General says is only a "special form of duty," only "semi-military." If the Comptroller General has the power to say out of his knowledge that it is only semi-military, he has the power to say it is only a quarter-military, or a hundredth-military, or not military at all.

The term "semi-military" or "special form" of military, or any other qualifying term, is not known to the statute. The power does not exist in Court, Comptroller General or other authority to invent such qualifications and distinctions and apply them to military duty as prescribed by Congress, directed by the Commander-in-Chief and performed by an officer of the Army.

V

"The statute makes no distinction between active R.O.T.C. duty and any other active duty by a retired officer.

"The language used in the original section authorizing detail to R.O.T.C. duty is, 'so detailed' (3 instances), 'detailed under the provisions of this section' (2 instances). Why did Congress strike this language down if it wished to retain its meaning? With this limiting language before its eyes, why did Congress repeal it and displace it by the most general language possible?

"Again, the rule applies only where the particular and the general provisions conflict. (Sutherland, Sec. 387.) These two do not conflict, but are in perfect harmony. One having one purpose supplements the other having another purpose. The first lifts the organic limitation of three-fourths pay (Sec. 1274, R. S.), but authorizes no increase of rank; the second authorizes increases of rank

on the retired list, but does not lift the bar of three-fourths pay. The one establishes full pay without reference to advancement in rank; the other establishes advancement in rank with the retired pay of that rank, without disturbing the three-fourths bar.

"For example: A retired Captain on active duty sufficiently long to make him a Major, without the aid of either, receives but three-fourths pay; with the aid of the first without the second, he would receive full pay and allowances of the grade of Captain; with the aid of the second without the first, he would receive only three-fourths of the pay of Captain until advanced to rank of Major, and thereafter only three-fourths of the pay and allowances of that grade.

"With the aid of both, he receives the full pay and allowances of the rank he holds before and after advancement—the fair and sensible rule doubtless intended.

VI

"The President and War Department in the execution of the Act of June 4, 1920, gave it the correct construction.

"We think the meaning of the statute so clear that there is no room for construction. Even if there were, the Executive construction should control. United States v. Moore, 95 U. S. 760. Pay follows rank, which is not office (Cloud v. United States, 43 Ct. Cls. 69), and both the rank and pay of retired officers are entirely within the control of Congress without need of appointment and confirmation. Wood v. United States, 107 U. S. 414. Congress intended to increase the rank of retired officers by giving them the rank which their active service while on the retired list would have brought them had they remained on the active list. It removed all restrictions and authorized the President to put them on active duty, and intended that they should get the credit for all active service of every kind.

CONCLUSION

"R.O.T.C. is active military duty, unqualified. It is inherently so in fact; it is conclusively so in law. Congress created it a military duty of the utmost importance; the President ordered it so performed. A retired officer duly detailed thereto is—if any retired officer ever is—on active duty entitling him to that advancement in rank, pay and allowances which Congress mandatorily said shall be his.

LATE ARMY ORDERS

S. O. 10, January 13, 1925, W. D.

Resignation of 1st Lt. H. T. Chittum, F.A., accepted.

Transfer of 2d Lt. L. M. Clark, A.S. to F.A., with rank from June 12, 1924 announced.

Master Sgt. J. McLaughlin, S.O., 11th Inf. placed on retired list at Ft. Benjamin Harrison, Ind.

Master Sgt. J. J. Loftus, Q.M.C. to Camp Holabird, Md., for assignment with 1st Motor Repair Battalion.

Major A. D. Davis, M.C., to Fort McIntosh, Texas, for duty.

Lt. Col. F. R. Schnell, I.O.R.C., to active duty, effective February 23, 1925.

1st Lt. R. W. McNamee, Inf., removed from detached officers' list, effective January 30, 1925.

2d Lt. J. L. Hardin, 3d F.A., placed on detached officers' list, as of December 31, 1924.

2d Lt. J. M. Callicutt, F.A., removed from detached officers' list, effective as of December 31, 1924.

Capt. W. B. Foster, Jr., M.C., to Camp Alfred Vail, N. J., effective January 15, 1925.

Master Sgt. G. Commins, A.S., placed on retired list at Bolling Field, D. C.

1st Sgt. E. Benthall, Bat. A, 12th C.A., placed on retired list at Ft. Monroe, Va.

Staff Sgt. B. K. Simpson, Hdqrs. Bat., 11th C.A., placed on retired list at Ft. H. G. Wright, N. Y.

Leave for 1 month and ten days to Capt. J. M. Hagens, Inf., effective February 1, 1925.

Leave for four months to Lt. Col. A. L. Singleton, G.S., effective April 1, 1925.

S. O. 11, January 14, 1925

Sergt. N. B. Howes, D.E.M.L., to duty with Maine National Guard as Sergt-instructor of Infantry.

1st Lt. E. Herendeen relieved from 6th F.A., and name placed on D.O.L., effective December 29, 1924.

Capt. W. T. Brock, Inf., assigned 2d Inf., at Fort Brady, Michigan.

1st Lt. E. C. Lickman, Inf., assigned 2d Inf., at Fort Brady, Michigan.

1st Lt. H. D. Reed, F.A., assigned First Division (3d C.A.) upon completion tour foreign service.

Maj. C. G. Hutter, M.C., relieved from duty at Fort Snelling, effective upon his return to that station from treatment at Army and Navy General Hospital, Hot Springs.

Resignations of Capt. J. G. Ardon, Inf., and 2d Lt. E. O. McConahay, F.A., of their commissions as officers of the Army accepted.

Leave for 3 months to 1st Lt. J. H. Doherty, F.D., about April 24, with permission to return to U. S. via Suez Canal.

1st Lt. W. W. Christian, relieved from assignment to 21st Inf., and name placed on D.O.L., effective November 15, 1924.

Maj. L. L. Hopwood, M.C., to New York city for duty in 2d C.A. Laboratory and in addition will report to C.O., N. Y. general intermediate depot, Brooklyn for duty.

Capt. C. W. Glover, 7th F.A., detailed as instructor, South Carolina, N. G. He will proceed to Atlanta, Ga., for temporary duty, then to Georgetown, S. C. for station.

Transfer of Capt. E. S. Van Benschoten, Inf., to F.A., January 5, 1925, with rank from July 1, 1920, is announced. He is assigned to 18th F.A., Fort Sill, Okla., upon completion tour of foreign service.

Maj. N. W. Peek, A.S., to Scott Field, Ill., for duty.

Leave for 15 days to 1st Lt. R. S. Heald, A.S., about March 8, to terminate to enable him to sail for Hawaii about March 25.

Master Sergt. C. A. W. Heitchew, S.C., placed upon the retired list at Fort McDowell, Calif.

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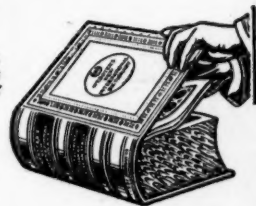
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FORT CLARK

TEXAS, January 3.

There were many guests on the post for the holidays. Gen. and Mrs. Ewing Booth having their son-in-law and daughter, Maj. and Mrs. Pearl Thomas, and Master Booth Thomas of Fort Riley, Kan., as their guests. Col. and Mrs. Wallace Scales entertained Mrs. Wm. S. Peirce of Washington, D. C.; Maj. and Mrs. Edwin O'Connor's house guests were Major O'Connor's mother, Mrs. C. M. O'Connor, and sister, Mrs. C. Y. Brownley; Capt. and Mrs. Chas. Cramer entertained Mrs. Cramer's mother, Mrs. M. Wilson, from Des Moines, Iowa, and Lt. and Mrs. C. E. Snyder had as their guests Mrs. Snyder's brother and sister-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. John McEwen of Arkansas City, Kan.

The Post Christmas tree was a huge cedar tree, with all the usual trimmings. The presents were given the children Christmas afternoon, the presentation being preceded by a few words of greeting by Chaplain Swanson and music by the Fifth Cavalry Band. Mrs. Philip Gordon and Mrs. Crowley assisted in presenting the gifts.

Col. and Mrs. Wallace Scales entertained at dinner Christmas day. Their guests were Mrs. Peirce, Lt. and Mrs. John N. Greene, Lts. Hardy, Mahoney, Haworth and Leutenheiser.

Lt. Harold Walker and his mother had as their guests Christmas Mrs. Love, Miss Dorothy Love, Lt. and Mrs. Roy Wells, Master Clair Wells and Lieutenant Bradley.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. O. P. M. Hazzard gave a dinner party Christmas evening for Maj. and Mrs. Philip Gordon, Maj. and Mrs. F. V. C. Crowley, Capt. and Mrs. Harold Fellows, who have just returned to the post after a three months' leave spent in the East; Capt. and Mrs. A. M. Jones and Lieutenant Perry and Silverthorne. After dinner mah jong was played, and in the room in which the tables were arranged was a large Christmas tree, from which each time a guest mah jonged he picked himself or herself a Christmas gift.

Mrs. Wm. S. Peirce of Washington, D. C., Mrs. Wallace Scales' house guest, has been the guest of honor at several parties given during the holidays. Maj. and Mrs. Philip Gordon gave a dinner for Mrs. Peirce. Their guests were Gen. and Mrs. Ewing Booth, Col. and Mrs. W. B. Scales, Lt. Col. and Mrs. O. P. M. Hazzard, Maj. and Mrs. Pearl Thomas, Maj. and Mrs. F. V. C. Crowley. Mrs. O. P. M. Hazzard gave a luncheon on December 27 for Mrs. Peirce, and Mrs. Roy Wells entertained at two tables of bridge for Mrs. Peirce.

During Christmas week Mrs. O. P. M. Hazzard and Mrs. E. G. Johnson entertained the members of their Sunday-school classes at Christmas parties.

Among those who are on leave for the holidays or longer are Capt. and Mrs. W. Tully and their children, who are guests of Mrs. Tully's sister, Mrs. Goodlow, in San Antonio. Mrs. Tully will remain in San Antonio until after the mid-winter polo tournament. Capt. Carter R. McLennan of the Machine Gun Squadron is on two months' leave at his home in New York State. Capt. L. W. Hassett, M.C., is in Washington, D. C. Lt. and Mrs. Harry Knight are in Fort Worth. Lt. W. J. Eaddy is in South Carolina. Lt. E. C. Johnston spent a week in Corsicana and Waco, Texas.

Guests on the post for New Year's included Mrs. W. D. Forsyth, wife of Col. W. D. Forsyth of San Antonio, and Capt. T. W. Ligon of Fort Riley, guests of Capt. and Mrs. F. B. Barnhart; Lt. and Mrs. Roy Wells had Miss Genevieve Murphy of Eagle Pass, Tex.; Mr. and Mrs. O. O. Wright of Corpus Christi, Tex., parents of Mrs. John N. Greene, were guests of Lieutenant and Mrs. Greene, and also Miss Mabel Scott and Miss Lacey of Corpus Christi. Lieutenant and Mrs. Robinson of the 2d Division, San Antonio, came here with the 2d Division football team.

Maj. and Mrs. F. V. C. Crowley gave a party New Year's eve for Col. and Mrs. W. B. Scales, Mrs. Peirce, Maj. and Mrs. Edwin O'Connor, Mrs. C. M. O'Connor, Mrs. C. Y. Brownley, Capt. and Mrs. Chas. Cramer, Miss Frances Cramer, Chaplain and Mrs. Swanson, Capt. and Mrs. A. M. Jones, Lts. and Mmes. J. N. Greene, Harry Stadler, E. G. Johnson, Harold Walker and Mrs. Walker, Lieutenants Mahoney and Bradley, Lieutenant and Mrs. Robinson of San Antonio, Miss M. F. Hunt, Brackettsville, and the Misses Zheul of Spofford.

A number of people from the post attended the annual ball given at the Casino in Piedras Negras, Mex., by prominent Mexicans in that vicinity. In one party were Lt. Col. and Mrs. O. P. M. Hazzard, Capt. and Mrs. H. C. Fellows and Lieutenant Perry. Another party consisted of Maj. and Mrs. Pearl Thomas, Captain Berg, Lt. and Mrs. Roy Wells, Lieutenant and Mrs. Knudsen, Miss Dorothy Love, Miss Carrie Buckley and Genevieve Murphy of Eagle Pass, Lieutenants Carleton, Silverthorne, Jernigan, Haworth, Al Johnson and Hardy.

Lt. and Mrs. C. E. Snyder and their guests, Mr. and Mrs. John McE. Ames of Kansas spent New Year's Eve in San Antonio at the St. Anthony Hotel. On New Year's day they were luncheon guests of Mr. Jas. M. Chittim at the Country Club.

Col. and Mrs. Wallace B. Scales kept "open house" on New Year's day. Mrs. Scales was assisted by Mrs. Peirce and Mrs. A. N. Jones.

Gen. and Mrs. Ewing Booth received the officers and ladies of the post and their guests on New Year's day—Mrs. Scales and Mrs. Gordon, Mrs. Love, Mrs. Crowley, Mrs. Thomas and Mrs. Jones.

Capt. and Mrs. Chas. Cramer entertained at dinner on New Year's day for Capt. and Mrs. Carlyle J. Hancock, Mrs. Hancock's mother, Mrs. Burleigh of Vermont; Lt. and Mrs. John N. Greene, Lt. and Mrs. E. G. Johnson and Lieutenant Bradley.

The young daughter of Capt. and Mrs. E. M. Daniels, Claude Standish, was christened at the Roman Catholic Church in Brackettsville on New Year's day. Capt. and Mrs. Royden Williamson stood proxy for the godparents in France. Madame Drouot, Mrs. Daniel's mother, was also present at the ceremony.

A reception and dance was given in the Officers' Club January 2 for the recently arrived brides and their husbands. The guests were received by the "newly-weds," Lt. and Mrs. John Newport Greene,

Lt. and Mrs. Christian Knudsen and Lt. and Mrs. John Harry Stadler, Jr.

Capt. and Mrs. E. M. Daniels and Madame Drouot gave a supper party after the dance Friday evening. Their guests were Col. and Mrs. W. B. Scales, Mrs. Wm. S. Peirce, Maj. and Mrs. Edwin O'Connor, Mrs. C. M. O'Connor, Mrs. C. Y. Brownley, Maj. and Mrs. F. V. C. Crowley, Capt. and Mmes. F. H. Barnhart, C. Hancock, Chas. Cramer, Captains Tully and Berg; Lt. and Mrs. Robinson of San Antonio, Lts. and Mmes. E. G. Johnson, J. H. Stadler, Jr., and Christian Knudsen, Lts. Hardy, A.D.C., A. Johnson, E. C. Johnston, Jernigan, Carleton, Leutenheiser, Miss Frances Cramer, Miss Dorothy Love and Miss Scott and Miss Dacey of Corpus Christi, Tex.

Capt. and Mrs. Chas. Cramer and Miss Frances Cramer on January 3 gave a bridge party for Capt. and Mrs. E. M. Daniels, Capt. Jos. Tully, Capt. and Mrs. F. H. Barnhart, Lts. Hardy, A.D.C., Johnston, Jernigan, Bradley, Leutenheiser, Mrs. Stadler; Miss Mayme Frank Hunt of Brackettsville, Miss Scott and Miss Lacey of Corpus Christi, Tex.

There have been many successful hunting trips this fall. Lt. Col. O. P. M. Hazzard, with Judge Stadler, went into Mexico and returned with three deer and twenty-six quail. Other successful hunters along the Rio Grande were Colonel Scales, Captains Berg, Daniels and Lieutenant Snyder, who have had deer, quail and Haveline hog.

Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Hunt of Atlanta, Ga., parents of Mrs. Baylis, who have been guests of Capt. and Mrs. Alfred Baylis for the last two months, returned to their home on January 3.

Maj. Philip Gordon is in San Antonio receiving treatment for an injured knee at the Station Hospital at Fort Sam Houston.

CHANUTE FIELD

RANTOUL, ILL., January 8.

Maj. W. C. McChord spent the Christmas holidays at his home in Kentucky.

Lt. C. L. Williams of Langley Field, Va., spent the holidays as the guest of Lt. and Mrs. G. E. Grimes.

Lt. L. P. Hickey has returned from a fifteen days' leave, which he spent at his home in New Orleans, La. Lieutenant and Mrs. Hickey are now on leave in Mattoon, Ill.

Capt. and Mrs. A. C. Jensen and son, Walter, were guests on the field over the week end. Lt. Charles Howard was host at a dinner in their honor on Saturday.

Mrs. Dixie Brandt has completely recovered from her recent illness.

Lt. and Mrs. G. E. Grimes, Capt. T. C. Locke, Lts. L. H. Dawson and Charles Howard spent New Year's in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Murray Moncure and daughter, Marjorie, of Richmond, Va., were holiday guests of Mrs. Moncure's daughter, Mrs. A. H. Rich.

Lt. and Mrs. G. E. Grimes were hosts to a large number of their friends at an "at home" Christmas morning.

Lt. and Mrs. Geo. P. Johnson entertained the officers, their wives and guests at an "at home" Christmas morning.

Capt. and Mrs. C. B. Bubb have arrived on the post for duty and have been assigned to quarters No. 9.

Mrs. Oscar Hansen and daughter, Fredrika, spent the holidays in Chicago.

The field has suffered a great loss in the transfer of Capt. R. P. Cousins to Washington.

Lt. and Mrs. T. P. Smith spent the holidays at the home of Mrs. Smith's parents, Col. and Mrs. F. W. Glover, in Indianapolis, Ind.

Lt. Geo. P. Johnson has been assigned to duty as adjutant.

FORT MILLS

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS, November 15.

Governor General and Mrs. Leonard Wood on November 4 gave a reception and dance in honor of the sixth Philippine legislature. Those who went up on the special boat were General and Mrs. King, Col. and Mrs. S. D. Embick, the Misses Embick, Maj. and Mmes. J. M. Downs, M. G. Keeler, J. K. Hunter, Capt. and Mmes. H. L. Hogan, A. C. Chesteden, H. F. Grimm, E. B. Wharton, R. J. Van Buskirk, Lts. and Mmes. G. C. Bunting, A. F. Cameron, E. D. Thompson, A. P. Sullivan, R. H. Hutchins, N. D. Young and Capt. E. E. Murphy, F. H. Hastings.

Capt. and Mrs. J. E. Harrison went to Fort Wint Friday for outpost duty.

The officers and ladies of the 92d regiment honored their commanding officer, Lt. Col. Long and Mrs. Long at a farewell party Saturday. Mrs. Cowen and Mrs. Harrison sang a duet and Mrs. Shetton a solo. There were forty guests.

Mrs. L. Iverson was hostess at a bridge tea Tuesday for her sister, Miss True. There were ten tables in play.

Miss Ella Lee Wharton was the guest of Capt. and Mrs. T. L. Cleaver at Fort McKinley last week.

Lt. and Mrs. J. H. Featherston gave a bridge dinner Wednesday for Lt. Col. and Mrs. F. S. Long. There were fourteen guests.

Mrs. N. D. Young gave a bridge tea Wednesday for Mrs. F. S. Long. There were five tables in play. Mrs. Long presided at the tea table.

Capt. and Mrs. E. B. Wharton were hosts at a bridge dinner Tuesday. There were four tables in play.

Mrs. T. M. Canell gave a bridge tea Monday. There were three tables in play.

POSTS AND STATIONS

Capt. and Mrs. S. B. Wolfe gave a dinner at the Corregidor Club recently for thirty guests.

Mrs. C. Carter was hostess at a bridge tea in honor of Mrs. F. S. Long.

Capt. and Mrs. H. L. Hogan gave a bridge and mah jong dinner Saturday for Lt. Col. and Mrs. F. S. Long.

The largest bridge party of the week was given by Mrs. J. E. Harrison. There were fourteen tables in play. Mrs. V. P. Foster was hostess at a bridge tea Tuesday.

Capt. and Mrs. S. E. Wolfe entertained the 92d regiment at bridge club on Tuesday.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. F. S. Long and Maj. and Mrs. M. E. Slaney and daughter left Saturday for China.

Mrs. F. D. Jones was hostess at a nine-table bridge tea at the club on Wednesday.

Capt. and Mrs. E. B. Wharton, Mrs. C. L. Wharton were dinner guests of Capt. and Mrs. W. H. Houston on Sunday.

Lt. and Mrs. F. H. Koerble entertained at a pre-hop dinner Friday for fourteen guests.

Capt. and Mrs. R. M. Carwell entertained Mrs. D. M. Cole, Maj. and Mrs. J. L. Sinclair and Capt. and Mrs. R. J. Van Buskirk at dinner Tuesday.

The Sunday golf tea was unusually well attended. Tea was served on the club veranda, Mrs. J. H. Hunter and Mrs. W. McD. Chapin presiding.

Capt. and Mrs. W. McD. Chapin gave a pre-hop dinner party Friday for twenty-one guests.

Lt. and Mrs. H. L. Borden and daughter have returned from a two weeks' vacation spent at Camp John Hay.

Lieutenant and Mrs. Taylor entertained at dinner for Mrs. Dutton, Mrs. Wilkins of Manila and Lieutenant Walker.

Lt. and Mrs. O. O. Niergaith had as their guests at Kinley Field Captain and Mrs. DeFord and Lieutenant Lord of Manila.

Bobby Carswell recently celebrated his eighth birthday with a party for eighteen little friends.

PRESIDIO OF MONTEREY

CALIFORNIA, December 23.

Col. and Mrs. Francis Koester of the Presidio of San Francisco are here renewing old acquaintances among their friends of the Cavalry. They are house guests of Capt. and Mrs. William Siefert. Capt. and Mrs. Siefert entertained for them at a bridge-dinner Saturday. Their guests were Maj. and Mmes. James Labauch, Charles Hazeltine, Sloan Doak, Thomas D. Hurley, Capt. and Mmes. Rohland A. Isker, Francis W. Gustites, James Adamson, Lts. and Mmes. Holden Phillips, William Withers, George Stutzman, Harold O. Sand, Charles Stafford and Rex Van D. Corput.

A number of the officers of the post being granted leaves of absence were away during the holidays. Capt. and Mrs. John Oliver Hoskins will visit relatives in Los Angeles, as will also Capt. and Mrs. Herbert Worcester. Capt. and Mrs. Jesse Derrick left for their home in Pennsylvania, Saturday, for a two weeks' stay. Lts. Donald Galloway and Bryan Davis left several days ago for New York, via Panama, where they will remain for several months. Lt. and Mrs. Willard G. Wyman are in Virginia and Capt. and Mrs. Norman Waldron are visiting in Indiana. Capt. and Mrs. Rohland A. Isker will spend several days during the holiday with friends at Livermore, Calif.

A Christmas fete was held at the post assembly hall December 23, when over one hundred children of the post were visited by old Santa Claus. A program was arranged by Chaplain James Webb, assisted by Mmes. Rohland A. Isker, Francis Gustites, John O. Hoskins, Harry A. Pendleton and Mrs. William Siefert.

One of the most delightful parties of the season was the dinner-dance given at the Del Monte Lodge by Maj. and Mrs. James Labauch on December 7, in honor of Col. and Mrs. Gibson of Monterey and Maj. and Mrs. Sloan Doak. The other guests included: Col. Herbert J. Brees, Col. and Mrs. Gibson, Col. and Mrs. Howard C. Tatum, Maj. and Mmes. Sloan Doak, Charles Daly, Charles Hazeltine, Thomas D. Hurley, Thurston Bane, Capt. and Mmes. Raymond C. Gibbs, Norman E. Waldron, Francis Gustites, William Siefert, Jesse Derrick, James Adamson, John O. Hoskins, Rohland A. Isker; Lts. and Mmes. George Stutzman, John P. Eckert, William Withers, James H. Phillips, Charles Whitmore, Charles Stafford, Rex Corput; Lts. Martin Fennell, Charles Meahan, John Riepe, Clark Ruffner, Mrs. George Gillis and Miss Margaret Webb.

SCOTT FIELD

ILLINOIS, December 11.

Lt. and Mrs. Frank McKee are entertaining Mrs. McKee's sister, Mrs. H. Selhauser of Nebraska.

Col. and Mrs. J. A. Paegelow, Capt. and Mrs. I. B. Snell and Lt. and Mrs. E. J. Bowling were among those from the field to attend the annual horse show held in St. Louis the last week of November.

Lt. and Mrs. J. Bailey entertained Capt. and Mrs. H. C. Gray, Lt. and Mrs. K. Axtater, Lt. and Mrs. E. J. Bowling and Mr. and Mrs. F. Rubbach at a dinner-dance on November 28.

Mrs. Ivan B. Snell, wife of Capt. Snell, entertained a four-table bridge and tea party on December 11. The affair was in honor of Mrs. Snell's mother, Mrs. C. Chittick of Detroit, who is visiting here for a few weeks.

Maj. H. A. Strauss, Capt. L. F. Stone, Lt. D. B. Phillips and Lt. Wm. Byrd, of McCook Field; Lt. George McIntyre of Kelly Field and Maj. G. H. Brett of Washington, D. C., have been among the guests here the past week.

FORT MEADE

SOUTH DAKOTA, January 6.

Mrs. C. E. Hathaway, wife of Lt. Col. Hathaway, post commander, was the inspiration for several functions before she left, December 20, to spend Christmas at West Point with her son, Lohman Hathaway, who is a plebe at the Military Academy. While at West Point she will be the guest of her sister, Mrs. R. M. Danford.

Maj. and Mrs. Otto Wagner entertained at dinner December 13, in honor of Maj. and Mrs. W. E. Hall, and Maj. and Mrs. J. T. Sturgeon, who have recently arrived at Fort Meade. Their other guests were: Col. and Mrs. C. E. Hathaway, Maj. and Mrs. W. E. Hall, Maj. and Mrs. J. T. Sturgeon, Capt. and Mrs. Eustis L. Hubbard, Lt. and Mrs. H. D. Stetson, Messrs. and Mmes. Albert Anderson, M. Flavin, W. H. Johnson, Thom Johnson, Henry Atwater, and R. E. Sparks.

Mrs. I. T. Ward entertained in honor of Mrs. C. E. Hathaway, on December 15. A dinner complimenting Mrs. Hathaway was given by Maj. and Mrs. W. E. Hall in the evening.

Maj. and Mrs. Otto Wagner entertained the post bridge club on December 16.

A bridge party in honor of Mrs. C. E. Hathaway was given by Mrs. C. G. Wall on December 17. The players were Mmes. C. E. Hathaway, W. E. Hall, J. H. Sturgeon, K. E. Buffin, I. T. Ward, Earl Anderson, M. Flavin and Miss Genevieve Stone. Capt. and Mrs. C. D. Kilburn entertained at dinner in honor of Mrs. Hathaway on Wednesday. On December 18, Capt. and Mrs. K. E. Buffin were hosts at a bridge party given in honor of Mrs. Hathaway.

Mrs. E. L. Hubbard entertained for Mrs. C. E. Hathaway on December 19. Her guests were Mmes. C. E. Hathaway, W. E. Hall, J. H. Sturgeon, C. G. Wall, C. S. Kilburn, K. E. Buffin, H. D. Stetson, J. T. Ward, J. I. Gregg and Miss Genevieve Stone.

Col. C. E. Hathaway, Capt. and Mrs. E. H. Barnum, Lt. D. F. Stone and Miss Genevieve Stone were guests of Maj. and Mrs. Otto Wagner for Christmas dinner.

The first officers' hop was held in the headquarters building on December 30. This was so successful that an officers' club has since been formed, which expects to give at least one hop each month. Preceding the dance, Capt. and Mrs. Kilburn entertained at a Bohemian supper, in honor of Miss Dorothy Alexander of Bell Fourche, S. D. Their guests were Col. C. E. Hathaway, Maj. and Mrs. Otto Wagner, Capt. and Mrs. E. H. Barnum, Capt. and Mrs. C. G. Wall, Capt. and Mrs. K. E. Buffin, Lt. and Mrs. H. D. Stetson, Mr. and Mrs. C. Quarnberg, Mr. and Mrs. Clark, and Lt. Sills.

Lt. and Mrs. H. D. Stetson were hosts at a hop dinner Tuesday for Messrs and Mmes. Albert Anderson, Earl Anderson and R. E. Sparks.

Following the hop, Capt. and Mrs. Eustis L. Hubbard entertained the officers and ladies of the post and their guests at a delightful buffet supper.

Capt. and Mrs. K. E. Buffin entertained at a dinner on December 28. Those present were Maj. and Mrs. W. E. Hall, Capt. and Mrs. Eustis L. Hubbard, Capt. and Mrs. C. G. Wall and Lt. and Mrs. H. D. Stetson.

New Year's eve Capt. and Mrs. E. M. Barnum entertained at an informal watch party, having as their guests Col. C. E. Hathaway, Maj. and Mrs. Otto Wagner, Lt. and Mrs. C. H. Noble, Lt. and Mrs. J. T. Ward, Mr. and Mrs. Jarvis Davenport and Mr. Peterson of South Dakota, Lt. D. F. Stone, Miss Genevieve Stone and Lt. J. I. Gregg.

Lt. and Mrs. H. D. Stetson entertained at a radio watch party. Their guests included Maj. and Mrs. J. H. Sturgeon, Capt. and Mrs. C. S. Kilburn, Capt. and Mrs. G. C. Wall and Capt. and Mrs. K. E. Buffin.

New Year's morning, following the old custom, the officers of Fort Meade, assembled at headquarters and rode to Colonel Hathaway's quarters to extend him best wishes for the coming year. New Year's night Colonel Hathaway was host to the officers and ladies of the post at a reception and dance.

Lt. and Mrs. C. H. Noble were hosts at dinner on January 2, having as their guests Col. C. E. Hathaway, Capt. and Mrs. E. M. Barnum, Lt. and Mrs. J. T. Ward and Mrs. J. I. Gregg.

FORT HUMPHREYS

VIRGINIA, December 28.

Mrs. Kenneth Moore entertained at a bridge-supper on December 27, in honor of Lt. Moore's mother, who was their house guest during the holidays. The other guests included Col. Cheney and Miss Cheney, Capt. and Mrs. Heavey, Lt. and Mrs. Newman, Lt. and Mrs. Lovett and Lt. and Mrs. Arrowsmith.

Mrs. Z. A. Williams entertained at five tables of bridge Monday in honor of Mrs. M. G. Walsh and her son, Lt. Orville E. Walsh of West Point, who were their house guests. Another delightful affair given in honor of Lt. and Mrs. Walsh was the bridge party Tuesday by Capt. and Mrs. Shaw.

Mrs. Young entertained at a three-table bridge party on Friday afternoon.

Capt. and Mrs. Andrews entertained with three tables of bridge on Tuesday.

Lt. and Mrs. Newman entertained at a bridge-supper Monday. Covers were laid for twelve guests.

Col. Cheney and Miss Cheney were "at home" on New Year's afternoon to the officers and ladies of the post.

Capt. and Mrs. Gano spent the holidays at their homes in Fort Thomas, Ky., and in Cincinnati.

Lt. and Mrs. Lovett had as their guests, during the holidays, Mr. and Mrs. Edgar A. Davidson of Philadelphia.

Lt. and Mrs. Green spent Christmas with Mrs. Green's parents in Cincinnati.

Lt. and Mrs. K. S. Anderson are in Ithica, N. Y.

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NEW JERSEY, December 22.

Mrs. F. D. Applin entertained at five tables of bridge December 12, in honor of her house guest, Mrs. Foss of Portland, Ore.

An enjoyable progressive dinner and bridge party was given Saturday. The participants included Maj. and Mrs. Applin, Capt. and Mrs. Allen, Capt. and Mrs. Cleveland, Mrs. Foss, Capt. and Mrs. Glessner, Lt. and Mrs. Parrott and Lt. Wood.

Mrs. J. A. Ballard entertained twelve guests at luncheon Tuesday, in compliment to Mrs. E. A. Allen.

Mrs. Mickelson and Mrs. Rowe were joint hostesses for the Ladies Afternoon Bridge Club on Tuesday.

Capt. R. C. Van Vleet, jr., of Fort Howard, Md., has been the guest of his parents, Gen. and Mrs. Van Vleet.

The members of the Little Silver Bridge Club were entertained by Captain and Mrs. Kirke B. Lawton Monday.

Gen. and Mrs. Van Vleet entertained at dinner Thursday, in honor of Capt. and Mrs. E. A. Allen, who are soon leaving for their new station in Baltimore.

Dr. and Mrs. McClenahan of Washington, D. C., were recently the guests of Capt. and Mrs. E. L. Cleveland.

Mrs. J. N. Parrott was hostess at a bridge-ten Friday, complimenting Mrs. E. A. Allen.

Capt. and Mrs. Hall T. Glessner entertained a large number of friends at a pre-hop supper Friday, in honor of their house guest, Miss Glessner of Philadelphia.

Mrs. A. H. Johnson and daughter, Marjorie, are visiting relatives in Baltimore.

Maj. and Mrs. Applin entertained about one hundred guests at tea Sunday, in honor of Mrs. James M. Kennedy of San Francisco, who is the guest of her son-in-law and daughter, Lt. and Mrs. W. B. Keane.

WASHINGTON BARRACKS

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, December 6.

Gen. and Mrs. Albert C. Dalton entertained twenty-four guests at their table at the dinner-dance at the club on December 5. Col. and Mrs. Hugh A. Drum had eighteen guests with them. Col. Otto B. Rosenbaum and Mrs. Rosenbaum entertained twenty friends at their table, and Maj. and Mrs. Frederick H. Smith were hosts for fourteen guests. Others having guests for the dinner-dance at their tables were: Col. and Mrs. Kenneth S. Perkins, Col. and Mrs. Q. L. Hunt, Maj. and Mrs. Mark Brooke.

Col. and Mrs. Henry Gibbons paid a short visit to relatives at Baltimore during this week. Mrs. W. Preston Wooten entertained at a luncheon for twelve ladies today.

Col. and Mrs. Samuel R. Gleaves entertained at dinner at the club for Mr. C. Bascomb Slemph, the Assistant Commandant of the Army War College and Mrs. Herbert B. Crosby, Mrs. Newman, Col. George P. Tyner, and Maj. and Mrs. John B. Coulter.

The Engineer Branch of the Army Relief Society held their annual dance in the club of the Army War College. Gen. and Mrs. Harry Taylor headed the receiving lines. Receiving with Gen. and Mrs. Taylor were Gen. and Mrs. Edgar Jadin; Mrs. Frederick Dent Grant and Mrs. Henry C. Jewett. Col. and Mrs. W. Preston Wooten entertained at dinner just prior to the dance.

Col. and Mrs. Warren T. Hannum were dinner hosts for Mrs. O. B. Thuma, of Cincinnati, their house guests, Col. and Mrs. Perry Mills, Maj. and Mmes. DeWitt Jones, G. H. Boyer, L. H. Frazier, and Victor Foster.

Maj. and Mrs. Alfred Ganahl's guests recently were Maj. and Mmes. Frances Wilby, Lewis Watkins, D. L. Weart, J. A. O'Connor, D. G. Moore, P. B. Fleming, Capt. and Mrs. W. A. Snow, Jr., and Lt. Roy M. McCutchen.

Mrs. W. Preston Wooten entertained at a dinner party at her home for Brig. Gen. Dumont of the French Embassy, Mr. and Mrs. Lester Wilson, Maj. and Mrs. Mark Brooke, Col. and Mmes. Frank E. Hopkins, John R. Thomas, Mrs. Q. T. Mann, and Capt. Carl J. Rosenberger, Mrs. Wooten later took her guests to the Army Relief ball.

Maj. and Mrs. J. C. H. Lee had a company of ten guests for dinner, later taking the party to the dance at the club.

NORFOLK NAVY YARD

VIRGINIA, December 23.

Lt. and Mrs. W. F. Murdy entertained Thursday at the Officers' Golf Club at a dinner for Capt. and Mrs. A. D. Alfred, Lts. and Mmes. F. H. Townner, C. L. B. Anders, Miss Helen Townner and Lt. L. H. Denny.

Miss Eleanor Traut gave a card party at her home, Naval Base, yesterday for Mmes. M. E. Higgins, G. M. Sneed, R. W. Luce, R. P. P. MacLewski, T. S. McCloy, H. Le Bourgeois, D. de Treville, L. H. Williams, J. D. O'Leary, Misses Anne Jordan, Katherine Ziegemeier of Cincinnati; Lea Smith, Grace Arms, Dorothy Reed and Ruth Yarnell.

Another of the delightful dances being given this winter at Hotel Heart O'Ghent was given Thursday in the Assembly Hall. Among the guests were Lt. and Mrs. M. L. Walker, Mrs. Frank Applegate, Capt. and Mrs. Michael, Capt. Parker Kemble, Misses Katherine Frazier, Katherine and Wilhemmina Huska of Fayetteville, N.

C.; Lts. Alexis, George Wetzel, H. C. Fisher, O. H. Wright, A. L. Walters, R. M. Johnston; Lt. Comdr. Carter Crafford and P. C. Clark, Comdr. O'Leary and Ens. Huckens, Harris, Collin, Gallagher and L. F. Crocker.

Among the many dancers at the Country Club Saturday were Lt. and Mrs. Philip Haynes, Lts. and Mmes. S. LaHache, and Samuel P. Glinder, Ens. and Mrs. Malcolm Gossett and Ens. Robert Morris.

Comdr. and Mrs. Joseph K. Tausig and family arrived today to be guests of Mrs. Tausig's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Johnston of Pembroke avenue.

Lt. Allen B. Cook arrived Sunday from New York to be the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Cook of Hompton Court.

Capt. and Mrs. H. E. Yarnell, accompanied by their daughter, Miss Ruth Yarnell, have arrived from Washington where they went to meet her, Miss Yarnell is a student at Vassar.

Mrs. Tench Tillman, who has been the guest of Comdr. and Mrs. Guy E. Baker, spent Christmas with Mr. and Mrs. James I. Jenkins of North Shore Point.

Rear Adm. and Mrs. Guy H. Burrage spent the holidays with their son-in-law and daughter Mr. and Mrs. Barton Myers, jr., at their home in Ingleside.

Miss Grace Arms who is attending St. Mary's school, Peekskill, N. Y., spent Christmas with her parents, Capt. and Mrs. Frank T. Arms of the Naval Base.

Miss Dorothy Reed, who is attending Wellesley spent the holidays with her parents, Comdr. and Mrs. P. L. Reed, at the Naval Base.

Mrs. T. W. Kinkaid of Washington is the guest of her son-in-law and daughter, Comdr. and Mrs. Robert Heiner, at the Naval hospital.

Mrs. Augustus Norton last week gave a bridge party for Mr. and Mrs. N. W. Teitjen of Plainfield, N. J.; Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Tyler, Mr. and Mrs. Everett Ellis, and Capt. Philip Tallafiero, U.S.A., and Mrs. Tallafiero.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Wells and Mr. Otto Wells entertained last Tuesday evening at dance at the Country Club for Miss Margaret Godwin, one of the season's debutantes. They were assisted in receiving by Adm. and Mrs. H. J. Ziegemeier, and Mrs. Monroe Kelly.

Mrs. John H. Dayton who arrived from Panama spent the holidays with her sister, Mrs. Charles Parrish and Miss Esther Reed, Middle street, Portsmouth.

THE CAVALRY SCHOOL

FORT RILEY, KANSAS, December 6.

Col. and Mrs. Murray entertained at dinner before the hop Saturday, their guests were Gen. and Mrs. King, Col. and Mrs. Williams and Col. and Mrs. Whitside.

Col. and Mrs. Enos also entertained at dinner before the hop. Their guests were Col. and Mrs. Bugbee, Maj. and Mrs. J. B. Thompson, Maj. and Mrs. Richard, Maj. and Mrs. Conard and Maj. and Mrs. Herr.

Col. and Mrs. McCaskey entertained at dinner and mah jong Friday, in honor of Mrs. Grimes. The other guests were Col. and Mrs. Lippincott, Maj. and Mrs. Keyes and Lt. Elchelsdoerfer.

Mrs. Oliver entertained at dinner on Thursday. Her guests were Maj. and Mrs. J. B. Thompson, Maj. and Mrs. Milliken, Capt. and Mrs. Holt and Maj. Thomas.

Mrs. Oliver and Maj. Thomas were dinner guests Sunday of Capt. and Mrs. Holt.

Miss Elaine Whitside and Mr. Berman were dinner guests Saturday of Capt. and Mrs. Waters. Maj. and Mrs. Robert Foster entertained before the hop Saturday at a supper party, in honor of Maj. and Mrs. Ralph Talbot of Fort Leavenworth. Their other guests were Col. and Mrs. Parker, Maj. and Mrs. T. K. Brown, Maj. and Mrs. Gruber, Maj. and Mrs. Hoge, Maj. and Mrs. Nalle, Capt. and Mrs. Cheves, Capt. and Mrs. Newell, Capt. and Mrs. Ramsey and Col. G. H. Baird of Fort Leavenworth.

Maj. and Mrs. J. B. Thompson were dinner guests of Capt. and Mrs. C. C. Smith Wednesday.

Mrs. King recently entertained at a luncheon in honor of Mrs. Grimes. Her other guests were Mrs. Williams, Mrs. Oliver, Mrs. Whitside, Mrs. McCaskey, Mrs. Lippincott and Mrs. C. C. Smith.

Mrs. Cheney also entertained at a luncheon on Friday, in honor of Mrs. Barry of Fort Leavenworth. Her guests were Mrs. J. B. Thompson, Mrs. J. K. Brown, Mrs. Keyes, Mrs. C. Foster, Mrs. Cox, Mrs. Strong, Mrs. Riggs, Mrs. Young and Mrs. T. K. Brown.

Maj. and Mrs. J. K. Brown entertained at a luncheon Saturday, in honor of Maj. and Mrs. Barry. Their other guests were Gen. and Mrs. King, Col. and Mrs. Williams, Col. and Mrs. McCaskey, Col. and Mrs. Cox, Maj. and Mrs. J. B. Thompson, Maj. and Mrs. Richmond, Maj. and Mrs. Strong and Maj. and Mrs. Herr.

Maj. and Mrs. J. B. Thompson and Capt. and Mrs. Duke entertained at a tea Sunday in honor of the National Guard and Reserve Officers. Mrs. King and Mrs. Oliver poured tea, and were assisted by Miss Carmen O'Neill, the Misses Helen and Fanny Herr and the Misses Lillian and Elaine Whitside.

Mrs. Trigg and Mrs. Berry gave a bridge and mah jong party. Their guests were: Mmes. King, Williams, Milliken, Keyes, Ralph Parker, Tillson, Burr, Hillman, Edwards, J. K. Brown, T. K. Brown, Simpson, Richmond, J. B. Thompson, Strong, Hoge, Hartwell, Foster, Richard, Saportas, Nalle, Heard, Mallan, Herr, Creed, Roscoe Parker, Grew, Gerhardt, Grenther, Moore, Winchester, Duke, Maddocks, Mrs. Carpenter, Mrs. Gav, Mrs. Burck, Mrs. Earnest, Miss Harper, Miss Reardon, Biddle, Riggs, Enos, Bonsteel, Hamilton, Raynor, Chester Davis, Gav. Ward and the Misses Helen and Fanny Herr and O'Neill.

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